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VOLUME LX.—NO. 235. FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1901—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE "SMARTEST" WOMAN IN ENGLAND.

Miss Fanny Ward, who left the stage a year ago to marry Joe Lewis, the south African millionaire, has been voted the "smartest" woman in England. This honor is here through a competition started by an English paper, which submitted to its readers the knotty problem, "Who is the smartest lady of the season?" and asked them to vote on the question. Fanny Ward, whose admirable acting in "A Night Out," "Lord and Lady Algy," and other plays, made her a stage favorite, received 29,721 votes, or 3,681 more than Mrs. Lake, who was second, and 5,000 more than Mrs. Langtry, who stood third in the competition.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— FRIDAY, AUG. 23, 1901.

Generally fair Friday and probably Saturday; slight change in temperature.

Sun rises 5:15, sets 6:50. Moon sets 11:59.

FOREIGN:—

France expects the Sultan to yield to its demands. Warships will seize a Turkish port only when other resources are exhausted. Three battleships and a cruiser being placed in readiness for service. Constans may return to Paris.

Richard Croker disturbed in England by reporters seeking to get him to talk about the New York police scandal. Tammany leader irritated by revelations.

Colombian insurgents who came from Ecuador reported to have won a great battle over government troops at Pasto.

Transvaal Council and Legislature practically wiped out by the war, the members being either dead or prisoners.

Federal Court of Honolulu declared Chinese born in Hawaiian Islands citizens of the United States.

Force of 800 Venezuelans sent from Maracaibo and Coro to support General Uribe.

Austro-Hungarian Bank to replace its paper circulation with gold.

LOCAL:—

Conspiracy to murder Bishop Kozlowski, head of the Independent Catholic Church, charged by a witness in the case against Dr. Slominski and four others. Result of a church feud.

Two cases discovered in which Superintendent Hoover of the Home Finders' association promised collectors 75 per cent of the funds secured for charitable work.

Schemes of the Elite matrimonial bureau unmasked by a young woman who secured employment with the concern for that purpose. Postal officials to prosecute.

Thousands of pupils of the four lower grades will be without books when schools open because of failure of board to provide them.

Detectives of Colleron's department charged with nullifying the efforts of the Chief of Police to close gambling places.

Sixteen-year-old messenger boy of Benjamin Allen & Co. embezzled $1,500 of the firm's money and lost it betting on the races.

Mrs. Marguerite Penbruin killed by lightning while hanging clothes in the attic of her home, 900 North Fortieth avenue.

Board of Review reduced the assessment on fifty-four corporations, individuals, and estates to the extent of $3,700,000.

Two birds held captive at Lincoln Park in violation of the State game laws ordered set free by State Inspector.

Investigation by State's Attorney shows Dr. Smyser did not sign forged dental license issued to O. C. Igney.

Dance and reception given at First Regiment Armory for delegates to the Colored Business-Men's league.

Masked man entered house of Mrs. Charles C. Blair, 3 South Hoyne avenue, and robbed her of $16.

Fred Hane saved from death at a fire by his dog.

LABOR:—

Supreme effort will be made at South Chicago Sunday to have the men declare for a strike. Joliet men ready to return to work if local mill continues in operation.

All but one member of the Board of Labor Statistics resigned, at the Governor's request. New appointments made.

Leaders in steel strike began discussion of arbitration to settle the trouble. Governor Stone suggested as an arbitrator.

Plans for formation of Labor day parade completed. William A. Campbell to be grand marshal.

WASHINGTON:—

Germany's new tariff reveals desperate means planned by the Emperor to kill trade with the United States. Big increases made in duties on cereals and other food products.

Dispatch containing news that the Spanish fleet was at Santiago not suppressed but held in secret files of Navy department.

Quota of teachers for service in the Philippines completed, but the applications for the places continue.

Admiral Schley's son officially denied interview in which he was reported to have scored Sampson.

Census bulletin shows that New Hampshire has more women than men.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Pennsylvania and Missouri Pacific railroads may absorb the Wabash system and divide the line, each to operate one-half. Definite action awaits President Cassatt's return from Europe.

PAGES.

1 France Expects Sultan to Yield.
Woman Robbed in Her Residence.
Charge Plot to Kill a Bishop.
Orders Birds Freed in Park.
Synopsis of German Tariff.

2 General News of New York.
Plans for Labor Day Parade.
Strikers Ready to Arbitrate.
Final Effort for Steel Strike.

3 Polley Thrives in Chicago.
Lightning Stuns Five Doctors.
Exposes Matrimonial Agency.
Death Follows Overstudy.
Propose Dividing Wabash Railroad.
Sheriff's Posse Fights Mob.
Captain Stephen A. Jackson Dead.
Defends Fame of Supreme Court.

4 Amateur Golf Tourney Begins.
Flaccus Wins Emerald Stakes.
Severe Penalty for Shugart.
White Sox Beat Baltimores 6 to 5.
First Trial of Shamrock II.

5 Colombians Again Defeated.
Croker's Plan a Secret.
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6 Editorial Comment.

7 Club Women Meet with Domestics.
Fontenoy Letter.
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Short Story of the Day.

8 In the Commercial Markets.

9 Financial News of the World.
Record of the Courts.
In the Insurance World.
Railroad News.

12 Hoover's Liberal Offer to Solicitors.
Explain Cause of Dear Foods.
Big Cut in Tax Lists.

DOMESTIC:—

Mob at Ashville, Ala., attempted to lynch a negro just sentenced to hang. The Sheriff's posse resisted and held the courthouse in a battle in which one of the mob was killed and several wounded.

Congressman Littlefield in speech at American Bar association meeting denounced decision in insular cases and was scored by Adolph Moses of Chicago.

Shortage of $100,000 in the Mississippi State Treasury made good in a mysterious way that is causing a sensation in the State.

Lightning struck hospital at Elgin and shocked five doctors and nurse engaged in performing an operation on patient.

John J. Gilliland, former member of the Nebraska Legislature, killed by footpads at Lincoln, Neb.

Gustave Whitehead of Bridgeport, Conn., to attempt trip to New York in flying machine.

NEW YORK:—

Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones gave a ball at Newport, which is said to have eclipsed all former entertainments of the kind there.

Benjamin Benjamin, an aeronaut, fell from a balloon into the Hackenmack swamp. The fall did little injury.

College of Heraldry in America incorporated at Albany to make genealogical researches.

Transport Ingalls sailed for Manila with more teachers.

SPORTING:—

Fred Hamlin and Walter Egan tied with lowest score in qualifying round of Western Amateur Golf club championship. Hamlin wins on the playoff.

National league: Cincinnati, 6; Chicago, 3. Boston, 5; Philadelphia, 4. Pittsburg, 4; St. Louis, 3. Brooklyn, 7; New York, 1.

American league: Chicago, 6; Baltimore, 5. Boston, 4; Cleveland, 3. Philadelphia, 1; Detroit, 0. Washington, 4; Milwaukee, 3.

Shamrock II. given its first trial in New York waters with Designer Watson and Sir Thomas Lipton on board.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BREMEN	K. M. Theresa	
GLASGOW		Peruvian.
HAMBURG	Pennsylvania	
LIVERPOOL	Celtic	Vancouver.
LIVERPOOL	Majestic	
LIVERPOOL	Nomadic	
LONDON	Marquette	
LIZARD	La Bretagne	
NAPLES	Werra	
NEW YORK	Sardinian	F. der Grosse.
NEW YORK	Patricia	Columbia.
NEW YORK		La Gascogne.
QUEENSTOWN	Belgenland	Germanic.
QUEENSTOWN		Westernland.
PLYMOUTH	Aug. Victoria	
ROTTERDAM		Amsterdam.
YOKOHAMA		Emp. of China.

FRANCE EXPECTS SULTAN TO YIELD

Warships Will Seize Turkish Port Only When Other Resources Are Exhausted.

WILL BE NO TEMPORIZING

Three Battleships and a Cruiser at Toulon Taking on Stores for Active Duty.

BREAK NOT YET COMPLETE.

Government Sends M. Constans Permission to Return to Paris if He Thinks Step Necessary.

LOUBET TO MEET CABINET TODAY.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]
[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 22.—There is every reason to expect the claims which the French government has been pressing upon Turkey will be settled agreeably to French wishes without having recourse to a naval demonstration or the seizure of the customs dues at one or more Turkish ports.

Such is the view expressed at the Quai d'Orsay, where there is no question whatever of a naval demonstration nor the occupation of Smyrna or Beyrout, as announced by the Gaulois and other Paris papers.

Neither is it true that M. Constans, the French Ambassador at Constantinople, has broken off diplomatic negotiations with the Porte.

May Mean Final Rupture.

Constans has merely suspended all personal intercourse with the Sultan and with the Porte, but he has today received full authority from the French government to break off all relations with Turkey and to quit Constantinople whenever in his judgment he deems such a step expedient.

The French government is thoroughly in earnest and is fully aware that at the present moment no foreign power would raise any objections to a French fleet resorting to the most drastic measures.

According to information that has reached Paris the real reason for the Sultan's changing his mind and declining to fulfill his promise was due to his hopes that the obstreperous clamor of the Nationalist party in France would induce M. Delcasse, Minister of Foreign Affairs, to disavow M. Constans.

The Sultan's great objection to the French concession is that if the Constantinople quays were under the control of a French or foreign company there would be disquieting facilities for the landing of conspirators and their baggage, but M. Constans gave the Sultan the option of buying back the dangerous quays by paying 41,000,000 francs for them within six months and provided the Porte with a scheme for raising the cash.

Sultan Fears Young Turks.

An important factor of the situation is that the Sultan is known to be in great fear of the young Turk party, whose headquarters is in France and who have for years been conspiring to get rid of Abdul Hamid. In fact, the sole duty of Munir Bey, Turkish Ambassador in Paris for the last four years, has been to watch the young Turks and to send confidential reports to Yildiz Kiosk about their doings. Munir Bey just now is absent from France, but in case M. Constans should decide to exert his authority to break off diplomatic relations with Turkey one of the first steps of the French government would be to notify Munir Bey that he could not reenter France. Thereby the Sultan would be kept in ignorance of the machinations with the young Turk conspirators, and it is thought that this would have upon the timorous but crafty character of Abdul Hamid greater effect than even a naval demonstration.

Holds Several Trump Cards.

At all events, the French government has several other trump cards up its sleeve before resorting to naval demonstrations or acts of hostility, such as the seizure of customs dues or bombardments.

Neither in diplomatic nor financial circles here is the slightest apprehension felt of the necessity of resorting to warlike measures, and it is regarded as certain by those who are in the best position to judge the situation that the Sultan will come to terms at the last moment, just as was the case with the United States in the matter of the pecuniary claims of Americans. C. I. B.

Officials More Reticent.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

PARIS, Aug. 22.—The Foreign office officials are more reticent over the Turkish imbroglio. They refuse to confirm or deny the truth of the news contained in special dispatches saying that three battleships and a cruiser which arrived at Toulon this morning are taking coal and provisions on board. They say they had no information on the subject.

M. Deschanel, President of the Chamber of Deputies, who was attending the Council General at Chartres, suddenly went to Rambouillet this morning to see President Loubet. M. Delcasse, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, leaves the Council General at Ariege and returns to Paris tomorrow to attend a special meeting of the Cabinet, called, it is asserted, to arrange the program for the reception and entertainment of the Czar.

The Sultan's hand contains one trump just now. It is not likely that France will run the risk of opening the Eastern question on the eve of the Czar's visit.

The newspapers here, under the influence of the overwhelming joy at the Czar's approaching visit, are paying scant attention to Constantinople and generally are taking the view that the matter will soon be settled to France's satisfaction.

The Temps says there is no question at present of a naval demonstration, and hints that if it becomes necessary France may imitate the example of Austria, which once, under similar circumstances, seized the custom-houses of certain Ottoman ports.

The article in the Temps concludes:

"The rupture as yet is only the personal act of M. Constans, and will only become official and complete if the Sultan persists in his present attitude, in which case, as Munir Bey is absent from France, it will only be necessary to notify him not to return until diplomatic relations are resumed."

ROBS WOMAN IN HER HOUSE

MASKED MAN VIOLENTLY TAKES MRS. C. C. BLAIR'S MONEY.

Enters Residence at 35 South Hoyne Avenue in the Evening and Finds His Victim Alone—Tears Open Bosom of Her Dress and Removes Her Pocketbook Containing $16—Then He Runs Away—Neighbors Notified and Police Get to Work on the Case.

A lone masked robber entered the home of Charles C. Blair, 35 South Hoyne avenue, at 8 o'clock last evening, and, finding Mrs. Blair in the lower part of the house alone, attacked her and after tearing open the bosom of her dress secured her pocketbook containing $16 and escaped without pursuit. The robbery was investigated by Patrolman Trainor of the Warren Avenue Station and a detail of men was ordered to search for the intruder.

Mrs. Blair's experience prostrated her. She had feared a visit from robbers and when she found herself the victim of one she had no more strength than was necessary to inform the family of William Clarke, the next door neighbor, who notified the police.

The house in which the Blair family resides is a two-story and basement brick and the dining-room and kitchen are located on the first floor above the basement. When the robber entered the house the two basement doors were unlocked.

Face Covered with a Mask.

The first that Mrs. Blair saw of the intruder was when he entered the kitchen from the basement stairway. She was alone there, and the fact that a stranger had entered the house startled her. She ran toward the dining-room, pursued by the man. When she had entered the room he ordered her to halt. It was almost dark, as the gas had not been lighted. As Mrs. Blair turned about facing the man she saw his face was covered with a mask, and guessed the nature of the visit.

Without drawing a revolver, the man seized her by the throat with his left hand and with his right tore open the bosom of her dress and extracted her pocketbook. Then, ordering her to make no outcry, the man descended the basement stairway and disappeared through the back yard and the alley.

Prostrated by the Attack.

After the intruder made his exit from the dining-room Mrs. Blair sank into a chair and was unable to move or speak for several minutes. She was alone in the house, with the exception of Miss Georgia Lewis, who occupied one of the rooms on the third floor. When Mrs. Blair recovered from her terror she called Miss Lewis, and they notified the neighbor, William Clark, who telephoned the police.

On leaving the house the man locked both basement doors so that pursuit would have been interrupted if it had been attempted in that direction. The man evidently knew the premises well, for the method of exit from the rear yard to the alley is a private one and little used. He made no attempt to search for jewelry or to enter any of the other rooms of the house.

In their search of the alley through which the man made his escape the police found a piece of black muslin about eight inches square, with two circular holes near the edge. It is supposed to be the mask worn by the intruder.

WOULD BE MARRIED BY EPISCOPAL CLERGYMAN.

Plucky Couple Makes Long and Determined Search Before Finding a Minister of the Right Denomination.

Nobody but an Episcopal minister would meet the requirements of a young man and woman who visited the Auditorium Annex yesterday and inquired for the Rev. E. M. Stires, rector of Grace Episcopal Church. The youthful couple was of one mind on the question of matrimony as well as the matter of a minister to perform the marriage ceremony, but the Rev. Mr. Stires was not to be found. Clerk Cappen explained that the rector was away from the city.

"I have been to five or six Episcopal churches on the South Side looking for a minister," the young man explained to the clerk, "but nearly all are on their vacations. We must have an Episcopal minister to marry us."

Clerk Cappen showed that his heart was beating sympathetically by sending a bellboy to the apartment of the Rev. J. H. McKenzie of Lima, Ind., who is in the city on business, but the reverend gentleman declined to perform the ceremony, because it was out of his diocese.

Thereupon the young man hired a cab, and, with the girl of his choice, started out in the rain to find an Episcopal minister on the North Side. They found the Rev. Edward A. Larrabee of the Church of the Ascension at home, and the knot was tied. Mr. Larrabee refused last night to divulge the names of the bride and groom.

"I have too much admiration for the pluck of the couple to tell their names," said the rector.

BULLET PARALYZES MAN AFTER QUARTER CENTURY.

Wound Inflicted by Maniac Twenty-five Years Ago Unexpectedly Makes a Paralytic of Desire Reuse.

Shot in the back by a maniac twenty-five years ago, Desire Reuse, 83 Walton place, lies in the Presbyterian Hospital, a paralytic, awaiting the decision of the surgeons who are trying to locate the bullet. Whether the removal of the leaden missile will benefit him is a matter of doubt at present in the minds of physicians who are interested in his case.

Reuse is 56 years old and a bookkeeper. He was stricken with paralysis on Aug. 12 while going to his work, and upon being taken to the hospital was examined by Dr. Fred D. Hollenbeck and Dr. E. J. Senn. Reuse recounted to the doctors the history of his injury, with the result that they have taken a deep concern in his case.

Twenty-five years ago Reuse was Mayor of the City of Marshall, Mich. One day a maniac started out to burn up the town, and set fire to a number of houses. Among them was the Reuse residence. From a place of hiding the crazy incendiary saw Reuse trying to extinguish the blaze, and shot him in the back with a revolver.

LEVEE ITS OLD SELF AGAIN.

Music and Women Make the Night Noisy—Slot Machines on Many Bars.

In defiance of Chief O'Neill's order to move south, the questionable resorts along State and Clark streets did a rushing business last night. Many women were on the street. Music was heard on all sides. In a room in the rear of "The Social" were forty-three women. Though slot machines are under the ban, they were to be found in many saloons.

CHARGES PLOT TO MURDER A BISHOP

Conspiracy Said to Be Aimed at Anthony Kozlowski, Head of Independent Catholic Church.

FEUD IN A POLISH SECT.

Boleslaus Lewandowski Declares Under Oath He Was Offered Money to Kill the Prelate.

DENIAL BY ONE ACCUSED.

Conspiracy to murder Bishop Anthony Kozlowski of the Independent Polish Catholic Church was charged under oath in Justice Martin's court yesterday. Boleslaus Lewandowski, a witness in the conspiracy case against Dr. Wadislaus Slominski; Bronislaus Wodzinski, A. H. Podgorski, Joseph Olszewski, and Teofil Sajewicz made the accusation.

For a life job at $12 a week, $50 in cash before the murder was committed, $350 after the Bishop was dead, and a blue uniform covered with brass buttons, the witness claimed he was asked to make way with the head of the church.

It was charged that Dr. Slominski and the other defendants in the conspiracy case were the parties who made the offer. Lewandowski testified that he was told how to kill the Bishop, and recited all the details of the alleged plot.

Brought Out by Church Feud.

The sensational statements were made in the trial which grew out of the efforts to indict Bishop Kozlowski on a charge of murder about a year ago. It was another chapter in the bitter feud which has divided the Independent Catholic Church.

The testimony was brought out in an effort by the accused to sustain their charge of conspiracy against Bishop Kozlowski. To the surprise of those in the courtroom the witness was not closely cross-examined, and the defense will ask that he be recalled on Monday, when the hearing is resumed.

Witness Details His Charges.

"Last winter while I was employed at St. Anthony's Hospital, Frankfort and North Robey streets, as a night watchman," testified Lewandowski, "Dr. Slominski sent for me to come to his drug store, 913 North Robey street. In the presence of Podgorski, who formerly was a priest under Bishop Kozlowski; Wodzinski, who claims to be a doctor; and these other men, Dr. Slominski asked me if I got my money back on my notes from the Bishop. These men told me to bring my notes to them and that I should either have Bishop Kozlowski locked up or kill him.

"They told me that if I would do what they wanted me to do they would buy me horses, a uniform with golden buttons and a red cross on the breast, and for the rest of my life make me driver of the ambulance at the hospital.

"They said that if they got hold of the notes they would own the hospital," he continued. "They told me that if I killed the Bishop I would have a life job at $12 a week, with all my board and washing, and a sleeping-room free, and that I would always have plenty of money."

Explains Alleged Plan of Murder.

"Was there anything said as to how the killing was to be done?" asked the attorney for the prosecution.

"Yes," was the answer. "It was in the winter time and our hospital was not completed yet. The entrance was on a board scaffolding. These men told me that as night watchman I could easily hurl the Bishop from the scaffolding some night or knock him off on the stones in the basement. Then I could go call a policeman and say Bishop Kozlowski had fallen down and killed himself.

"Another time they were all together and Dr. Slominski placed $50 on a bar and said that I could take it. He said that I would get $350 more when I killed Bishop Kozlowski, and that the promise to give me a job and the other money would be kept."

On cross-examination it developed that the witness had once been arrested for calling Dr. Slominski names.

Says He Heard Plot Discussed.

Alexander S. Lescszynski testified that he was in Dr. Slominski's drug store one day and heard its proprietor and the other defendants talk of bribery of Bishop Kozlowski.

Dr. Slominski, after an adjournment of the case, said: "You have heard only one side of the case. The charge is false."

AERONAUT, UNHURT BY FALL, NEARLY KILLED BY INSECTS.

New York Balloonist Drops in Swamp, Sinking to Neck, and When Rescued Is Almost Drowned and Eaten Up.

New York, Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Benjamin Benjamin of 161 West Ninety-eighth street, who has been making balloon ascensions at the Plattdeutscher fest in Union Hill, N. J., fell a great distance today and dropped into the Hackensack meadows, not far from the river of that name. When found he was submerged in mud and water up to his neck, and a black cloud of mosquitoes that he had disturbed from their home in the marsh had bitten his face so it was swollen until almost unrecognizable.

As to how far Benjamin fell there are various opinions. Some of the spectators say 1,700 feet.

Persons in the vicinity of the aeronaut's final halt could not find him at first on account of the high grass. He was located at last by Harry Ross, who went up to the river in a boat to his rescue, and reached the spot just in time.

FLAGLER WEDDING TOMORROW.

Standard Oil Man's Marriage to Miss Lily Kenan of Wilmington, N. C., to Be Elaborate Affair.

Wilmington, N. C., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—The wedding of Henry M. Flagler and Miss Lily Kenan of Wilmington, N. C., Saturday will be an elaborate affair, though only the members of the Kenan family and a small circle of intimate friends will be allowed to view its grandeur. It is reported that the present of the bridegroom to the bride will be $1,000,000, and that two other members of the family will be given $50,000 each.

TO FREE BIRDS IN PARK.

LINCOLN COMMISSIONERS WARNED TO OBEY LAW.

Inspector Stotford Declares State Statutes Must Be Observed and Ten Feathered Prisoners Must Be Released from Their Cages—Question Referred to Board's Lawyer—Why the Order Is Issued—Jump in Lake to Avoid Arrest for Net Fishing.

All the birds held captive at Lincoln Park in violation of the State game laws must be set free. Game Inspector F. E. Stotford has so notified the Park board, which is expected to bow to the mandate without a struggle. The inspector did more yesterday, he raided the fishermen at Twelfth street and captured nine after five had jumped into the lake to escape arrest. They are charged with using nets in violation of the law.

Mr. Stotford explained he was compelled to move against the park because other violators of the bird law declared they had as much right to ignore the statutes as had the Park board.

Flagrant Violation of Law.

"I told the commissioners," said he, "that I supposed when they realized their position they would release the birds. According to this law they could be fined $5 for each day the birds are in their possession. I don't like to do it, but that is the law, and theirs is such a flagrant violation and it has been called to my notice so many times that I am compelled to take this step."

"The State Game Warden can come and take away our 'illegal' birds in his pocket if he really feels it his duty to do so," said Head Animal Keeper "Cy" Devry last night. "All that I know of in the pack are eight quail and two redbirds. However, we have other birds that I think he would not care to remove. They are twenty owls, two turkey buzzards, eighteen eagles, eight hawks, fifteen pheasants, and two condors.

"We hardly claim to keep a bird collection; it is so small. It is kept for children and the poor to see. The birds are well fed and many of them are raised by us."

The commissioners declined to discuss the matter further than to say it was in the hands of their attorney.

Raid on the Fishers.

The raid on the fishermen last night was conducted by Acting Lieutenant Mooney and four policemen.

The fishermen were taken by surprise. When the police arrived several of the nets had just been let down and Mr. Stotford estimates that over half a ton of fish had been caught.

At the sight of the police every man made a dash to escape and five sprang into the water. The prisoners were taken to the Harrison Street Station and locked up. They are: Joseph Smith, Fred Caw, John Zyzk, Lawrence Wisniewieski, Joseph Zyck, Edward Zielwiesk, John Vara, Joseph Howle, and Joseph Forte.

MESSENGER BOY IS ARRESTED FOR THEFTS FROM EMPLOYER.

Police Say Horse Races Caused the Downfall of 16-Year-Old John Laney, Employed by Benjamin Allen & Co.

John Laney, a 16-year-old messenger boy, who for two years has been in the employ of Benjamin Allen & Co., wholesale jewelers, at 135 Wabash avenue, is a prisoner at the Cottage Grove Avenue Police Station, charged with having stolen money and jewelry from his employers. The total amount of Laney's thefts is estimated at $1,500. Gambling at the racetracks, the police say, is the cause of the youth's downfall.

Laney was arrested at 6 o'clock last night by Detectives Stark and Flynn as he alighted from a race train at the Union Depot. He had been at the Hawthorne racetrack with Tom, alias "Cornie," Wyckoff, 20 years old, who was arrested also. Wyckoff, it is alleged, represented himself as a brother of Jockey "Ed" Tulley, and helped Laney to dispose of the stolen property.

Laney admitted last night that the money had gone to "play the races." On one day he said his winnings were $102. This he had divided with two "pals."

Laney lives with his parents at 2914 South Park avenue. In his confession to Lieutenant O'Brien at the Cottage Grove Avenue Station he stated that he had met Wyckoff on his daily errands and that the latter asked him if he could not do some "business with him." This was six months ago. Laney acknowledged having taken thirty-five dozen silver knives and forks since then.

Another source of his income, it is charged, was "holding out" money which had been given him to buy postage stamps. According to Laney he would be given $50 or $60 for stamps and would spend only half that amount, keeping the balance. Some weeks ago two diamond rings and a stud valued at $300 disappeared from the trunk of J. Williams, one of the firm's traveling men, and this led to an investigation. Detectives were put on the case and the arrest of Laney followed.

DOG SAVES YOUNG MASTER FROM DEATH AT A FIRE.

Fred Hane Is Asleep When Flames Start in House and Newfoundland Tugs at His Night Clothing Till He Wakens.

A large Newfoundland dog saved Fred Hane, 16 years old, from being burned to death at his home at 2734 Princeton avenue yesterday morning. Hane, who was asleep, was alone in the house except for the dog when the fire started. The latter smelled the smoke as soon as the fire started, and commenced to bark. It could have escaped easily, but refused to desert its master. When the boy did not waken the dog went into the bedroom and, jumping on the bed, tugged at Hane's nightclothes until he awoke.

While directing the fight against the fire Lieutenant Dennis Moss of Truck 4 was partially overcome by the smoke, and he was assisted from the building by Lieutenant Thomas Cronin and Sergeant Richard Supple of the Twenty-second Street Station.

LINDENMAN CASES UP TODAY.

Police Admit Son's Arrest Was a Mistake and Say He Will Be Set Free.

The Lindenman comedy of errors will be resumed before Justice Kersten this morning in the East Chicago avenue police court. The police say that Carl Lindenman, the young lawyer who was arrested as a hold-up man, will be acquitted, as they say it is a case of mistaken identity. He was arrested early on Wednesday morning. He had gone out to aid his father, who he thought was being robbed. Then the father was arrested at the son's hearing in court. Last night he declared he had been beaten at the station. While angry at Justice Kersten and the police, he would not say what action he would take.

GERMANY PLANS TO KILL TRADE WITH AMERICA.

Desperate Means Resorted To by Emperor Are Revealed by a Complete Synopsis of Tariff Law.

FOOD MATERIALS SUFFER.

Big Increases Made in the Duty on Wheat, Corn, and Other Cereals as Well as on Provisions.

HAY GETS OFFICIAL DATA.

Among the Many Manufactured Products Listed Especially Heavy Rates Are Made on Bicycles and Shoes.

SCHLEY REPLIES TO HACKETT.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE,
Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.

German Tariff Is Aimed Chiefly at Foodstuffs.

Consul General Mason has sent to the State department a complete synopsis of the new tariff law of Germany, which shows the desperate means resorted to by the Emperor's government to drive out American competition. The report given out by the State department today shows that by far the more important advances are in food materials, notably cereals, meats, and live animals. The increase in the present treaty rate of 3.50 to 6.50 marks (83 cents to $1.54) per 100 kilograms in the duty on wheat will affect most directly the United States, Argentina, and Russia, which countries exported to Germany in 1900 465,933, 479,928, and 278,196 metric tons of wheat respectively. The advance on rye will affect principally Russia, which sold to Germany last year 884,827 tons of that cereal, against 21,906 tons from the United States. Oxen, hogs, and poultry come mainly from Austria, Hungary, and Russia, and both those countries, it may be safely assumed, will negotiate treaties with Germany which under the new tariff will reduce the duties on all these products of Austrian and Russian origin to the minimum rates permitted by the new statute.

Heavy Duties Placed on Shoes and Bicycles.

In respect to American manufactures, the most notable advances made by the present bill are in the rates on shoes and bicycles, and these have been granted in deference to loud, long, and impassioned appeals from German manufacturers, who have professed to find the ruin of their industries in American competition. The increase of the import duty on bicycles and finished parts to 150 marks ($35.70) per 100 kilograms will mean that an American bicycle weighing approximately 22 pounds (10 kilograms) will pay $3.57 import duty instead of about $1.25 as heretofore. This will exclude cheap, low-grade wheels, but not good ones. Shoes which now pay from 10 to 15 cents per pair according to weight, will, under the new schedule, pay approximately double those rates; but no one will expect that the now firmly established and growing American shoe trade in Germany will be destroyed or seriously impaired by an import duty of 25 cents per pair.

List of Items Chiefly Affecting United States.

Of the whole schedule as now presented the following items will affect principally the import trade of Germany from the United States. In this synopsis are given under each head the present normal rate of duty, the minimum rate to which the present duties have been reduced under special treaties with certain favored nations, and the rates designated under the new statute. The rate is in all cases, unless otherwise specified, the net amount in marks and federal equivalent per double centner—i. e.: 100 kilograms or 220.46 pounds:

Articles.	Present duties.	Treaty rates.	New duties.
Wheat	$1.19	$ .83	$1.54
Rye	1.19	.83	1.42
Oats	.95	.67	1.42
Barley	.53	.47	.95
Corn	.47	.33	.95
Flour	2.50	1.74	3.80
Oatmeal	2.50	1.74	3.80
Dried fruits	.95	.95	1.90
Sausage	4.76	4.04	9.52
Pork	4.76	3.57	7.14
Butter	4.76	3.80	7.14
Eggs	.83	.47	1.43
Margarin	4.76	3.80	7.14
Cows and oxen, per head	2.14	2.14	3.05
Young cattle, per head	1.19	1.19	1.67
Hogs, per 100 kilograms	1.19	1.19	2.84
Locomotives	1.90	1.90	2.61

Bill Complete Except as to Minor Details.

The bill as now formally announced is incomplete to the extent that the Federal council has not yet completed its discussion of certain provisions, but it is accepted as it stands as embodying what the government is willing to concede to the Agrarian party, which, by virtue of its numbers, compact organization, and determined purpose, exerts a dominant influence in the imperial Parliament. Any changes that may hereafter be made in the draft finally submitted for enactment will relate to minor details, and will not affect its general bearing on the import trade of Germany. The new law will take effect on Jan. 1, 1904, so that between the dates of its enactment and enforcement there will be a period of probably a year or more, during which its provisions may be to some extent modified by concessions granted reciprocally in commercial treaties with other nations which, as is expected, may be negotiated during the intervening period.

Dispatch Bearing on Schley Case Is Not Lost.

An attempt has been made to show that the files of the War department have been mutilated and that the original dispatch from Colonel Allen to General Greely locating the Spanish fleet at Santiago had been suppressed. That dispatch is still in the secret archives of the signal corps of the

army. The text of the dispatch is not material to Admiral Schley's case, as General Greely embodied in his official report; the fact that Colonel Allen located the Spaniards at Santiago on May 19 and so informed the President and Secretary Long.

Colonel Allen received the information from a leak over the Havana cable, and the name of the friendly operator who supplied the information does not appear in Allen's dispatch for obvious reasons. Schley's counsel merely wish to establish the fact that whereas the President was informed of the facts on May 19, Sampson two days later was ordering Schley to leave Cienfuegos only when satisfied the Spaniards were not there.

The original dispatch is safe in the files and can be produced if necessary. There have been frequent stories of missing papers, but investigation shows that the files are complete except that in some cases letter, press copies have been substituted for originals, as is frequently done in all departments. Rear Admiral Schley has received assurances from the reporter on the Boston Record, who wrote the now famous Howison interview, giving the credit for the battle of the Santiago campaign, to the effect that he is willing to make oath to the accuracy of the statement printed. It is thought probable that Admiral Schley's counsel will, in view of acting Secretary Hackett's letter declining to investigate the matter, allow the subject to remain in abeyance until the court meets. Then it is probable that a formal challenge will be made as to Admiral Howison sitting as a member of the court. The writer of the article will then be called to testify as to the alleged interview, provided Admiral Howison does not voluntarily ask to be relieved from serving.

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Admiral Schley Makes Reply to Hackett's Note.

Rear Admiral Schley tonight addressed a letter to Acting Secretary of the Navy Hackett in reply to Mr. Hackett's official communication of yesterday. In this letter he says that in no sense could his original communication be regarded as "a preliminary challenge" of Rear Admiral Howison's fitness to serve on the court of inquiry. Admiral Schley assumes in his letter that Mr. Hackett's term "a preliminary challenge" means "a preliminary to a challenge," and denies that he had any intention of taking such action. He holds that there is properly no such term as "a preliminary challenge."

Admiral Schley says his object was merely to obtain a statement from Admiral Howison that he did or did not give utterance to the sentiments with which he was credited, and that in no sense could his original letter be regarded as challenging Howison's fitness to serve on the court, although such fitness might be challenged later, in due form, after the court meets.

Admiral Schley's request was designed, he says, to elicit from Admiral Howison a denial or affirmation so that if he should say he had expressed the sentiments ascribed to him, and assumed the responsibility for them, he might withdraw before the court convenes.

It was said tonight that Admiral Schley has also pointed out in his letter, which is not yet made public, that Admiral Howison has not yet disclaimed the views attributed to him, for his general denial of having publicly expressed opinions was made prior to the publication in question. It was also said that the letter states Mr. Hackett misunderstood Captain James Parker's reference to his Boston trip, and that Captain Parker had no intention of giving him the impression that he wished action in the Howison matter postponed until his return. The letter to Mr. Hackett does not contain a request that Mr. Hackett take other action than that of yesterday and grant the original request that the letter be forwarded to Admiral Howison, but it is so phrased as to leave his course open to Mr. Hackett should he desire to take it.

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Admiral Schley's Son Officially Denies Interviews.

The War department has received from Captain Thomas P. Schley, son of Admiral Schley, an official denial of the remarks of the Schley court of inquiry attributed to him in a newspaper interview. Captain Schley says he has had no interviews on the subject with any persons, but that some remarks of his in friendly conversation with acquaintances may have been perverted. The War department is satisfied with the explanation.

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Quota of Teachers for Philippines Is Completed.

By the arrival at Manila of the transport Thomas there is an end to the work of selecting American teachers for services in the Philippines. The great flood of inquiries and applications continues, and the writers are informed that Professor Atkinson, the General Superintendent of Public Instruction at Manila, has cabled that no more appointments will be made. The annual report of that official, dated May 27, shows that the 1,000 teachers desired 751 had been appointed either absolutely or provisionally, since which time appointments have been made, thus completing the quota. The colleges through whom the provisional appointments were made cooperated with the insular authorities in endeavoring to secure only the most desirable teachers for service in the islands, but the time limit within which this work had to be done is at hand. Hereafter the few teachers that may be needed from time to time will be appointed direct from Manila.

ONE STATE HAS MORE WOMEN.

Census Bulletin Shows They Predominate in New Hampshire—Data of Four States Given.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—The Census bureau today issued a bulletin giving the population by sex, nativity, and color for group 6, consisting of the States of Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, and New Hampshire. According to this statement the males predominate in all the States of the group except New Hampshire. In the latter State there are 206,290 females, against 205,598 males, the percentage being 50.1 females. In Missouri 51.4 per cent of the population is composed, of males; in Nebraska, 52.9 per cent; Nevada, 60.5 per cent, and in Montana, 56.6 per cent. The percentage of foreign born population in each of the States mentioned is as follows: Missouri, 7; Montana, 27.6; Nebraska, 16.6; Nevada, 23.8; New Hampshire, 21.4.

YATES SHAKES UP BOARD OF LABOR STATISTICS.

Asks For and Gets Resignations of All Members but One and Appoints Others in Their Stead.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—The long expected shaking up in the Board of Labor Statistics came today, when Governor Yates asked for the resignations of all the members of that body with the exception of Randolph Smith of Flora.

The resignations were received, and the vacancies were filled by the appointment of the following: George L. Pittinger, Centralia; John Felker, Chicago; William B. Goyer, Galesburg; Edward Mills, Decatur.

It is expected that Colonel Smith will be elected chairman of the board, although this is not yet determined. The Governor stated that Secretary David Ross would be retained, for the present at least.

The Governor called for the resignation of U. G. Hinman, chairman of the Republican Central committee of Sangamon County, who is chief clerk of the board. Hinman has been accused of using the organization in the interest of Dawes' candidacy for the Senate, and there is a bitter factional fight over the matter. An evening paper of this city recently attacked the Governor, and the latter accuses Hinman of being concerned in the attack.

ANOTHER ATTACK ON M'KINLEY.

Professor Charles Eliot Norton Again Arraigns Administration for Its Policy in Islands.

Ashfield, Mass., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—At the annual dinner today of the Sanderson Academy Professor Charles Eliot Norton of Harvard University made another attack on the McKinley administration. It was along the same lines of his previous speech, and was a protest against the policy adopted toward Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippines.

DINNER DANCE IS SEASON'S GAYEST.

Ball Given by Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones Eclipses All Other Events.

POLICEMEN ARE INDICTED

Harris C. Blanchard, Missing Architect, Found Near Death in Insane Ward of Bellevue.

GENERAL NEW YORK NEWS.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Aug. 22.

The largest and by all means the grandest social affair given this season at Newport took place this evening at the Havemeyer villa, Friedheim, which this summer is occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones. Arrangements for the "dinner-dance" as it was called, but it was in fact a grand ball, have been going on for weeks and a small fortune has been spent in making it the great social success it was. Not only the villa had been transformed into a bower of roses and greens but the lawn was studded with tents, and it was under these that the first part of the evening was spent. The guests began to arrive shortly before 9 and were received by Mr. and Mrs. Jones in the reception-room of the villa, and from there conducted to the lawn where the dinner was served. There were four tents, one of red, one of white, one of yellow, and one of pink, and they were elaborately decorated inside and out with flowers to match. Two of these tents were for the dinner guests, one for the music, and the other for the vaudeville show that went on during the progress of the dinner. The dinner tents were so placed that a full view of the stage could be had by all the guests. The guests were assigned to tables, 20 in number, designated by some sort of emblem made of flowers and tiny electric bulbs suspended over the table.

"Dinner Dance" the Event of the Newport Season.

A new idea was also used for the lighting of the tables, sprays of electric bulbs shooting up from the floral centerpiece on each.

During the dinner, in addition to the vaudeville, the Franko Orchestra and Hungarian Band furnished a pleasing program of music. The special feature of the outdoor part of the entertainment was the "Devil's Dance," given in connection with the vaudeville show. This was done with all the lights extinguished, the flames that shot up from under the stage around the dancers alone lighting the scene.

Following the dinner the guests were conducted to the ballroom. At midnight the cotillion was danced, it being led by Mr. Elisha Dyer Jr. with Mrs. Jones, followed by about a hundred couples. Following the cotillion there was a supper served, and then general dancing was in order again, lasting well into the morning hours. Not since the grand ball given by Mrs. Potter Palmer three years ago has there been anything given in Newport or a similar nature that will compare with tonight's event.

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A certificate of incorporation was filed in Dover, Del., today, for the New Storage Battery company of Boston; capital, $1,000,000.

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Once Prosperous Architect Found in Insane Ward.

After being sought by friends and acquaintances for six weeks, during which time all traces of him had been lost, Harris C. Blanchard, once a prosperous and well-known architect of this city, and a brother of Amy Blanchard, an authoress, is in the insane ward of Bellevue Hospital, a physical wreck from the exposure he has suffered during the last few weeks. His physicians believe Blanchard is near to death, and his sister, who is in Maine, has been notified. When Blanchard was examined in Bellevue he was found to be in a most dangerous condition as a result, apparently, of a long period of exposure and hardship. It is impossible to learn what he has passed through during the long period of his mysterious disappearance, but the doctors who are attending him think he has been wandering about the streets and sleeping in the open air.

Amy Blanchard is an authoress of some note. One of her novels, entitled "Three Pretty Maids," has been published by Lippincott & Co.

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Lloyd S. Bryce has transferred to W. Bourke Cockran the title to one-fourth interest in the vacant plot at the northeast corner of Ninety-seventh street and Fifth avenue for $86,250.

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Glennon, Sheils, and Dwyer Are Indicted.

Dewey's Lieutenant, Edward G. Glennon, and Sergeant John H. Sheils and Wardman of John Dwyer of the Tenderloin, were indicted by the grand jury today, charged with neglect of duty in not suppressing the disorderly house at 148 West Thirty-third street. Meanwhile Police Commissioner Murphy, who suspended them when they were arrested, had restrained himself and restored them to duty. Dewey gets the credit for the right about face. The prisoners were arraigned before Recorder Goff in the general session and held in $2,000 bail each. They will be called upon at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon to plead to the indictment.

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Work has commenced on the tearing down of the National Academy of Design Building on the corner of Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue, in this city. It is one of the historic buildings and will be replaced by a structure to be used for business.

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Frederick Bruce Russell Gone; Bail Forfeited.

It really looks as if the temperature of the "Rev." Frederick Bruce Russell, President of the State Law and Order league and proprietor of the State Sentinel, has risen out of sight, carrying Russell, scared to flight by the new charge of extortion brought against him, with it.

Mr. Russell pleaded illness for non-appearance. When Russell should have appeared in the Yorkville police court today to give a new bond in place of that given by his father on the night of his arrest, Lawyer Hefiry J. Goldsmith announced to Magistrate Brann that he was unable to produce his client.

"I telephoned to his father this morning," Goldsmith said, "and he replied that he did not know where his son was. It looks as if my client might have placed himself outside of your jurisdiction."

The magistrate declared the bail forfeited and issued a new warrant.

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Sees No Reason for Stronger Copper Combine.

Dispatches from Denver outline a plan to place all the big copper mines of the country under one head, and mention the Rothschilds as among the projectors of the scheme, and the National City Bank of this city as the depository. It was pointed out today by an officer of the bank that substantially all the big copper mines in the United States are already under what is practically one control, and that their output has for some time been handled by the United Metals Selling company, in which Standard Oil interests and the Lewisohn Bros. are dominant factors. Obviously, therefore, there exists little or no reason for the formation of a stronger combination.

A dispatch from Chicago, received in Wall street, stated that a freight agreement between the Amalgamated, the Calumet and Hecla, and the Rothschilds' interests had been made. Financial men named in connection with the formation of the combination denied all knowledge of such a combination.

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Clearing-House for Publishers Is Advocated.

The establishment of a publishers' clearing-house was discussed at today's session of the convention of the National Association of Newsdealers, Booksellers, and Stationers. A resolution was adopted reciting that the book publishers had greatly benefited the trade by adopting and maintaining standard prices for books and urging the association to establish in this city a publishers' clearing-house for the convenience of both local and country dealers.

The convention urged the increase of the price of the penny morning newspapers on the ground that it was impossible for the dealers to make a living out of morning newspapers, which they have to buy at 60 cents a hundred and sell at a cent each.

The publishers of the New York City morning papers were asked by resolution introduced by Mr. May of Pawtucket, R. I., to increase their retail price to two cents and to furnish the papers to the dealers at $1.10 a hundred. The publishers of the evening papers were urged to omit publication on the Fourth of July, Thanksgiving day, Christmas, and New Year's day. It was also decided to request that penny newspapers be made non-returnable and that they be sold at 50 cents a hundred.

The convention elected the following officers: President, Thomas F. Martin, New York City; Secretary, Edmunde Golde, New York City; Vice Presidents, William H. Skinner of Newark and James H. Nolan of Providence, R. I.; Treasurer, Thomas J. Quinn, New York; Custodian, John Collins, Brooklyn; Executive committee, A. Russin, New York; J. H. J. Reilley, Providence; C. F. Pettie, Bridgeport; James L. Farley, Philadelphia; and A. Dixon, Brooklyn.

Brooklyn was selected as the place for the next annual convention.

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Judge Brown of the United States District Court late this afternoon appointed Benjamin Barker temporary receiver for the property of George W. Lederer, the theatrical manager of 1400 Broadway, in bankruptcy proceedings, on the application of Kneeland, La Vetra & Glaze, who represent Thomas J. Burke, a creditor for $700.

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Sunday School Commission Is Criticised.

Hearing that the Protestant Episcopal Sunday School commission is to ask the approaching diocesan convention of New York to approve a plan of cooperative work participated in by Union Theological Seminary, Amity Theological School, and the Teachers' College, the party in the diocese which styles itself "catholic" has started a movement to defeat such sanction. In so doing it attacks the membership of the commission on the ground that it is almost exclusively "broad," and it holds up to ridicule books by which the commission, perhaps unintentionally, is undermining "catholic" faith, and that unless this and similar movements which are cropping up in all directions are stopped there will be a division of the Episcopal communion.

Almost all the leaders of both parties are out of the city at present, but the Rev. E. H. Van Winkle of St. Clement's admitted today that he was in touch with "catholic" leaders, and that he was aware of the indignation that the latter felt.

"The leading men on the commission," he said, "are the Rev. Drs. Greer, Mottet, Peters, Rainsford, Warren, Bradner, and Harrower, and from any of these we cannot expect anything catholic.

"We catholics are especially grieved over the list of books which the Sunday School commission recommended teachers to read. Many books in the list are desirable, but some are subversive to true church teachings. They deny that which differentiates us from other religious bodies, while in a few cases the authors are men who deny the fundamental grounds of Christianity."

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A raw, country-student-like man, using a long waterproof coat to conceal his handiwork, stole George Alfred Townsend's cherished watch of thirty years' memory, inscribed with his name, last Wednesday evening on a Lexington avenue car, between Fortieth and Fiftieth streets. Mr. Townsend is out $200, the value of the timepiece.

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The College of Heraldry in America, with principal offices in New York City, has been incorporated at Albany, with a capital of $5,000, to conduct genealogical researches for members and clients of the society, for the purpose of establishing rights to coats of arms and crests.

Will Deal in Records of Noble Lineage.

Founded upon what is believed to be a great demand by American persons for genealogies, coats of arms, and book plates, the College of Heraldry in America hopes for much patronage, according to its sponsors. Today Mr. Reuwee, one of the directors, said:

"Our organization is to operate much as does the well-known Heralds College of London, except that we will go much farther. The English institution will only verify records and family histories. We propose to dig out these records and genealogical tables for clients on payment of a fee."

The promoters of the plan say that they have seen it stated in English magazines devoted to genealogies that there are probably more persons of noble lineage in the United States than there are in England. It is of interest and of importance to some of these people to know exactly what their lineage is. The society intends to keep a record of all applicants who come to it.

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The much-talked-of Vanderbilt dinner and dance occupied Bar Harbor society tonight. The affair consisted of a cotillion, preceded by several large dinner parties. Mr. and Mrs. George Vanderbilt entertained at the Point d'Acadie and several leading members of that set also gave dinners at their homes. The guests, who numbered nearly 200, adjourned later to the ballroom at the Vanderbilt palace.

Vanderbilt Dance and Dinner a Brilliant Function.

The house and grounds were marvelously decorated. From the water's edge the broad lawn reaches back to a small woods. Stretched across the intervening distance were miles of electric wires, to which were suspended hundreds of tiny incandescent globes covered with Japanese shades. The ballroom and verandas were banked with flowers and potted plants in lavish profusion.

About 11 o'clock the guests assembled at Point d'Acadie, where the cotillion, led by Creighton Webb, was danced. The favors were horse show designs in gold and silver.

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Mr. and Mrs. Walter Keith, who are at Newport, made the trip from Chicago in their automobile, and covered 140 miles the last day. Mr. Keith, who is the crack player of the Onwentsia polo team, had a number of ponies sent on to Newport for his use there.

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W. F. Wakeman, Appraiser, Tells of Silk Frauds.

Wilbur F. Wakeman, Appraiser of Customs, said today in reference to the silk frauds:

"Additional irregularities have been found. I expect to return some invoices to the Collector of the Port tomorrow, and they will undoubtedly take the same course as those heretofore returned."

The invoices in question are for Japanese silks that were valued at $16,000 and are alleged to be worth $20,000. The invoices are said to be defective in classification and weights. The firm that imported these goods has since Jan. 1 imported $2,000,000 worth of Japanese silks, on which the government is alleged to have lost 25 per cent of the duties. Frauds have also been discovered in the importation of Japanese silk handkerchiefs.

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A rumor which emanates from Paris is that Miss Helen Morton, third daughter of Levi P. Morton, is engaged to Count de Perigord, younger son of the Duc de Talleyrand, formerly known as the Prince de Sagan. There is, however, it is said by those who know the Mortons, no truth in this rumor.

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Transport Sails for Luzon with More Teachers.

The transport Ingalls sailed for Manila today. It took with it as passengers fourteen male teachers who will teach at Luzon, and Professor B. Briggs, former professor of law at Washington University, who will occupy the post of division superintendent in the schools of the Philippines, several army officers, and a few recruits for the hospital corps. It is expected that the Ingalls will reach its destination in about forty-five days.

COUNTY FAIR TODAY; THE JAPANESE BOOTH.

MISS CORA DIEDERICH — THYRA HIGGINS — MRS. C. H. JOHNSON.
MISS CLARA HIGGINS — MISS MAY JOHNSON

Edward M. Lahiff was not called on last night to summon the Fire department in Rogers Park, and ex-Chief Swenie rested quietly at home. Neither did Mr. Lahiff ride "Hinky Hink," the famous mountain burro, three miles across country to reach the North Shore County Fair, while the automobile race between Mr. Albert Plamondon and Alderman Scully will not take place until Monday. All this because it rained. Father McLoughlin gave up at 4 o'clock, and told his assistants to come early this morning to put up new decorations and open the fair. Yesterday's program, however, will be deferred till Monday. The first thing on this afternoon's program will be athletic games and several musical contests. Tomorrow afternoon Senator Mason will deliver an address, and there will be boat races between the various Chicago and north shore clubs. Members of Company F, First Regiment, will participate in a sham battle. The Japanese booth will be a feature of the show. Those in it are Miss Cora Diederich, Miss Thyra Higgins, Mrs. C. H. Johnson, Miss Clara Higgins, and Miss May Johnson.

TO MARCH ON LABOR DAY.

PLANS COMPLETED FOR FORMATION OF PARADE.

Committee Selects William A. Campbell as Grand Marshal of Demonstration to Take Place on Sept. 2 — Leaders Declare Procession Will Be Largest Ever Seen in Chicago—Unions Assigned to Places and Instructions Given to Officials.

Plans for the formation of the Labor day parade, on Sept. 2, have been completed, and today instructions will be given to the officials of the local unions, assigning them to the places allotted for them. William A. Campbell, chairman of the Committee of Organized Labor, has been selected as grand marshal of the parade. Following is the list of unions that will march, their positions, and their respective marshals:

First Division.

Machinists' Unions.
Teamsters of all classes—Thomas C. Leonard and Al Young.

Second Division.

Electrical Workers No. 134—C. J. Boekholt.
Electrical Workers No. 9—William Jackson.
Electrical Workers No. 49—Edward Hixon.
Architectural Iron Workers—O. H. Hill.
Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—Joseph Daze.
Gravel Roofers—Harry Brierly.
Elevator Constructors—Eli Emerson.
Boilermakers and I. S. I.—John Thomas.
Stone Derrickmen—Louis Handling.
Hoisting and Portable Engineers—John Woodville.
Sheet Metal Workers No. 73—C. D. Hyre.
Stationary Firemen—Edward Kehoe.
Steamfitters—C. M. Rau.
Junior Steamfitters.
Gasfitters—T. J. Mulqueen.
Progressive Engineers—George Lightall.
Paperhangers—A. A. Slack.
Lathers.
Plumbers—John F. Murphy.
Steam Pipe and Boiler Coverers—Robert Divers.

Third Division.

Carpenters' Unions, 19 locals—Timothy Cruise.
Amalgamated Carpenters—J. W. Quayle.
Woodworkers No. 7.

Fourth Division.

Journeymen Horseshoers No. 4—Thomas L. Bothsroyd.
Box Makers and Sawyers—James Curran.
Piano Workers—Charles Dold.
Broommakers—Mike Simpson.
Mallers and Pressmen.
Boot and Shoe Operators Nos. 98 and 94, and Shoe Cutters No. 135—W. J. Walsh.
Glass Workers—Louis J. Bender.
Lockesmiths and M. P. M.—George Hunt.
Coopers' Unions Nos. 1, 15, 23, and 94—Philip Doyle of No. 15 and Joe Thomas and No. 1.
Ironmolders Nos. 23, 233, and 239.

Fifth Division.

Hodcarriers.
Brickmakers' Council—Foster Smart.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 1—John Cusack.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 2—Henry Oriman.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 3—N. Crossland.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 4—John Mansfield.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 5—John Harter.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 6—William Miller.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 10—William Patnude.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 14—A. V. Beedy.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 49—William Berkow.
Brickmakers' Union, Local No. 55—Samuel Davies.
Terra Cotta Workers—F. Gagnon.
Retail Clerks' Association, represented by float.

Sixth Division.

Cigarmakers' Union—Barney Cohn.
Chandelliermakers—William King.
Hat Finishers—James Loughridge.
Soda Water Bottlers—William Kohler.
Leather Workers—Peter Yeth.
Brushmakers.
Car Builders—Bert Olsen.
Mattressmakers—William Stevens.
Brewers and Maltsters—Henry Arndt.
Bill Posters and Billers—Charles West.
Metal Polishers and Buffers—Thomas Casey.

Seventh Division.

Women's Label League—Carriages.
Custom Clothing Workers' Unions Nos. 2, 5, 6, 1, 3, 4, in the order given.

Eighth Division—Miscellaneous.

Unions not having made arrangements in time to be placed in the foregoing divisions will be classed as miscellaneous. Unions not in place when the parade is moving cannot break the ranks, but must fall in the last division.

Predict Large Turnout.

Labor leaders assert that the parade will be the largest in number of participants yet held in Chicago. A fine of $1 will be assessed on each member of a union organization who fails to join the ranks, unless good reasons are advanced for the absence.

The divisions will form at 8:30 a. m., and the first one is expected to move a half hour later. The line of march will include only the South and West Sides, and will start from Jackson boulevard and Ashland avenue. The route arranged is Jackson boulevard to Michigan avenue; south to Twelfth street, and countermarch on Michigan avenue to Lake street, where the parade will be dismissed.

Strike Committee Arrested.

Attempts to intimidate non-union workmen are the reasons given by C. A. Plamondon for the arrest of the Strike committee of the striking molders yesterday. Those arrested were James Brown, Herman Vogelsang, Frank Geazty, and George Stafford. Charges of intimidation and disorderly conduct were made by Mr. Plamondon at the Desplaines Street Police Station, to which the men were taken. They were arrested near the A. Plamondon Manufacturing company's building, 57 Clinton street, at which there has been a strike for six weeks. The men deny any disorderly conduct.

X-Ray Operation on a Horse.

After applying the X-ray to the leg of a valuable horse owned by Alderman Frank Fowler, Dr. Hughes of the Chicago Veterinary College last night operated on the lame member.

LOOKING TO ARBITRATION.

LEADERS IN STEEL STRIKE READY TO NEGOTIATE.

Governor Stone Suggested as Conciliator Between Workingmen and Their Employers—Star Plant of American Tinplate Company at Pittsburg Preparing to Resume Operations—Foreigners Charged with Raising Disturbance Reprimanded by Judge.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 22.—President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association said this evening that no definite movement has as yet been made by either side looking to arbitration or mediation. No hint had come from the steel people on the subject, and none had gone out from the workers. There was, however, a tendency among many of the labor leaders today to discuss the possibility of arbitration, and on every side was heard mentioned the name of Governor W. A. Stone as an arbitrator or conciliator, and it is said he will be asked to tender his good offices for that purpose.

A dispatch from New York says that the reported visit to that city of a delegation representing the commercial interests of Pittsburg for the purpose of effecting a settlement of the steel strike is not received with much interest by the United States Steel corporation. From what could be learned this morning neither President Schwab nor Chairman Gary will meet representatives of the strikers unless they receive positive proof that such representatives are empowered to act for the strikers in anyargument that may arise.

Aside from the partial equipment of the Star plant of the American Tinplate company and the preparation for its immediate resumption of business, there were no special developments in the strike situation in this city today. No further trouble occurred at the Pennsylvania tube works, and at all other strike points quiet reigns. The Amalgamated people point with pride to the conduct of their members in refraining from violence when they see non-unionists being marched into the mills to take their places.

Manufacturers Are Pleased.

The steel men on the other hand are highly pleased with their success in manning the Star plant and say that if the men they secure are not molested it will be but a short time until all of their mills will be in full operation and doing good work.

While the strikers claim that four of the new men at the Star plant have deserted the company and that others would leave if they could get out of the mill, Superintendent Harper contends that he has 100 men at work, that none has deserted, and that the men can go and come from the mill as they please.

The furnaces in the Lemmler tinplate mill at McKeesport were going all day and the whole plant is lighted again tonight. Machinists and roll turners are working inside. No attempt has been made to unload new men or start the plant, but the strikers claim they have positive proof that tin workers are on the road.

At Irondale the tinplate company gained another victory today by the successful start of one set of rolls. There are said to be enough men in the plant to man one mill one turn, and the company officials say now that the break has been made they will get the men back.

Reprimand for Foreigners.

The seven foreigners arrested for disturbing the peace at the Pennsylvania tube plant last evening were given a hearing by Magistrate McGarvey this morning and reprimanded. All were discharged but one, who was fined for having a dangerous weapon in his possession when arrested. The magistrate requested the Amalgamated officials to instruct the foreigners as to the rights of others as well as how far they themselves could go without breaking the law.

An omnibus crowded with negroes, forty-two in number, created a great deal of excitement tonight on its journey from the Baltimore and Ohio depot to the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg station in Allegheny. Shortly after the trip was begun between the depots the report was started that the men were strike breakers, and quite a large crowd followed them, jeering and hooting.

A stop was made in Smithfield street for some reason or other, and four of the negroes alighted. Before they could get back the vehicle started, and the men had to walk across the bridge. A crowd of probably 200 men followed them out on the structure, and when about midway across made an assault on the four men. The negroes were rather roughly handled, but none of them was seriously hurt. When the gang's destination was learned it was discovered that they were being shipped to Clearfield, Pa., from Elkins, W. Va., to do some railroad work, and were in no way implicated as strike breakers.

In justice to the strikers themselves it can be said that they were not mixed up in the affair, the attacking crowd being composed entirely of toughs.

Runaway Girls Return Home.

Pearl Ormsby and Libbie Prince, the two girls who ran away from Grand Haven to see Chicago with the $165 Pearl took from her father's purse, spent yesterday morning crying in the East Chicago avenue jail. About noon J. B. Ormsby arrived and took away his daughter. She had $162.90 of his money. Libbie Prince was taken home last night.

Undertaker Fined in Justice Court.

John Smith, an undertaker at 1371½ East Chicago avenue, was fined $200 by Justice Gibbons yesterday for running his establishment without a license in violation of the city ordinance. Smith was refused a license two months ago.

FINAL APPEAL TO STEEL WORKERS.

Supreme Effort Will Be Centered in Meeting at South Chicago Next Sunday.

LOOK FOR BIG LEADERS.

Joliet Men Ready to Return Monday if Local Mills Continue Operation.

INTEREST IS DYING OUT.

Vice President Davis of the steel workers is bending all his energies toward organizing the meeting of all the laborers in South Chicago for Sunday afternoon. To make a supreme effort to win the men to the strike he has spared no influence to induce President Shaffer or J. H. Morgan to come west.

Not only is Mr. Davis anxious to have all the steel workers of the Commercial and Lakeside lodges attend this Sunday meeting, but he also desires all outside labor—especially that of Chicago, which has condemned the stand of the lodges. He rushed from corner to corner, from hall to hall, last night, begging the men to be present and make the meeting a success.

Little encouragement met his efforts. The men are tired of the continual agitation, and shrug their shoulders when asked to keep up the interest. He informed them Shaffer and Morgan had telegraphed they would be present, if possible, and that one of the two was bound to be here. Even this announcement did not awaken any interest.

Rebuff by Ore Shovelers.

Davis tried to get the ore shovelers to strike, but his work proved unavailing. He begged them to aid in pushing the meeting, but they failed to respond.

"Davis has done nothing but bungle this matter from start to finish," said Augustus Hammerback, President of the Ore Shovelers, last night. "My men will not attend, for they do not want to be present. The few who go will do so out of curiosity, and all the eloquence of Shaffer and Morgan cannot move them. This question is settled."

The rumor that if President Schwab resigned from his position the strike would be settled within a week was declared correct by the mill men yesterday. Few could be found to say a good word for the President of the United States Steel corporation.

"Schwab is a stumbling block," said Vice President Davis. "He is disliked, and we all consider him an apt pupil of Carnegie. He has been always arrayed against the working men, and is a labor killer. It would not take three days to have this matter settled if he were out of the way. Still that is something we do not even hope for."

The strikers in Joliet are under waiting orders. If South Chicago goes out on Sunday the mills will not resume. If they do not, as seems likely to the Joliet men, Monday will see a break in the ranks of the strikers there. The billet mill and converter are the departments that are likely to start the break.

Members of J. E. Ralph and Mutual lodges have been against the strike from the first, but were outnumbered by the younger and more impetuous men in the rod mill. The latter favor the strike, and it is not expected they will go back until the strike is officially declared off. The Merchant mill men have not given an intimation of their action.

Mill Officials Will Ignore Strike.

It was reported on the streets last night that as soon as it is known for a certainty that South Chicago will not strike the superintendents of the various departments will post the usual notices for the men to go to work, the same as if no strike had taken place.

At present there is quite a force of men engaged in making repairs in Joliet, and the posting of notices may be delayed a day or two, until this work is completed, but it is regarded by some as a certainty then.

On the other hand, the strikers from the rod mill declare that, however much the billet and converter men want to go back to work, they will not dare to do so until some formal action is taken by the lodges jointly.

ITALIAN KILLED BY MOB OPPOSED TO FOREIGN LABOR.

Government at Rome Notified of Shooting of Joseph Gingotti, a Railroad Employe, Near Texarkana.

Texarkana, Ark., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Joseph Gingotti, an Italian, aged 26, was shot and killed by a mob yesterday at a railroad camp near Ashdown, twenty miles north of this city.

The mob was made up of sixty Americans, armed with rifles and revolvers, and had raided the camp as a demonstration against Italian labor.

The facts have been laid before the Italian legation at Washington and it is stated that an official investigation will follow.

For months the railroad companies in this part of the South have been employing Italian laborers. Several strikes have resulted, but the Italians hold their places.

The agitation against the employment of the Italians has been incessant, and the feeling has become so bitter that clashes between the Americans and the foreigners are frequent and are ended with difficulty.

The killing of Gingotti followed a fight between the Italians and an American crew. A quarrel arose over the possession of a handcar. In the mêlée which followed an American knocked an Italian down with a club, and is reported to have been beating him severely, when the Italian, believing his life in danger, drew a knife and stabbed his assailant.

This morning a crowd of sixty men armed with rifles, shotguns, and pistols, appeared at the railroad camp and told the Italians to get off the cars and "line up." The men were doing as requested when one of the Americans fired a rifle. The bullet entered the body of Joseph Gingotti, killing him instantly. The remains were brought to Texarkana for burial. The other members of the crew were removed to prevent further trouble.

Gingotti was an innocent party, as he was not in the crew that had the fight with the Americans.

TAMPA STRIKERS DEFY PEOPLE.

Cigarmakers' Leaders Ordered Out of Town, Refuse to Go, and Trouble Is Expected.

Tampa, Fla., Aug. 22.—The seventeen leaders of the striking cigarmakers, who were ordered to leave town on Tuesday night, reappeared today. They held a meeting, determined not to leave the city, and to resist all efforts to put them out. Something is momentarily expected to develop.

The men were told they would be hurt if they failed to go, and it is expected that the threat will be carried out.

Notices were served upon a number of Resistencia leaders today to vacate their houses at once. This they refused to do, and it is feared there will be trouble.

To Renew Hunt for Missing Couple.

James Rogers, father of Frank Rogers, who disappeared five weeks ago with Miss Florence Ely, will consult with his attorney, Jesse Cox, and the Evanston police today, in the hope of reaching some plan by which they may find the missing couple. They have received no letters or clews for so long a time that they feel that they must do something to renew the hunt.

FAIRMONT COAL

From the Mountains of West Virginia.

Not "just as good" as some other coal, but *the standard* steam fuel.

Also best for manufacture of gas and for domestic use.

Fairmont Coal Company,

Old Colony Building, - Chicago.

YARDS—

15th and Loomis-sts.
13th and Lumber-sts.
71-st. and Madison-ave.

Telephones, Harrison 185-189.

Fairmont Crushed Coke—Better and cheaper than hard coal.

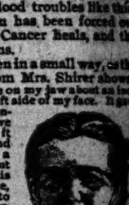
CANCER

Sufferers from this horrible malady nearly always inherit it—not necessarily from the parents, but may be from some remote ancestor, for Cancer often runs through several generations. This deadly poison may lay dormant in the blood for years, or until you reach middle life, then the first little sore or ulcer makes its appearance—or a swollen gland in the breast, or some other part of the body, gives the first warning.

To cure Cancer thoroughly and permanently all the poisonous virus must be eliminated from the blood—every vestige of it driven out. This S. S. S. does, and is the only medicine that can reach deep-seated, obstinate blood troubles like this. When all the poison has been forced out of the system the Cancer heals, and the disease never returns.

Cancer begins often in a small way, as the following letter from Mrs. Shirer shows:

"A small pimple came on my jaw about an inch below the ear on the left side of my face. It gave me no pain or inconvenience, and I should have forgotten about it had it not begun to inflame and itch; it would bleed a little, then scab over, but would not heal. This continued for some time, when my jaw began to swell, becoming very painful. The Cancer began to eat and spread until it was as large as a half dollar, when I heard of S. S. S. and determined to give it a fair trial, and it was remarkable what a wonderful effect it had from the very beginning; the sore began to heal and after taking a few bottles disappeared entirely. This was two years ago; there is still no signs of the Cancer, and my general health continues good.—MRS. E. SHIRER, La Plata, Mo.



SSS is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and the only one guaranteed purely vegetable. Send for our free book on Cancer, containing valuable and interesting information about this disease, and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for medical advice.

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THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

Station, Wells & Kinzie-sts. Ticket Office, 212 Clark St. Tel., Central 721.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM FAST MAIL. Iowa, Nebraska, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Montana, Oregon, California.
3.00 AM FAST MAIL. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, Owatonna, Winona, Minnesota Transfer, Watertown, Aberdeen, Ortonville, Dakota.
9.00 AM BADGER STATE EX. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Watertown, Aberdeen, Dakota.
9.00 AM MENOMINEE EX. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
10.00 AM COLORADO SPECIAL. One night to Denver. Fast time to Omaha, Council Bluffs, Lincoln, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Denver.
11.30 AM WISCONSIN MAIL. Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay.
3.00 PM WISCONSIN SPECIAL. Fox River points, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence, Marquette, Copper Country.
5.00 PM ASHLAND LIMITED. Fox River points, Ashland, Northern Wisconsin.
5.30 PM IOWA EX. Clinton, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha.
6.30 PM NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED. Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
6.30 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. California in Three Days. All points on Union Pacific, Omaha, Salt Lake City, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
7.15 PM IOWA AND DAKOTA EX. Cedar Rapids, Sioux City, Mason City, North Iowa and South Dakota.
8.00 PM PENINSULA EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay, Ishpeming

POLICY GAMES INFEST CHICAGO.

Spring Up All Over the City and Pay, It Is Said, for Protection.

NINE COMPANIES HERE.

O'Neill Admits Gambling and Says His Men Are Doing Their Best.

TREACHERY AIDS GAMBLERS

The Detective department scandal, into which formal inquiry will begin next Monday, has sent tremors through Chicago's "world of graft," in which the police force, some prominent politicians, and men with pulls are interested. The query is being raised as to who is getting the privilege money paid over for the right to run policy shops and gambling clubs, which are clubs in name only; to conduct shady hotels, and to operate other concerns and schemes which violate the laws, all without police interference.

Those involved fear that the present trouble, which has to do with the "fake" expense account of Detectives Tracy and Cramer, will end in the entire police department being "Lexowed."

Chief O'Neill admits that scores of gambling resorts are operating in the city. The excuse is raised that his men cannot gather sufficient evidence to stamp out these places. Charges are made that Captain Luke P. Colleran's detectives have frequently nullified the efforts of the Chief's men. It is said, however, that thousands of dollars in protection money passes every week between these places and First Ward figures who have control of the gambling privileges.

Policy Shops All Over City.

Policy is running wide open, and it is estimated by policy writers that about 150,000 plays are made daily at this game. There has been no attempt whatever to stop this gambling system which returns big money to its backers and robs the poorest of the poor. There are shops from Western avenue to the lake, and from South Chicago to Lake View. Those who know assert that thousands of dollars are gathered in daily in the play of the nine big companies that operate throughout the city. Of this, a sum is said to be paid for protection, which is the most lucrative "rake-off" known in this "world of graft."

"Patsy" King is the uncrowned king of the policy world. His sway is absolute. But he stands at the head of a combination which includes Alderman John Coughlin, Alderman Michael Kenna, Democratic County Committeeman Tom McNally, Ben Barnett, Tom McGinnis, and "Mushmouth" Johnson.

Admits Gambling in City.

Chief O'Neill frankly admits that gambling resorts are running full tilt. He has been given evidence, too, that poker is not the only form of gambling flourishing in Chicago today, but that faro banks are being operated in West Madison street.

"My men are doing their best to stop gambling," said he. "I myself furnished them with a list of resorts. The list was as long as my forearm, so you can see that I knew of a large number of places. The officers do the best they can, but they have not accomplished the results I would wish."

It is asserted that every raid planned by O'Neill's detectives, Wooldridge and Seubert, has been "tipped off" in advance. Telephones and even personal calls by men from the Detective bureau were the means used to spread the warning.

The Chief announced that poker will not be stopped provided the resorts do not have "cappers" on the street.

Some Policy Firms Here.

But nothing whatever is said as to policy. Under the present regime the number of companies has more than doubled. Messengers carry the drawing slips to every part of the city twice daily. Shops are running wide open and writers handle a rushing business in basements along Clark, Dearborn, Harrison, Van Buren, Polk, and other down-town streets. The nine big companies which control the game are:

The Frankfort and Kentucky, of which "Patsy" King is the principal backer.

Red and Green (original)—Alderman Coughlin and "Tom" McGinnis are named as foremost stockholders of this company.

Red and Green (Fort Erie, Canada)—"Patsy" King is a figure here and the drawings are alleged to be held in Canada.

Indiana and Wisconsin, in which Coughlin is said to be interested.

Interstate and Springfield, in which "Tom" McNally and King are prominent.

East and West, which McGinnis and McNally are said to back.

The Phoenix Lottery company, controlled by Kenna or "Mushmouth," Johnson.

The Chinese game, in which Sam Moy is said to have a hand.

Chicago and Western.

What Is Paid for Protection.

"Policy is a veritable gold mine to the fellows who control the privileges," said a First Ward politician last night. "Why, the entire city is covered and the daily receipts frequently aggregate $30,000. The protection prices are high in proportion to the money that is gathered in, and as much as $6,000 a day—yes, sir, as high as $1,000 a day has been levied on one company alone—has been given up to secure immunity."

"Do you know anything of the charges that money is being paid for protection?" Chief O'Neill was asked.

"I do not," he replied. "I guess if any money passed hands I would not hear of it. I am not 'close' to any one."

Wants North Side Protected.

Alderman John Minwegen made complaint during the day that characters driven from "Whisky Row" were invading the North side.

"We don't want any levee district on the North Side," he asserted, "and we are not going to have one if we can help it. Leave those people down there. Don't drive them into residence neighborhoods."

Lutzenkirchen Is Investigated.

The private business operations of another politician in the city employment received a rebuke yesterday. The connection of Henry Lutzenkirchen, secretary of the Department of Public Works, with companies furnishing sand and gravel to contractors was made known to Commissioner of Public Works Blockl and Acting Mayor Walker. Both Mr. Lutzenkirchen and other members of the firm with which he was associated affirm that his connection has ceased. For that reason the Acting Mayor and the Commissioner of Public Works will not investigate his business dealings in the sand and gravel line. This is regarded as a closed incident, but both officials declared that he never would have been permitted to engage in the business if they had known of it.

BOLT STOPS AN OPERATION

LIGHTNING HITS ELGIN HOSPITAL, INJURING FIVE.

Surgeons and Nurse Engaged in Removing Tumor from Woman's Body Shocked and Cut by Falling Glass from Skylight—Patient, Unconscious, Escapes Unhurt—Building Catches Fire and Crippled Physicians Extinguish Blaze.

Elgin, Ill., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Five physicians and a trained nurse, who were engaged in performing an operation on a patient at Sherman Hospital, were stunned and cut by falling glass when a bolt of lightning crashed through the skylight in the operating-room this afternoon.

Dr. A. L. Clarke, President of Bennett Medical College of Chicago; Dr. O. L. Pelton, Dr. E. Burlingame, Dr. Will Brown, and Dr. H. G. Schmidt, and Miss McGuire, the nurse, were removing a tumor from the body of Mrs. Charles Pelton of West Depere, Wis., when a severe electrical storm broke over the city.

The surgeons had nearly completed the operaton and Mrs. Pelton was still under the influence of an anæsthetic. The operating table was directly under a skylight.

A bolt of lightning struck the cupola and crashed through the skylight, hurling huge pieces of glass down upon the physicians and patient. The physicians, who were at work, were thrown forward upon the table so that their bodies protected the patient from injury. All were shocked, but recovered in a few moments.

When the effects of the shock wore off an examination revealed the fact that several of them had received severe cuts from the falling glass, the hands and faces of all being lacerated painfully. Dr. Schmidt, who was administering the anæsthetic, received a severe cut in the leg.

The patient was quickly removed, and an examination showed that she had escaped injury by the glass, and it is thought the lightning's shock will not affect her chances of recovery.

After the patient had been carried back to her room it was discovered that the cupola had caught fire from the lightning and was burning. The injured physicians at once manned a hose, and with the assistance of the hospital employés extinguished the flames.

The storm did considerable damage to standing corn, which was beaten down by the high wind. Several buildings were damaged by the wind and the lightning struck several other places in and around the city, but caused no serious loss.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING BOLT WHILE HANGING UP CLOTHES.

Mrs. Marguerite Penbruin Stricken During Electric Storm—Hole Torn in Wall of House and Building Shaken.

While hanging clothes in the attic of her house at 950 North Portieth avenue, Mrs. Marguerite Penbruin was struck by lightning yesterday and instantly killed.

During the storm in the afternoon the lightning struck the frame cottage and rent a hole through the north wall of the structure. The heavy peal of thunder which followed caused the house to tremble on its foundations. The flash and damage to the building attracted a crowd to the spot, but it was not until some time later that the dead and discolored body of Mrs. Penbruin was discovered.

She apparently was preparing to fasten the line on a hook when the bolt struck her down. She was 36 years old, and lived in the house with her husband, who is a janitor, employed on the South Side. A physician was called, who announced that death from the electric shock had been instantaneous.

Strikes at Other Places.

During the electrical storm lightning struck and damaged other structures. The two-story frame dwelling at 867 North Paulina street was damaged $75. Lightning struck the chimney, but no serious damage resulted. The building is occupied on the first floor by John Nash and on the second by William Lillis.

The two-story frame building at 642 Humboldt street was damaged $50. Lightning struck the north corner of the structure. The building is occupied by John Johnson as a dwelling.

The stone barn of William McGee at 2426 Jackson boulevard was partly wrecked, causing a loss of $100. The lightning struck the barn near the center and made a large rent through the walls.

Causes Panic Among Workmen.

The building of the A. H. Vlles Co., 319-325 Lake street, was damaged $150. The lightning struck the roof, causing a panic among the employés in the place, but they returned to their work in a short time.

The rainfall extended over the entire Mississippi Valley and the lake region yesterday. In Chicago the precipitation amounted to .38 of an inch. For today and Saturday generally fair weather with slight changes of temperature is promised. The wind will be variable, but generally from the east.

WIND WRECKS NEW TOWN OF ANADARKO, IN OKLAHOMA.

Two Persons Killed, Several Injured, and Much Property Destroyed by Storm of Great Violence.

El Reno, Ok. T., Aug. 22.—A wind and rain storm, amounting almost to a tornado, nearly demolished the new Town of Anadarko last evening. W. T. Tevis of Weatherford, Tex., and Felix Antone of Paris, Tex., were killed by falling buildings, and a number of others were injured, while about twenty buildings were wrecked, and hundreds of tents and great quantities of merchandise were strewn over the prairie.

Reports today indicate that the storm was severe in the country districts. Several people are reported killed and injured, and many buildings are reported destroyed. One report says that four persons were killed at a farm house a few miles out from Anadarko.

MISSING MONEY RETURNED.

Governor of Mississippi Finds State Treasury $100,000 Short, but Cash Is There When Counted Later.

Jackson, Miss., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—A unique condition of affairs has developed in the State Treasurer's department. Aug. 15 Governor Longino, as required by law, counted the cash. He found a shortage of $100,000. No publication of the matter was made, but Governor Longino quietly informed Treasurer Stower that he would return Aug. 20 and make another count, when, he trusted, the funds would all be there. At this investigation the cash checked up to a cent. It is now up to Mr. Stowers to make an explanation, which so far he has not done. In the meantime the affair is creating a sensation in the State.

LEAD GRAND MARCH IN AUTO.

Couple at a Ball in Put-in Bay, O., Make Their Entry in a Steam Carriage.

Put-In Bay, O., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—At a ball given by the summer visitors here tonight the grand march was led by Mr. Golstall of Toledo, accompanied by Mrs. Berry, a Southern beauty, in a steam automobile.

Drive Gypsies Out of Evanston.

Eight women gypsies, who had been telling fortunes, were driven out of Evanston yesterday by the police. Citizens complained they were being annoyed by the nomads. Twice before within a week four have been ordered to take a car out of the city.

WOMAN WHO EXPOSES MATRIMONIAL AGENCY

MISS E. L. READING.

Miss Reading entered the employ of the Elite matrimonial agency to satisfy her curiosity as to its methods. As a result postoffice officials are continuing her investigation.

AGENCY SECRETS LET OUT

WOMAN EXPOSES ELITE MATRIMONIAL ASSOCIATION.

Miss E. L. Reading's Curiosity Leads Her to Investigate Methods of Marriage Bureau—Postoffice Officials Obtain Information from Her Which May Lead to Arrests—Clients Seeking Life Partners Furnished Descriptions to Fit Their Fancies.

Curiosity as to the methods of matrimonial agencies led Miss E. L. Reading to investigate the Elite Matrimonial association, which has its chief office at 1224 Wellington street. As a result of the young woman's curiosity the investigation is now proceeding under the direction of postoffice officials, with a chance for some interesting developments.

J. S. Dudley, head of the association which attempts to prove that marriage is not a failure, is charged by Miss Reading with corresponding under an assumed name, with various members of the association and thus encouraging them to pay more money into his treasury. Among the names he is said to have used are A. Marshall, A. Bronson, J. M. De Witt, Mr. Elliott, Mr. Monroe, and Mr. Tyler.

After obtaining all that his clients were willing to donate to him, Miss Reading declares Dudley informs the matrimonially inclined that he has decided to marry some one else. Membership in the association costs each aspirant for the bonds of matrimony $5, and "special attention" was paid to those who forwarded $25.

Advertisement Attracts Her.

Miss Reading came to Chicago from Westfield, N. J., on June 8, and accepted a clerical position which Dudley had offered her. She had become a member of the association in August, 1900. Her attention was first attracted to the Elite Matrimonial association by an advertisement in a New York paper, which read as follows: "Elderly gentleman, wealthy, generous, and kind, wants a loving wife." When she was initiated into the mysteries of the work she says she found that every man on the list was "wealthy, generous, and kind."

Miss Reading was placed, according to her statement last night, in charge of a branch office at 677 Sedgwick street, the main office then being at 1210 Sheffield avenue. She was told by Dudley that she was "Mrs. C. B. Taylor"; that she owned the business; that she had learned it from a Mrs. Erlich of New York, and that if the postoffice inspector called she did not know the Dudleys.

Men and Women Described Alike.

Miss Reading says that description blanks, already filled out, only the age, name, and color of the eyes being omitted, were always ready to be sent out. The height of a man was always given as 5 feet 10 inches, his weight as 180 pounds, dark brown hair. He was in every case a Protestant, did not drink or smoke, was worth over $100,000, and was extremely fond of home life.

Each woman was 5 feet 5 inches tall, weighed 130 pounds, had brown hair and a fair complexion, and was independently rich or had prospects of receiving an inheritance. She was also a Protestant. Her occupation was given as "lady."

In sending an answering description the age was made to correspond with that of the person who asked for the information. The color of the eyes alternated between blue and brown, the wish of the association's chief official being that the color should make a contrast.

Attaches Furniture for Wages.

Although the correspondence poured in every day, Dudley was not prompt in his payment of the wages of his employés, and when he was $20 behind in his payments to Miss Reading she swore out an attachment on the furniture of the chief office, which had been but recently removed to 1224 Wellington street. The attachment was taken out before Justice Sholes in Rogers Park and was served on Wednesday by Constable E. H. Ricker.

Miss Reading has placed her evidence in the hands of Postoffice Inspector Mayer.

WATCHMAN SHOOTS AT THIEVES

Two Burglars Are Surprised by Edward Nelson While Trying to Enter Clothing Manufactory.

Two burglars, who were trying to force an entrance last night to the clothing factory of Daniel Isaacson at 214 Sedgwick street, were driven away by Edward Nelson, the night watchman, who surprised the thieves and fired three shots at them as they ran down the alley. Nelson declares that he wounded one of the men. The East Chicago avenue police made an unsuccessful search for the burglars.

Passing a doorway last night Acting Lieutenant James Mooney saw four men attempting to conceal a heavy parcel behind the door, which he found to be a bolt of silk worth $600. The four men were locked up at the Harrison Street Station. The men gave their names as Thomas Howard, Joseph Conway, Ralph Hatch, and Edward Ryan. Ryan said he was 66 years old. The police are now trying to find out to whom the silk belongs.

Fortunes for Two Workingmen.

Alfred Emmons, watchman for the Northwestern railroad, and George Emmons, a house mover, both of Waukegan, have fallen heir to $12,000 each through the death of a second cousin, Lafayette Woodward of Minneapolis. They have received each $2,000 on account.

Mistake in Medicine Fatal.

Mrs. Annie Dubberty died yesterday at the County Hospital from the effects of paris green taken on Tuesday morning in place of headache powders. She was 28 years old and lived with her husband, a lithographer, at 28 Bholto street.

OVERSTUDY CAUSES DEATH

MENTAL STRAIN TOO GREAT ON MISS WALSH.

School Teacher Who Died Under Locomotive Wheels Said to Have Paid Penalty for Burning Midnight Oil—Coroner's Jury Unable to Decide Whether End Was Accidental or Suicidal—Young Woman Aspired to Be Known as a Writer.

Overstudy while taking a summer course at the University of Chicago was primarily responsible for the tragic death of Miss Joanna Eugénie Walsh, the school teacher who was killed by an Illinois Central express train at the South Park station on Saturday afternoon. Friends of the young woman who attended the Coroner's inquest yesterday had no hesitation in expressing the belief that Miss Walsh's death, whether suicidal or accidental, was due to intense mental strain and nervousness.

The Coroner's jury in trying to solve the mystery attending Miss Walsh's death left the question of suicide open. The testimony of the witnesses was so conflicting that the jurors could do nothing else but simply agree that the young woman came to her death under the wheels of the locomotive. The bulk of the evidence was to the effect that she voluntarily leaped from the platform to the railroad tracks when the approaching train was but a short distance away.

Mental Application Too Great.

While Miss Walsh left no farewell message, gave no hint by word or act of any intent to take her own life, those who knew her as a fellow-student say that she died because of mental application which was too great for her physical endurance. She was 24 years old, slight in figure, habitually pale, extremely nervous, and troubled with an affection of the heart, aggravated, it is said, by serious indigestion. But she was independent and ambitious, and complained little among her associates.

"Her application was tremendous for one who appeared so fragile," said one of Miss Walsh's friends. "Not only did she confine herself closely to her work as teacher in the Lincoln School during the last term, but in order to advance herself toward the goal of her ambition became an earnest student in the university extension course last winter. Then when vacation time came around, instead of going away to recuperate, she matriculated for the summer term at the university, and never for a moment dropped her studies. This she did against the advice of her sisters."

Miss Walsh was ambitious to become a writer, and her vain struggle was made solely that she might fit herself for a better position than that of teaching at $50 a month. She read the works of George Eliot and all the standard English novelists. She had already written magazine stories, which were accepted and published, but was too modest to say much about the matter until her position had become more secure. She wrote papers on various themes as a part of her university work, and often had occasion to visit the Newberry Library to consult books of reference. One of her last themes was present labor troubles, as exemplified in the great strike of the steel and iron workers.

Boy Finds Mother Dead.

Roy Arenson, 8 years old, 1503 North Central Park avenue, yesterday found the dead body of his mother suspended from a door by a clothes line tightly wrapped about her neck. For some time past Mrs. Arenson had been unable to regain her health. She often threatened to end her troubles by killing herself. During the absence of her husband and son in the afternoon the woman carried out her threat.

Grieving over slanderous remarks circulated by acquaintances about her husband, Mrs. Carrie Schroeder, 34 years old, of 42 South Peoria street, made an attempt early yesterday morning on her life, which subsequently proved successful. The woman died at the County Hospital three hours after swallowing a portion of the contents of a glass containing strychnine.

MRS. J. C. BECKHAM IMPROVING.

Wife of Kentucky's Governor Reported Much Better and Hope for Recovery Entertained.

Frankfort, Ky., Aug. 22.—Physicians attending Mrs. J. C. Beckham, the wife of the Kentucky Governor, pronounce her much improved tonight. Her temperature had been normal since noon, and she was able to eat a light meal at 2:30 this afternoon, but at 8 o'clock tonight her temperature rose to 101½. This is not regarded as serious. She has slept intermittently throughout the day and rested well all of the time. If conditions do not change within twenty-four hours her recovery is looked for.

ROCKS BOAT; HELD FOR MURDER

Maryland Coroner's Jury Charges That Young Man Who Tried to Scare Girl Willfully Killed Her.

Hagerstown, Md., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—The Coroner's jury that investigated the drowning of Miss Mary Finifrock of York, Pa., by the upsetting of a boat on Lake Royer last Sunday evening in its verdict tonight declared that the capsizing of the boat was due to the criminal carelessness of Frank Rinehart and the jury says: "Frank Rinehart willfully and feloniously killed and murdered Mary Finifrock." Rinehart rocked the boat, intending to frighten the two girls who were with him and aided in rescuing one of them.

WABASH RAILWAY MAY BE DIVIDED.

Report That the Pennsylvania and Missouri Pacific Are Each to Operate It.

CAUSED BY GOULD PLANS.

Definite Action on Proposition Awaits President Cassatt's Return from Europe.

ADVANCES PRICE OF BONDS.

Division of the Wabash railroad system between the Missouri Pacific and the Pennsylvania companies is reported as one of the earliest probabilities in the line of amalgamating competing roads.

A proposition has been made that the control of the Wabash be held jointly by the roads mentioned, with the understanding that the lines east of Chicago and St. Louis (excepting the Chicago-St. Louis division of the Wabash), be operated by the Pennsylvania, and the lines west of those points, with the Chicago division, be taken by the Missouri Pacific. No practical separation of the Wabash would be made, but it would be operated in two divisions.

The plan involves the retirement of the $3,500,000 A debentures and $26,500,000 B debentures in exchange for a new 3½ per cent bond. The As, it is proposed, are to be exchanged at par, and the Bs are to be allowed 80 in new 3½ per cent bonds.

Uneasy Over Wabash Extension.

Since the purchase of the Wheeling and Lake Erie by the Wabash, and the latter road's progress in building into Pittsburg, the Pennsylvania has manifested considerable uneasiness and indirectly has made some threats against the Gould interests should the latter trespass on the former's territory. George J. Gould and his associates, however, have gone ahead with their building. This led to the proposition for division, which was made before President Cassatt went to Europe. Nothing definite will be done until President Cassatt and Vice Presidents Green and Provost of the Pennsylvania railroad return. It is possible, of course, that the terms of the deal will be modified.

The Pennsylvania, it is said, also has offered to enter into a close traffic agreement with the Gould system for an outlet to tide water over its lines.

Advance in B Debentures.

Recently there had been heavy absorption of the B debentures in the open market by brokers frequently employed by the Goulds and friends of the Pennsylvania railroad, and the price has materially advanced.

It is argued that the proposed deal would be advantageous to the Pennsylvania, since it would enable it to control the rate situation in Central Traffic territory. The Wabash's new line from Montpelier to Toledo will give that company the shortest route between Chicago and Toledo, and its arrangement with the Big Four for entering Cleveland, together with the new Pittsburg road, will, it is believed, enable that company to secure a large amount of new traffic.

Wabash Directors Meet in October.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Wabash will be held at Toledo on Oct. 8, when a vote will be taken on the proposition to acquire the Boon County and Boonville railroad, nine miles in length, extending from Centralia to Columbia, Mo. The consideration would be to guarantee the principal and interest of the bonds to an amount not exceeding $300,000. The directors will also vote on the proposition to acquire the Omaha and St. Louis railroad.

Gould Captures Eastern Line.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 22.—Control of the Norfolk and Western railroad has passed out of the hands of the Pennsylvania railroad and is firmly in the grasp of Gould interests. This was announced today and probably will occasion greater surprise in financial and railroad circles than any similar announcement this year.

The Gould party began, it is said, by purchasing the foreign holdings of Norfolk and Western stock, following this by quietly picking up the floating shares in the New York market. Control of the Norfolk and Western will be used by Mr. Gould to further the interests of his railroad system. Arrangements are being perfected for a number of feeders, which will draw together at Pittsburg over the Wabash a heavy freight traffic. The Big Four has agreed to let Wabash trains use its rails between Wellington, O., and Cleveland under a 999-year agreement.

WELL KNOWN NEBRASKA MAN SHOT DEAD NEAR HOME.

John J. Gilliland of Lincoln Killed by Two Men, Believed to Be Footpads, Who Make Their Escape.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 22.—John J. Gilliland, a former member of the Nebraska Legislature, one of the most prominent business men of Lincoln and well known all over the State, was shot dead shortly after 11 o'clock tonight by unknown men, supposed to be footpads. His body was found on a residence street within three blocks of his home.

He was shot in the breast. There were marks of a struggle, Mr. Gilliland's coat and shirt being nearly torn off him, and papers from his pockets were scattered along the walk.

Residents on the street say they heard a number of shots and two men later were seen running. The murdered man was unarmed.

FAILS TO GET MARRIAGE OFFER.

Maidie Stuart, Who Acquired Sudden Riches, Receives Flood of Letters Since Her $75,000 Arrived.

Maidie Stuart, the chorus girl who lately came into possession of $75,000 as a result of the oil boom in California, is receiving more letters than she can take time to read as a result of her good fortune.

"There is one kind of a letter I have not received," said Miss Stuart yesterday, "and that is an offer of marriage. It is just as well, though, as I would have to refuse. I get letters from every conceivable source.

"The worst kind I have to contend with is the begging letter. One man has written me stating that if I did not advance him money for a Western trip he would do something desperate. I suppose he intends to kill himself."

Contribution for Holton Family.

"The Tribune" acknowledges receipt of $1 for the benefit of the Holton family, victims of the Forty-seventh street trolley accident, from a contributor who signs the name "Vail."

BUSINESS NOTICES.

B. & W. Tiona. B. & W.
A New Collar.

Stops Diarrhoea and Stomach Cramps. Dr. Siegert's Genuine Imported Angostura Bitters.

SHERIFF ROUTS BIG MOB.

POSSE BATTLES WITH CROWD AT ASHVILLE, ALA.

Enraged Men Attack Courthouse Intending to Lynch Negro, Just Sentenced to Hang, and Fierce Fight Follows, in Which Three Are Shot—Official and His Supporters Spirit Fellow Away and Take Him to Birmingham.

Ashville, Ala., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—One man was killed and two wounded in a battle between Sheriff North and posse and a mob of 400 men, who were trying to lynch a negro here this afternoon.

The mob, which had been besieging the courthouse, was dispersed after a desperate fight, a heavy rain-storm helping the Sheriff.

The battle occurred at 1 o'clock. The mob was seeking to lynch Jim Brown, a negro from Springville, charged with attacking a white woman.

The attempt of the mob to gain possession of the negro followed one of the swiftest of trials. The Judge and court officials were on the defensive to suppress the rising anger of the crowd as detail after detail of the crime was told by the witnesses.

The clash with the sheriff came half an hour after Judge Pelham had pronounced sentence of death, to be carried out Sept. 20. By a ruse the courtroom was cleared of half of its angry occupants. The remaining half was surly and bent on mischief. At the request of Judge Pelham, J. L. Garrett, the father of the girl attacked by Brown, mounted a table and spoke, counseling peace.

After some difficulty the courtroom was cleared. Sheriff North thought it unwise to attempt to take Brown to the jail a few blocks away, for the crowd was rapidly increasing around the front door of the courthouse.

Twenty-eight deputies armed with pistols and shotguns were stationed in the front hall and at the windows of the courtroom.

The mob demanded the prisoner, and the sheriff informed the leaders that he would shoot the first man who put his foot on the courthouse steps. A few minutes later a member of the mob dashed up the steps firing a revolver. A general fusillade followed, over 100 shots being fired.

Posse Drives Back Mob.

The Sheriff's force fired through the windows and doors and the mob retreated, firing back as it went. Walter Blankenship was shot through the head with a rifle ball and died tonight. Arthur Blankenship was shot in the head and shoulders with buckshot. He will die. A boy named Hanby was shot in the head.

A big rain came up and the mob sought shelter in the nearby stores.

None of the deputies of the Sheriff's posse was wounded. The two men shot were brothers, and sons of the leader of the mob, who made the first dash for the room in the courthouse where the prisoner was being guarded. In leading the charge against the deputies the father flourished a gun in regular soldier fashion.

Smuggle Negro from Town.

After the shooting, and while members of the mob were in search of reinforcements and ammunition, the negro was smuggled from the rear of the courthouse by two deputies, who managed to run him through the country for several miles, finally succeeding in flagging a freight train and taking the negro to Birmingham, where he was safely locked in the county jail.

While on the train the negro confessed the crime.

Many of the members of the mob went to Birmingham tonight threatening to kill the two deputies who managed to slip Brown from the courthouse.

Threats have been made to wreck the courthouse with dynamite, but it is not believed these threats will be carried out. However, there is bad feeling being manifested, and Sheriff North is bitterly condemned.

ROWERS ARRIVE IN STEAMBOAT

Trio of Young Men from St. Joseph in Chicago Last Evening; Others Reach Waukegan.

For advertising purposes and financial considerations three young men put out into Lake Michigan in a rowboat and stated that they would row from St. Joseph, Mich., across the lake to Chicago. The trio left the Michigan town at 6 o'clock on Wednesday evening. They were in Chicago last evening, but they came in a steamboat.

Their claim is that they rowed as far as Michigan City, where a squall swept their boat on the beach yesterday at noon. It was 7 o'clock in the evening when the steamboat Mary brought the three rowers and their eighteen-foot skiff here from the Indiana city. Then each of the three young men—Duff Mason, Joe Mason, and Burton Morris—began to tell varied stories of their experiences.

But the lake was busy during the day in furnishing claimants for the honor of having accomplished the feat of crossing the water in a rowboat. Long before the Mason brothers were beached near Michigan City three rowers, theirs hands properly blistered and swollen, landed at Waukegan harbor.

"Yes, we're the Mason brothers and Burton Morris," the leader informed inquirers. "We just finished the trip from St. Joe. We must have rowed 100 miles. Our real names are Arthur Tilt, Fred Chittenden, and A. Burrell. I'm Tilt, and Chittenden and I live in Chicago."

Then he proceeded to detail a story of the "terrors" of an across-the-lake trip in a row boat, giving minute descriptions of their battle with a squall and how they had lost their course in a fog because they failed to carry a compass.

Duff Mason was at the head of the Michigan City party which returned to St. Joseph by the Graham & Morton boat last night. He claimed that he and his companions were the only "real across-the-lake articles." The Waukegan adventurers he branded as jokers.

"Isn't it true that you came here on the steamer Mary?" he was asked when he showed no inclination to admit that the party had not rowed its way to Chicago.

"Yes," he admitted. "We were exhausted, and so we rowed back to Michigan City after the squall had beached us just before noon. Then we took the boat and came here. We're ready now to issue a challenge to row across the lake against anybody, and we'll put up any amount of money."

"But what caused you to make this trip?"

"O, we got a piece of money for doing it," was the reply. "We were paid all right. But I don't want that to be known."

"What is your business? Are you not an actor?"

"O, yes, my brother and I did a vaudeville turn until four years ago. We traveled as the Mason brothers, and then as the Edwards brothers. We're musicians. Why, we play seventeen instruments."

"Are you getting ready to go back on the stage or to tackle the dime museum platform?"

"O, no," he protested. "We didn't have that in view. We were paid all right."

Mr. Mason states that the trio live in St. Joseph only in "the summer time." In the winter they usually "go South."

"O, we're just loafers," he concluded, and got aboard the light boat.

H. H. Alpin Named for Congress.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 22.—The Republican Congressional convention of the Tenth District of Michigan, which was held at Standish, today nominated H. H. Alpin to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Congressman E. O. Crump. This district is strongly Republican and a nomination is considered equivalent to an election.

Gossard's Society to Sell Goods.

J. W. Gossard's H. P. E. society has organized a company to sell articles pertaining to cleanliness. The proceeds will be devoted to extending the work of the society, which includes instruction and employment for the poor and unfortunate. The employment agency at the Jones School will be open every day except Sunday.

DEFENDS FAME OF SUPREME COURT.

Adolph Moses of Chicago Resents Attack on the High Tribunal.

INSULAR CASES THE TEXT

Littlefield of Maine Denounces Recent Decisions as Inconsistent.

LIVELY DAY FOR LAWYERS.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—At today's session of the American Bar association Congressman Charles E. Littlefield of Maine denounced the Supreme Court of the United States for its decision in the "insular cases."

Adolph Moses of Chicago made so spirited a reply in defense of the Supreme Court that he was stopped by a point of order.

The incident was so sensational that it overshadowed all other proceedings of the session for the day.

Congressman Littlefield was on the program for an address on "The Insular Cases." The independent position taken by Mr. Littlefield when the Porto Rican tariff bill was pending was remembered, and in his address today was expected to express his opinion of the Supreme Court in decisive words.

Littlefield's Opening Attack.

In opening his address Mr. Littlefield said that the insular cases, "considered in the manner in which the results were reached, the incongruity of the results, and the variety of inconsistent views expressed by the different members of the court, 'are without a parallel in our judicial history.'"

Taking up the first case, known as De Lima vs. Bidwell, stating the opinion of every member of the Supreme Court on the same, the speaker said Justice Brown did not announce the conclusion and judgment of the court, affirming the judgment of the court below, but rendered one of his own.

Judgment Not Sustained.

Referring to the opinions of Justices White, Shiras, and McKenna in the same case, the speaker said:

"Technically speaking there is no opinion of the court to sustain the judgment. If the Dooley case" (known as Dooley vs. United States) is "controlled by the Downes cases," said Mr. Littlefield, "there would seem to be no good reason why it should not have been decided. That it was not, raises the inference that it would be decided adversely to the government, or that there was a greater difference of opinion than usual with reference to it. Mr. Justice Gray is the only one who indicates his 'position' in this case."

Mr. Littlefield considered the other cases which had been passed upon and said in the unsettled condition of the court it was hardly worth while to speculate as to the result of those cases.

Mr. Littlefield's address drew forth loud and long continued applause, and a motion was made to tender him a vote of thanks for it, but this was declared out of order by the President on the ground that the speaker is a member of the association.

Adolph Moses in Reply.

Just before recess was taken Adolph Moses of Chicago made a vigorous protest against what he characterized as "An unwarranted attack upon the Supreme Court of the United States. His remarks were cut short by a point of order, but his words were greeted with applause in which a considerable minority of the convention joined. He said:

"I wish to record my note of dissent to the general applause which followed the presentation of 'The Insular Cases,' by Mr. Littlefield. When the matter came to my attention I looked with a great deal of pleasure to the fact that he had chosen this difficult subject for the information of this association. I regret to have listened, not to a piece of information, but rather to what I consider an unwarranted attack upon the Supreme Court of the United States, and as a member of this association I wish to raise my voice in protest against the use of this platform for a purpose of this kind.

Marshall Once Reviled.

"I remember to have read that when the celebrated case of Cohen vs. Virginia was decided by Chief Justice Marshall he was burned in effigy in the city of Baltimore. He was denounced in every courthouse in Virginia, and yet we look upon that great decision as one of the vindications of the government.

"And that is not the only instance where denunciation has followed the action of the Supreme Court of the United States.

"Those who believe with the majority have full confidence in the sober second thought of the people of the United States as to the correctness of this great decision.

"It has a political aspect, and it is but natural that all of us free Americans should take divergent views, but I protest against the use of this platform on the part of any man, however capable—"

Here Thomas M. Patterson of Pennsylvania interposed a point of order which was sustained by the president.

Estabrook on Hamilton.

"The Lawyer, Hamilton," was the subject of a paper read tonight by Henry D. Estabrook of Chicago. He said that next to the fact that George Washington was what he was this country and the world is, perhaps, most indebted to the fact that Alexander Hamilton was a lawyer. He was at the head of the American bar. He was nobly ambitious, but wisely cautious; sometimes most tentative when he was really most assured.

The concluding paragraphs of the paper were quotations from Hamilton's contemporaries praising him as a man, a lawyer, and a statesman.

Senator Patterson Blackballed.

A feature of the day's session was the refusal of the American Bar association to admit United States Senator Thomas M. Patterson to membership.

CHICAGO GIRL MARRIES; PARENTS DISINHERIT HER.

Ethel Vaughn, Daughter of R. W. Vaughn, Building Inspector, Weds Man of Her Choice in Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Ethel Vaughn, the 17-year-old daughter of R. W. Vaughn, a city building inspector of Chicago, was married in this city last evening to Irwin E. Martin, an employé in the local postoffice. By her marriage the young bride renounces all claim on her parents' property. The young couple met here about six months ago, when Miss Vaughn, accompanied by her aunt, Mrs. McDonald, came for a visit to Los Angeles. Miss Vaughn met Martin at the postoffice. Their attraction for each other resulted in a decision to be married in November.

When Miss Vaughn returned to Chicago she found her thoughts turned to Martin, so sending him a telegram she was coming, she notified her parents she was going to be married. They gave a reluctant consent, but at the same time informed her she would be disinherited, their objection being they did not know Martin.

Nothing dissuaded, she kept to her purpose, and the ceremony was performed at the residence of the Rev. W. A. Knighten. Martin is a graduate of Harvard, and has resided in Los Angeles several years.

R. W. Vaughn, Inspector, room 124 City Hall, resides at 340 South Marshfield avenue.

POORER GOLFERS ARE WEEDED OUT

Hamlin and Egan Turn in Low Scores in Western Amateur Championship.

WALLER OUT OF CONTEST.

Present Champion Fails to Qualify in Initial Round at Midlothian Club.

BEGIN MATCH PLAY TODAY.

Scores of sixteen players who qualified:

Fred Hamlin	176
Walter Egan	176
Phelps B. Hoyt	180
William Holabird Jr.	182
Grace D. Smith	183
Herbert J. Tweedie	185
W. F. Pillsbury	185
O. A. Carpenter	186
Raymond Russel	187
Clive T. Jaffray	188
Thomas Taylor Jr.	188
Neil Macneale	189
Kenneth Goodman	189
W. F. Foye	189

Fred Hamlin of the Chicago Golf club carried off the honors in the qualifying round for the Western amateur championship, played yesterday at the Midlothian Country club.

In the regular round at thirty-six holes he tied with Walter E. Egan, the young Onwentsia player, with a score of 176, and in the playoff at nine holes to decide possession of the medal won by four strokes. Hamlin of late has been playing golf of a quality which stamps him as among the topnotch players of the West, and judging by his work of yesterday he will be a formidable candidate for championship honors.

Ninety-one of the hundred players entered played off in the qualifying round. While there was no lack of experts, the absence of such crack players as D. R. Forgan, Walter B. Smith, Chandler Egan, and E. B. Bliss was regretted, all of them being in the first flight of the local talent. Of the sixteen players who qualified eleven are from local clubs and five from out-of-town organizations. The eight lowest scores were made by local players, and if the history of most national championships is repeated, the championship plum should go to one of them.

Onwentsia has five representatives left in, Glenview two, Belmont two, and Chicago and Midlothian one each. Five of the players who qualified are of the junior school.

Although play was started as early as 8 o'clock, the last pairs to finish did not get in until nearly 6:30 o'clock. Secretary E. P. Martin and President Thorne got the contest under a way in good shape, while the other officials of the Western Golf association saw that the scoring and other matters of detail were well attended to.

Rain a Handicap in Afternoon.

Hot and sultry weather greeted the players in the morning rounds. Shortly after the second round was started a heavy shower deluged the contestants who were out and served to handicap them. The rain then turned into a drizzle, which lasted until 4 o'clock. Most of the scores made in the afternoon were several strokes higher than those of the morning, although a few of the men proved themselves to be good mudders. Phelps B. Hoyt of the Glenview club led the morning play, his round of 86 being the best of the day.

William Waller, the present champion, had a 94 for the morning round. In the afternoon he was far from being in his best form and played as if he was overgolfed. A 50 on the 6th ruined all chance of defending his title, though he will have a chance to fight for one of the cups. William Holabird Jr. was a trifle below form in the morning, but played one golf in the afternoon.

The play-off at nine holes between Fred Hamlin and Walter Egan produced some remarkable golf on the part of the Chicago golfers, who made the first nine holes in 41, the lowest total recorded in the day's play. Hamlin's putting was perfection, and thrice he rimmed the cup. Egan played well, but was against too strong a proposition. Their cards were as follows:

F. Hamlin	4	4	4	5	5	6	4	5	—41
Out	4	5	4	5	5	6	4	5	—43—84
In	5	4	4	4	5	5	4	5	—41—88
Out	5	4	4	5	5	6	4	5	—43—86
In	5	4	4	4	5	5	4	5	—41—84
Out	5	4	4	5	5	6	4	5	—43—89
In	5	4	4	4	5	5	4	5	—41—84
Out	5	4	4	5	5	6	4	5	—43—88

COLOMBIANS ARE DEFEATED AGAIN.

Invading Rebels from Equador Win Battle Near Pasto as Predicted.

COUNTER MOVE BY CASTRO

Eight Hundred Men from Venezuela Cross Frontier to Attack Colombia.

QUIET REPORTED AT COLON

New York, Aug. 22.—Dr. A. J. Restrepo, diplomatic agent of the Liberal party now attempting to take possession of the government in Colombia, received a dispatch today from the liberal agent at Quito regarding the recently reported battle between the government and clerical forces at Pasto. The dispatch was as follows:

"QUITO, Aug. 20.—The expected battle near Pasto was fought on Saturday, the 17th, and the Liberal Generals, Lergio Peres and A. Rosas, won a great triumph over the clericals."

Through his secretary, Dr. Restrep explained that Pasto, where the battle was reported to have been fought, was in the extreme southern part of Colombia, 2,000 miles from where General Uribe-Uribe was operating, and that it indicated the successful execution of the plans of campaign mapped out by General Uribe-Uribe and forwarded to the commanding officers of the other Liberal forces before the General left New York, early in the summer.

News of Battle Confirmed.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 22.—The Colombian Minister, Dr. Martines Silva, today received an official letter from the Minister of Colombia at Quito, Ecuador, which reports an engagement near Tomaco in which a force of Colombian revolutionists were defeated and arms and ammunition and prisoners taken.

The Minister at Quito does not refer to any trouble with the government of Ecuador. He states that almost all the revolutionary chiefs, who had fled from Colombia and taken refuge in Ecuador, had gone back to Colombia. Dr. Silva considers this an explanation of the recent press reports that a force from Ecuador was about to invade Colombia and fight a battle near Pasto.

Venezuelans Invade Colombia.

WILLEMSTAD, Curacao, Aug. 22.—Venezuelan steamers have transported 800 men from Maracaibo and Coro, under command of General Davila, to invade Colombia near Rio Hacha and to support General Uribe-Uribe. The Venezuelan authorities have also sent ammunition to that point.

General Juan Pietri, leader of a revolutionary movement that was about ready to start, was captured near Magdelena in the State of Carabobo, while on his way to arouse Guarico. On being taken to Caracas he was immediately set at liberty by order of President Castro.

Waiting American Officers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

COLON, Aug. 22.—The Colombian gunboat Pinzon is at Savanilla awaiting the arrival of the Americans who were recently engaged to act as officers.

The crew of the wrecked Colombian gunboat La Popa have been saved.

The French warship Suchet is still here. At present the isthmus is quiet. There are no interruptions to the railway traffic.

The Colombian government is now enforcing a strict censorship.

Says United States Must Intervene.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 23, 3 a. m.—The Daily Graphic, in the course of an editorial on the South and Central American troubles, says: "The situation is almost intolerable and occasions legitimate anxiety in the United States. Unless orderly government is established on a firm foundation the eventual permanent intervention of the United States will become inevitable."

Comparing the situation to that of Egypt, when the Suez Canal was cut, it says:

"The republics of the isthmus will experience the fate of Egypt unless they mend their manners before the interoceanic canal is completed."

The Times says: "No exception can be taken to Mr. Hay's attitude toward the Central American trouble. It is natural that the United States should take measures for the due protection of its own interests and those of other nations. The Monroe doctrine has duties as well as rights."

Seen Through Russian Eyes.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 22.—The Novoe Vremya says: "The fact must not be lost sight of that the German press is already beginning to urge the dispatch of German warships to the coasts of Venezuela and Colombia, on the ground that it is difficult to foresee the outcome of the conflict between those republics.

"Should the German government follow these counsels, a German-American conflict may easily be grafted upon the dispute between Colombia and Venezuela. The United States remains a stout supporter of the Monroe doctrine of 'America for the Americans.'"

HARVEY STEEL COMPANIES JOIN.

British, Continental, and New Jersey Organizations Consolidated with $450,000 Capital.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Meetings of the Harvey Steel company of Great Britain and the Harvey Continental Steel company today agreed to the sale of the companies to the Harvey United Steel company.

E. Marshall Fox, Chairman of the Harvey Steel company, said tonight:

"Today's meetings consolidated the New Jersey company, the Harvey Steel company of Great Britain, the Harvey Continental Steel company, and the Harvey Process association of France under the title of 'The Harvey United Steel company.'

"The new organization will have a capital of $450,000 and myself as chairman. The capital seems small, but we are not manufacturers. We simply control the Harvey patents."

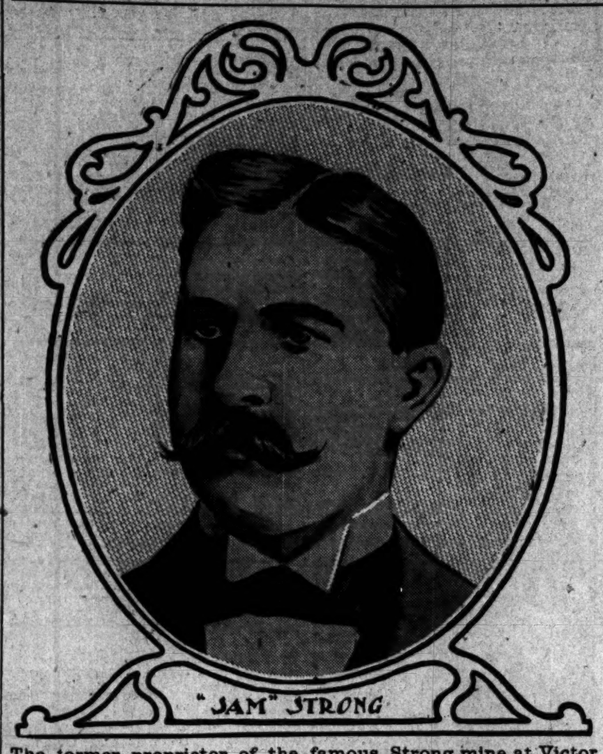
MORE TROUBLE IN ARMENIA.

Turkey Proclaims Martial Law in Sassoun District—Parisian Paper Reports Looting and Murders

LONDON, Aug. 22.—The Westminster Gazette today says Turkey has proclaimed martial law in the Sassoun district in consequence of alleged Albanian plots. The Sassoun district was the scene of the massacres in 1894.

PARIS, Aug. 23, 3 a. m.—A pro-Armenian sheet issued in Paris asserts that the Turks have been looting and murdering in the Sassoun district since the beginning of July and that several Armenian villages have been wiped out.

MILLIONAIRE MINE OWNER KILLED IN A ROW.



"SAM" STRONG

The former proprietor of the famous Strong mine at Victor, Colo., was shot and killed yesterday at Cripple Creek by Grant Crumley, the owner of a gambling saloon.

CROKER'S PLAN A SECRET.

TAMMANY CHIEF KEEPS ENGLISH REPORTERS GUESSING.

As Far as the Public Is Concerned No One Knows When the Democratic Boss Will Sail for New York—Plainly Shows His Irritation Over the Police Scandal—American Bishops Arrive in London for the International Council.

[Copyright: 1901: By the New York Tribune.]

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 23, 3 a. m.—Richard Croker is no longer happy in England since he is pursued by reporters eager to talk with him about the police scandal in New York. Reticent as he is, it is plain from the accounts given by his associates here that he is disturbed and irritated by the Moss disclosures and Whitney's confession, and that he considers it necessary to return as speedily as possible and put Tammany in good fighting form.

I am informed that his sons are returning to London to sail by the Campania on Saturday, and that he will either accompany them or go the following week. There is another report that they will sail by the Deutschland today. If accounts which I received of his irritation over the unexpected developments made by the Society for the Prevention of Crime are accurate he will sail either today or tomorrow if rooms are available on the crowded ships. His secrets are well kept at Moat House, and the villagers of Letcombe do not know anything about his plans.

American Delegates Arriving.

American delegates to the Methodist ecumenical conference have begun to arrive and register their names in the conference book. At least eighty-six American Bishops are expected, and a large number of ministers. Bishop Hatzell, who takes a strong pro-English view of the Boer war, has returned from Africa to attend the conference, and Bishops Hurst, Vincent, and Hamilton also will be present when the first meeting is held, early in September. The Wesleyan chapel in the City road will be the chief center of conference work, but several meetings will be held at St. James' Hall. Discussion will run on practical lines of the work of Methodism, such as the liquor traffic, gambling, the effective reaching of missions, education, and modern indifferentism. There will be special debates on Biblical criticism and Protestantism versus sacerdotalism. Hugh Price, the most eloquent preacher in England, will be kept away by ill-health.

R. W. Perks, Mr. Yerkes' associate in the reformation of underground London, will take an active part in the organization of the conference, and Sir Henry Fowler will preside over one of the most important meetings. A series of supplementary meetings will be held in several provincial towns after the close of the conference.

New Farce Takes Well.

James Welch, one of the most versatile and eccentric comedians of London, was most amusing in a new version of "Ferdinand le Nocceur," produced at Terry's Theater last night under the title of "The Giddy Goat." It was a French farce, adapted for an English audience, by Augustus Moore, and well acted by James Welch, Fanny Brough, and a lively company. I. N. F.

DELAY SIGNING THE PROTOCOL.

Chinese Court Fails to Issue Edict Authorizing Plenipotentiaries to Act and Prince Ching Urges Speed.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PEKIN, Aug. 23.—Edicts authorizing the Chinese plenipotentiaries to sign the protocol have not yet arrived. Yesterday Prince Ching telegraphed to the court asking that such a decree be issued today, inasmuch as Mr. Rockhill, the American special commissioner, is about to start on his return to the United States, and some of the other foreign representatives are urgently demanding that the protocol be signed.

If a reply is received the Ministers will hold a meeting as soon as the copies of the protocol are ready.

Li Hung Chang has had a serious attack of sickness, the result of overexertion in connection with the conferences. He is better today.

NEW LIGHT CURE FOR LUPUS.

Manager of Copenhagen Laboratory Constructs Electric Lamp Rich in Bacteria Killing Rays.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, Aug. 23.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Copenhagen says that Dr. Sophus Bang, manager of the laboratory belonging to Professor Finsen, an inventor of light cure for lupus, has constructed a special electric lamp giving a feeble light, but which is extremely rich in chemical rays. The dispatch adds that Dr. Bang uses metal instead of carbon poles. The bacteria killing power of these lamps is ten times as great as that of an ordinary lamp and a lupus patient requiring seventy-five minutes' treatment with the arc lamp will require only from three to five minutes' treatment with the new one, which costs only about $15.

BOER GOVERNMENT WIPED OUT.

Members of the Transvaal Council and Legislature Nearly All Dead or Prisoners.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PRETORIA, Aug. 22.—Of the members of the old government Executive council only Schalk, Berger, and Reitz are in the field. General Joubert is dead, General Cronje is a prisoner, and General Kock was killed.

Out of twenty-seven members of the first Volksraad thirteen are accounted for. Barnard, Labuschagne, and Malan have been killed. Tosen is dead. Wolmarans is a prisoner. Eight members of the First Volksraad have surrendered.

About half of the members of the Second Volksraad are accounted for. All the heads of the state departments are accounted for except Smuts. Three of them are in Europe, two are prisoners, and fourteen have surrendered. The Judges are all accounted for. Seventy-five per cent of the subheads of departments are accounted for.

Talk of Czar's Intervention.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 22.—The Independence Belgie today prints a dispatch from Copenhagen, which says:

"It is currently reported in Russian circles that the Czar has decided to broach south African intervention to Emperor William and President Loubet. He considers the time opportune for friendly mediation."

The paper adds, under reserve, that the Czar, during his stay in France, will receive Mr. Kruger in private audience and obtain from him a direct statement of the Boer position with the view of formulating a plan for action.

DECISION FAVORS THE CHINESE.

Federal Court of Honolulu Declares Celestials Born in Hawaiian Islands Are Citizens of United States.

HONOLULU, Aug. 14, via San Francisco, Aug. 22.—[Correspondence.]—United States Judge Estes has rendered a decision, in which he declares that all Chinese born in the Hawiian Islands are American citizens, no matter what government they were born under.

The question of the constitution and the flag is not yet settled in Hawaii, as applicable to criminal matters. The Supreme Court has just begun a special term to consider the cases of a number of prisoners released by the Circuit Court on the ground that they were illegally convicted because, after annexation, they were found guilty and sentenced on verdicts of nine jurors.

It is contended by Attorney General Dole that the recent insular decisions contained nothing to indicate an opinion by the National Supreme Court that the first ten amendments to the constitution "follow the flag," but that the said decision simply covers the point that annexed territories cease to be foreign, as far as tariff considerations are concerned, as soon as annexation is complete.

A special meeting of the Planters' association has been called to discuss the labor question. There is a shortage of labor throughout the group. No more negroes are wanted, as those here have not proved good workmen and have been troublesome. In some industries Porto Ricans are wanted.

Action has been taken in the Supreme Court here to test the legality of the income tax law passed by the recent Legislature.

WILL CIRCULATE GOLD COIN.

Austro-Hungarian Bank Getting Ready to Replace Paper Money with Metal.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

VIENNA, Aug. 22.—The directors of the Austro-Hungarian Bank have decided to begin the introduction of gold currency by a small issue of 20-kronan gold pieces. The governments of the dual monarchies have collected a sufficient reserve of gold bullion to begin to replace paper money by gold. The gold will be merely experimental in order to accustom the public to the circulation of gold. The present generation in Austria-Hungary has never seen gold circulating, and it is feared that the gold will be hoarded by certain classes of the population. If, however, the issue proves successful a larger one will be made.

CZAR LEAVES POLITICS AT HOME

Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs Will Not Visit Paris with the Emperor.

PARIS, Aug. 23, 3 a. m.—"It is still doubtful whether Count Lamsdorff will accompany the Czar to France," says a dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Figaro. "The Foreign Minister prefers to abstain, so as not to give a political color to the visit. The Czar has ordered the indefinite postponement of the opening of the Troitsky bridge over the Neva, of which the late M. Felix Faure laid the first stone, so that M. Loubet may be able to be present at the inauguration."

Australia Gives Ballot to Women.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SYDNEY, N. S. W., Aug. 22.—The new Legislative Assembly passed the woman's franchise bill on its third reading.

RICH MINER IS SHOT TO DEATH.

Millionaire "Sam" Strong Killed in Saloon Fight at Cripple Creek.

LIFE FULL OF ADVENTURE

Struck Rich Mines and Had More Money than He Knew How to Spend.

WEALTH MADE HIM TROUBLE

Cripple Creek, Colo., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—"Sam" Strong, who struck it so rich in Cripple Creek and Victor mines that he did not know what to do with his money, was shot and instantly killed at an early hour this morning by Grant Crumley, saloonkeeper and proprietor of a gambling-house.

Strong, with a party of friends, had been touring the town all night, visiting the gambling-houses and saloons. Early in the evening Sherman Crumley, a brother of Grant Crumley, was shot through the thigh by William Trombach in a quarrel over a bet, and there was trouble in the air.

Strong and his party entered Crumley's saloon, and, before they had been there long Crumley and John Neville, the father of Strong's beautiful young wife, engaged in an altercation. Believing his father-in-law was in danger Strong drew a revolver. Crumley sprang behind the bar, grabbed a shotgun, and blew a hole through Strong's head, putting an end to one of the most remarkable careers in the mining country.

Crumley at once gave himself up to the police.

Career Full of Adventure.

Strong was a clerk at $10 a week in Denver when the gold fever got into his veins. He took to the hills with a pick and pan just before the first great excitement at Cripple Creek and Victor.

Within a few years he was one of the richest men in the country. The value of his claims he could scarcely calculate and he could have sold them for millions at any time. He owned the famous Strong mine at Victor, which he discovered, and he had valuable claims through the Cripple Creek district.

His wealth brought Strong into difficulties which might have shaken another man. He seemed not to worry.

One of the sensations in which his career abounded was the blowing up of the Strong mine in 1894. Three men, charged with the act, were convicted and sentenced to prison. These men, Rheims, Tully, and Lyons, in conjunction with Messrs. Lenox and Goldding, who owned the bonds on the Strong mine when it was blown up, brought suit against Strong in 1900 asking $450,000 damages.

Sued for Breach of Promise.

February, 1900, Strong married Miss Regina Neville, the beauty of Altman, Col., and, before the honeymoon had fairly risen, he was made the defendant in two breach of promise suits, the two damaged fair ones asking $450,000.

Luella Vance of Goldfield, who demanded $250,000, brought one of the suits, and the papers were thrust into Strong's hands as he was leaving the church with his bride, and Nellie Lewis of Colorado Springs demanded $200,000 because, she said, her affections had been trifled with.

Miss Lewis said Strong promised to marry her and take her around the world, and that they went as far as New York, but that he failed to make good his promise of marriage, although he promised her repeatedly, and made the same promises to her father.

Miss Vance also said she was dazzled by promises of trips around the world. Miss Lewis got a judgment for $50,000, and the other case was compromised out of court.

Strong took all these things easily, as did his wife, he declaring that he was simply paying the penalty of getting rich suddenly. He often said that in his early hardships in the hills, before he made his lucky strikes, he earned every dollar of the millions he possessed.

JAPAN HAS MORE COMPLAINTS.

Honolulu Health Officer Accused of Offensive Conduct to Citizens of Mikado's Empire.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—The resolutions of protest recently forwarded to the Japanese Minister in Washington by Japanese residents of Honolulu appear to have more serious justification than the single case complained of. At the Japanese Consulate in this city it is said United States Quarantine Officer Dr. L. T. Coffer in Honolulu has made it his practice habitually to discriminate against all Japanese and Chinese coming to that port in his official examinations, while permitting passengers of other nationalities to go virtually unchallenged.

On July 26, when S. Okabe, the newly appointed Japanese Vice Consul for Honolulu, arrived in port, both his gentleman and his wife were subjected to this humiliating ordeal. At the same time this zealous quarantine official, passing over European travelers, laid his hand on Miss Amai and Miss Nobechi, two Japanese young women of aristocratic family, on their way to the United States to pursue their studies. Miss Imai is now in New York and Miss Nobechi is in Pacific Grove in this State.

It will be recollected that during the plague in San Francisco last year Dr. Kinyoun, then United States quarantine officer here, made a gross error in including the Japanese with the Chinese in an order forbidding them to pass in or out of the city. The matter was taken up by the Japanese foreign office in Tokiyo, and an apology exacted from the United States.

Notes from Foreign Lands.

LONDON—The German Crown Prince Frederick William visited Lord Rosebery at Dalmeny Park, Edinburg.

SHANGHAI.—The Yellow River is in flood. In the Province of Shan Tung the destruction of property is immense.

LONDON—A stoker of the name of Robert Cundy died at Ashton-under-Lyne of what is alleged to have been Asiatic cholera.

LONDON.—The monthly pilot chart shows many icebergs between America and Europe, principally east of Newfoundland.

ST. PETERSBURG.—There is good reason for stating that the Czar on his way to Paris will first stop at Copenhagen and then at Dantzic.

LONDON—The Montrose sailed from Cape Town for Bermuda on Aug. 16, carrying 301 British troops and 972 Boer prisoners, who will arrive on Sept. 11.

GLASGOW.—The International Law association adopted a motion urging the United States and Great Britain to accede to The Hague convention dealing with rights of pauper litigants.

BELFAST—The work of reconstructing the American line steamer Philadelphia, formerly the Paris, has been completed and it sailed today for Southampton, from which port it will sail for New York on Aug. 31.

BERLIN—Emperor William will give a reception to the Chinese mission, headed by Prince Chun, at the royal palace here on Aug. 27. Chancellor von Bülow and all the chief officers of the army and navy will be present.

CAPE TOWN—The Duchess of Cornwall and York laid the foundation stone of the Somerset Hospital nurses' house and subsequntly drove around the Kloof. In the afternoon the Duke of Cornwall and York laid the foundation-stone of the new cathedral.

LONDON.—In response to a largely signed petition, recently forward to the Home office asking for the release of Earl Russell, now serving a sentence of three months' imprisonment for bigamy, the Home Secretary writes that he can see no reason why he should interfere.

LONDON.—A writer in the Standard, reviewing the British iron trade, considers that there is every prospect of a considerable revival in the autumn and winter. American consumers of finished goods, he asserts, are placing orders in Great Britain on account of the steel strike.

AIRSHIP MEN ARE BUSY.

BRIDGEPORT INVENTOR WILL ATTEMPT TRIP TO NEW YORK.

Gustav Whitehead Building Machine Modeled After One Which He Claims Has Made Successful Flights—M. Deutsch, Who Offered Paris Prize, Abandons Efforts on His Own Balloon—R. J. Hoffmann Constructing Flyer at Berlin.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Gustav Whitehead, the flying machine inventor of this city, who one night a week ago is said to have flown a distance of half a mile in his machine, at a height of fifty feet, said today that his next flight will consist of a trip to New York and return. For this purpose he is having a new machine built on his premises, the only difference in the two, he says, is that the new one will be built stronger and large enough to carry half a dozen persons.

During the latter part of the week Whitehead will take his present machine to Atlantic City, N. J., where he intends exhibiting it.

M. Deutsch Gives Up Airship.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Aug. 22.—M. Deutsch, the donor of the prize for an airship that would leave St. Cloud, turn the Eiffel tower, and return in thirty minutes, has abandoned his experiments on his own balloon for the present. He says that because of its enormous dimensions his balloon would require a greater area than can be found near Paris. M. Deutsch's airship, it is said, is modeled on that of M. Santos-Dumont's, and is of sixty-horse power. The young Brazilian's wrecked airship was of sixteen horsepower.

Hoffmann's New Flying Machine.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Engineering describes minutely R. J. Hoffmann's flying machine, which is nearing completion in Berlin, as being similar to Professor Langley's, but adds that it has some essential improvements, including a water tube boiler and a compound condensing engine.

The condensation is effected by carrying the exhaust steam through hollow ribs of the wings, where it is exposed to strong currents of air. The propeller makes fifty revolutions per second, and the wings spread nine feet. The working model weighs seven pounds.

DISCUSSES "AMERICAN PERIL."

Austrian Publicist Declares Europe Must Combine Against United States or Be Conquered.

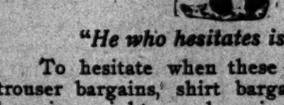
VIENNA, Aug. 22.—Professor Edward Suess, the publicist and paleontologist, has given an interview respecting the industrial and political preponderance of the United States.

He observes that the declining national sentiment in Europe should be replaced by a movement for the common defense of the central European states against the American trusts, which are moving to conquer the foreign markets more surely than they could be conquered by battleships.

The American balance of trade, he says, has reached an unparalleled figure. It was a serious question if the present political units of central Europe were strong enough to make an effective defense.

The present shifting of the center of gravity of the world's forces would create three great units—China, Russia, and America. Of the three the United States had decidedly the lead.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.



Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets, and Hyde Park all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

Foreign mails will close at the Chicago Postoffice today as follows:

For Belgium, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, and Cape Colony, 4:30 p. m.

For Cuba, via Tampa, 6 p. m.

For Jamaica, 12 p. m.

For Argentine Republic, Uruguay, and Paraguay, 12 p. m.

Hawaii, Japan, China, Corea, and Philippines via San Francisco, steamship Gaelic, closing here Friday, Aug. 23, at 9 p. m.

P. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 22, 8 p. m.—Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

For Illinois—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, cooler Saturday in western and southern portions, winds becoming fresh northerly.

For Ohio—Showers Friday, Saturday fair, light southerly winds, shifting to westerly.

For Lower Michigan—Fair in western, showers in eastern portion Friday, Saturday fair, with cooler in eastern portion, light to fresh westerly winds.

For Upper Michigan—Fair in western, showers in eastern portion Friday, Saturday fair, light to fresh westerly winds.

For Indiana—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, cooler Saturday, winds becoming fresh northerly.

For Wisconsin—Generally fair Friday and Saturday, light to fresh westerly winds.

For Minnesota—Fair Friday, cooler in northern and western portions, Saturday fair, light northerly winds.

For Iowa—Fair Friday and Saturday, light northerly winds.

For South Dakota—Fair, cooler Friday, Saturday fair, northerly winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: Aug. 22, 8 p. m.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation in hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	29.92	90	94	E.	....	Clear
Albany	30.12	78	86	S.E.	Tr.	Fair
Alpena	29.90	68	84	W.	.38	Clear
Atlanta	30.04	86	88	N.W.	3.96	Cl'dy
Amarillo	29.90	86	88	S.E.	....	Clear
Battleford	30.18	50	50	Calm	.16	Cl'dy
Bismarck	29.92	72	84	S.W.	....	Clear
Buffalo	29.98	74	86	S.E.	.06	Cl'dy
Boston	30.22	68	70	S.E.	....	Clear
Cairo	29.92	90	92	S.	.18	Fair
Charlotte	30.02	78	88	N.E.	....	Fair
Cheyenne	29.96	80	82	S.	Tr.	Fair
Chicago	29.92	72	90	N.E.	.38	Cl'dy
Cincinnati	29.98	78	88	S.	Tr.	Fair
Cleveland	29.94	74	80	S.E.	.34	Fair
Concordia	29.90	92	94	S.	....	Clear
Davenport	29.86	78	88	N.	Tr.	Clear
Denver	29.92	84	88	N.E.	....	Clear
Des Moines	29.98	78	88	S.	.10	Clear
Detroit	29.92	74	82	S.W.	.06	Clear
Dodge City	29.96	88	92	N.E.	....	Clear
Dubuque	29.90	76	84	S.W.	.16	Fair
Duluth	29.96	74	74	N.W.	.18	Clear
El Paso	29.82	90	96	E.	.08	Fair
Galveston	29.90	76	90	S.E.	3.12	Cl'dy
Grand Haven	29.90	70	76	Calm	.02	Rain
Green Bay	29.88	76	80	W.	.02	Cl'dy
Havre	29.96	72	82	W.	....	Clear
Helena	29.90	82	82	N.E.	....	Clear
Huron	30.02	80	82	N.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	29.92	78	84	N.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Jacksonville	30.02	78	84	S.E.	.06	Fair
Kansas City	29.98	82	86	N.W.	.04	Clear
Lander	29.98	80	82	S.W.	....	Clear
Little Rock	29.94	82	90	S.	....	Cl'dy
Los Angeles	29.88	68	78	W.	....	Clear
Marquette	29.92	72	78	S.W.	.28	Cl'dy
Memphis	29.94	84	88	S.W.	.06	Fair
Medicine Hat	30.06	64	76	N.E.	....	Clear
Minnedosa	30.12	56	72	N.E.	....	Cl'dy
Montgomery	30.02	72	86	S.E.	.02	Cl'dy
Montreal	30.02	72	84	W.	.12	Cl'dy
Nashville	29.98	76	84	S.	.22	Fair
New Orleans	29.98	78	84	S.	1.01	Cl'dy
New York City	30.12	78	84	S.E.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Norfolk	30.10	76	88	S.E.	Tr.	Fair
North Platte	30.04	76	84	S.E.	.20	Fair
Oklahoma	29.96	86	94	S.	....	Clear
Omaha	30.02	72	88	S.	.00	Clear
Oswego	30.02	72	88	S.	.00	Cl'dy
Palestine	29.94	84	86	E.	Tr.	Fair
Parkersburg	30.00	80	90	S.	....	Cl'dy
Philadelphia	30.14	80	90	S.	....	Fair
Pittsburg	30.00	74	90	S.E.	.28	Rain
Pueblo	29.90	86	88	S.E.	....	Clear
Qu'Appelle	30.12	54	70	N.E.	Tr.	Rain
Rapid City	29.92	80	84	E.	....	Clear
San Francisco	29.98	58	60	S.W.	....	Clear
Sault Ste. Marie	29.86	66	80	W.	.18	Cl'dy
St. Paul	29.98	74	76	N.W.	.02	Clear
Salt Lake City	29.78	92	96	W.	.04	Clear
Springfield, Ill.	29.90	80	90	S.	....	Cl'dy
Springfield, Mo.	29.92	82	94	N.	.04	Clear
Vicksburg	29.94	82	86	S.W.	....	Clear
Washington	30.08	80	88	S.	....	Clear
White River	29.90	64	82	N.	.01	Rain
Williston	29.88	86	88	W.	....	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 46 East Madison street, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 76 degrees above zero; 9 a. m., 77; 10 a. m., 78; 11 a. m., 80; 12 m., 81; 1 p. m., 82; 3 p. m., 71; 6 p. m., 72. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.42; 6 p. m., 29.49.

We Close Saturdays During August at 1 O'Clock.

"He who hesitates is lost."

To hesitate when these suit bargains, trouser bargains, shirt bargains, neckwear bargains, nightwear bargains, hosiery bargains, hat bargains, etc., are offered, is to lose a golden opportunity that may be regretted. August is the price-cutting and slashing month in all departments.

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OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health department yesterday:

Anderson, Christina, 70; 137 W. Huron-st., Aug. 21.
Brew, Mary, 18; 316 Grand-av., Aug. 21.
Behrend, Mary, 48; 717 N. Ashland-av., Aug. 21.
Chaya, John, 5; Fullerton and High-sts., Aug. 21.
Cremins, James, 35; 352 Center-av., Aug. 20.
Danks, Hannah, 68; 11227 Torrence-av., Aug. 21.
Franklin, George, 10; 4 Edgmont-av., Aug. 20.
Gardner, Maggareth, 26; 56 Dayton-st., Aug. 20.
Gwidalski, Marcion, 6; 5452 Escanaba-av., Aug. 21.
Johnson, Axel, 10; 821 W. 22d-st., Aug. 21
Johnson, Lee A., 24; 44 43d-st., Aug. 20.
Johnson, Abraham J., 50; 47th-st. and Michigan-av., Aug. 20.
Kocsiena, Agnes, 20; 272 Center-av., Aug. 22.
Kenny, Mary, 28; 407 McLain-av., Aug. 20.
Knapp, Sarah E., 64; 206 28th-st., Aug. 19.
Loney, Patrick H., 28; 521 W. 15th-st., Aug. 20.
Levendowski, Mary, 50; 54 Cherry-av., Aug. 20.
Lauffenburger, Frederic, 61; Colfax-pl. and Pacific-av., Aug. 21.
Murphy, Daniel T., 33; 937 73d-st., Aug. 22.
Mikrut, Ignais, 20; 858 W. 17th-st., Aug. 20.
Nagl, Julius, 45; 3348 Armour-av., Aug. 21.
Nelson, Hannah, 48; 32 Bellevue-pl., Aug. 20.
O'Neill, Katherine, 44; 221 Leland-av., Aug. 21.
O'Hirn, John, 59; 322 Morgan-st., Aug. 21.
Pawlak, Wladyslaw, 6; 634 Leavitt-st., Aug. 21.
Porges, Minnie, 30; 1127 Forest-av., Aug. 21.
Rubos, John, 26; 124 String-st., Aug. 22.
Radix, Stanislaus, 54; 151 Harborn-av., Aug. 19.
Schuhmacher, Peter, 30; 288 Chourn-av., Aug. 21.
Schrof, Anna, 35; 611 37th-st., Aug. 21.
Scheidnep, Jens B., 48; 479 Potomac-av., Aug. 19.
Skobio, Frank M., 71; 635 Hoyne-av., Aug. 20.
Snieft, Henry B., 52; 338 La Salle-st., Aug. 22.
Snorden, Samuel, 45; 176 Grand-av., Aug. 21.
Suhling, Henrietta, 46; 1715 Diversey-blvd., Aug. 20.
Schil, Anton, 51; 9048 Avenue L., Aug. 20.
Sayberlich, Charles, 26; Cook County Hospital, Aug. 19.
Uhlir, Rosalie, 52; 5034 Winchester-av., Aug. 21.
Van Dusen, Gladys, 2; 2351 Kimball-av., Aug. 20.
Vanderbeken, Canda, 22; 75 Doyle-st., Aug. 22.
Valvoda, Frantisek, 53; 838 W. 18th-st., Aug. 20.
Wozniak, Stanislaus, 38; 851 Fry-st., Aug. 22.
Wenifell, Philip, 26; 5023 Calumet-av., Aug. 20.

DEATHS.

BARRELL—Susan Finley Barrell, wife of James Barrell, suddenly at Harbor Point, Mich., Aug. 21. Funeral from residence, 2916 Michigan-av., Saturday, Aug. 24, at 1:30 p. m.

FARTHING—John Farthing, aged 82 years, husband of Anastasia Farthing and father of Mrs. Daniel R. Spooner. Funeral services from his late residence, 3851 Vernon-av., Friday, 1:30 p. m. Burial at Buffalo, N. Y.

LANTRY—402 North Clark-st., Thursday, Aug. 22, Clara C. Lantry, beloved daughter of Mrs. Delia Lantry. Funeral notice later.

PORGES—Minnie Porges, beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Porges. Funeral from house of parents, 3329 Forest-av., 10 o'clock a. m., Friday. Carriages to Rosehill.

CHAMBERS—Aug. 19, Alice Chambers, aged 26 years. Funeral today at 2 p. m. from Sheldon's Undertaking Rooms, 259 W. Madison-st., to Church of the Immaculate Conception, corner North Park-av. and Schiller-st. Interment at Calvary.

SHANE—Leslie Shane, 7134 Parnell-av., aged 12 years 3 months, Aug. 21. Funeral private, 2 o'clock, Saturday, Aug. 24.

STARRETT—Entered into rest, Aug. 22, David A. Starrett. Funeral from the family residence, 678 Congress-st., Saturday, at 1 o'clock. Burial private.

VAN DEURSEN—Arie Van Deursen, on Aug. 21, at 6:30 p. m., husband of his daughter, Mrs. Nellie Hoven, 6350 Sangamon-st., aged 77 years 2 months. Funeral from Englewood Dutch Reformed Church, 63d and Peoria-sts., Saturday, Aug. 24, at 10:30 a. m., carriages to Mount Hope. Please omit flowers.

VOSBURGH—Aug. 22, 1901, Eli Vosburgh, beloved husband of Cecelia Vosburgh, née Olsen. Funeral from Sheldon's Undertaking Rooms, 259 W. Madison-st., today, at 11 o'clock. Interment at Forest Home.

WARNE—Mrs. Mary Drinker Warne at Winnetka, Ill., Aug. 22.

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FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, single copy.....3 cents
Sunday, single copy.....5 cents
Daily, per week.....12 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week.....17 cents
Daily, per month.....50 cents
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Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1901.

The Proposed Shipbuilders' Combine.

It is said that all the ship building plants of the United States are to be brought under the control of one great corporation which is to be to the shipbuilding industry what the United States Steel company seeks to be to the iron and steel industry. It is said also that the relations between the two great corporations will be intimate. Presumably the will buy much of its material from the other. This combination of the American shipbuilding plants is by no means improbable. Those on the Pacific coast are understood to have been brought under one management. This may be the first move in the game of consolidation, but if these shipbuilding plants are consolidated the passage of a ship subsidy measure will not be promoted thereby. Some of the shipbuilders on the Atlantic coast have taken a lively interest in the enactment of such legislation. The public has watched their efforts with comparative unconcern. There is so much distrust of combines that if an American shipbuilding trust with the United States Steel corporation and one or two great railway corporations behind it were to appeal to Congress for a ship subsidy law in order that there might be a better demand for American built ships and larger profits for the trust, the public would protest far more energetically than it has done yet against subsidy legislation. If the American shipbuilders wish to combine in order "to begin a commercial war for the conquest of the world," as it is said they do, they can do so, and probably then can win in that war. But they must win without government aid.

The man who wishes to retain his anti-capitalistic principles intact must keep himself unspotted from oil.

Bryan in Great Danger.

He who touches it finds himself before long almost inevitably in the camp of the plutocrats. Oil wells are traps set to catch the sturdy champions of the rights of the "plain people." Not long ago Mr. Charles A. Towne of Minnesota, that ardent advocate of free silver and anti-imperialism, became the owner of a Texas oil well. His clarion voice is no longer heard deploring the inevitable downfall of free institutions under the McKinley administration. Oil has taken away his parts of speech. Ex-Governor Hogg of Texas is out of politics, for he is in oil. He has ceased spouting, and lets his oil well attend to that. Now there comes a Wyoming dispatch to the effect that William J. Bryan, who is spending his vacation in the southern part of that State, has taken a deep interest in recent oil discoveries there, and has bought some oil lands, with the intention of developing them. Every Populist who hears of this should send the impassioned telegraphic C. O. D. appeal to Mr. Bryan to drop the prairy fields and the seductive oil or he will be lost to them forever. The Populist cannot be reassured by the statement that if Mr. Bryan strikes oil he will make war on the Standard Oil company and crush it. They know better. He will sell out to it. They know that if Mr. Bryan strikes oil he will inevitably become a bloated capitalist who will not hesitate to press a crown of thorns on the brow of labor if there are any dividends to be made by it. From the ownership of an oil well to the advocacy of trusts and the single gold standard is but a step. Mr. Bryan's friends should bid him beware of the insidious oil fields of fair Wyoming.

BOOKER WASHINGTON'S ADVICE.

Booker T. Washington has on many public occasions, as well as in private, spoken words of wisdom to his race, but rarely has he uttered wiser or more far-reaching sentiments than those contained in his address to the National Negro Business league, now in session in this city. The delegates assembled in this convention are colored men and women from all parts of the country, willing to devise ways and means for the improvement of their position in the business world. As leading representatives of their race they will do well to reject the counsels of the hot-headed and unreasoning, give heed to Mr. Washington's sensible advice, and commend it to their people.

The keynote of Mr. Washington's address was the necessity of recognizing that in all their business enterprises colored men must begin at the bottom and work up, and learn the lesson of small beginnings. "No race or individual can succeed that does not sacrifice today for tomorrow—that does not plan this year for the next." "Success in any enterprise usually has back of it years of patient sacrifice, thrift, economy, and seeming failure and struggle." The illustrations of the truth of these sentiments were on the floor of the convention hall and were heard from on the same day. They were Charles Banks of Clarksdale, Miss., doing a general store business of $50,000, with $50,000 more invested in real estate; W. O. Murphy of Atlanta, Ga., doing a grocery business of $30,000 a year; F. D. Patterson, an enterprising carriage manufacturer of Greenfield, O.; Martin Ferguson, a wealthy livery man of Jacksonville, Fla.; and Judge W. W. Gibbs, once a slave, now representing the United States as Consul in Madagascar. All of these men and many others began at the bottom and are rising to the top by industry, thrift, and courage.

The brightest example of the truth of his own sentiments is Booker T. Washington himself, who began at the bottom and has risen to be the head of one of the largest manual training institutions in this country, the acknowledged leader of his race, and a man as much respected by the white people of the South as by those of the North. His own success lends added force to these words which he spoke and which every negro should remember: "The object lesson of one honest negro succeeding in each community in some business or industry is worth a hundred abstract speeches in securing opportunities for the race."

WHERE THE MONEY WENT.

A majority of the members of the Lincoln Park board have voted not to rob Peter to pay Paul, for the excellent reason that Peter has a greater need of money at this time than Paul has. They have voted not to strip the maintenance fund, which is none too large, in order to fill up a sinking fund, squandered by preceding administrations, which will not be needed until 1907, while money must be spent now on repairs or the entire park will molder into intolerable decay.

It appears from the report of the Finance committee that—

> The buildings have not been painted; all iron work is badly rusted; the woodwork in the greenhouses is rotting away; the principal drives have received no dressing of stone for many years, and they are worn down to the road metal and until the manholes project unpleasantly above the surface; the lake shore protection and sea wall were in bad condition; one of the most attractive drives of the park has remained closed for a long time because of the unsafe condition of a small bridge; the power plant has been allowed to get into a dangerous condition; the animal cages are much out of repair; dead trees have not been replaced, and many other things are in pressing need of attention.

Evidently these are matters which have to be attended to at once and which cannot be postponed until 1907. If postponed there will be no park left by that time. The maintenance fund cannot be diverted to other uses than maintenance. The recommendation of a minority of the commissioners that it be drawn on to make good sinking fund shortages for which this board is not responsible is an unbusinesslike and destructive proposition, and while not so intended contemplates a real breach of trust.

The question may well be asked how it happens that the sinking fund has been despoiled and yet the park has been so neglected. Where did the money go? The committee gives a partial explanation. It is politics. Unnecessary and inefficient men have been employed and the work done by them has been bad and costly. The committee says:

> One of the members of the last board has told us that it was a common custom before primary and other elections to force on the park as many as 900 men for whom there was really no work to do. This means an outlay of at least $500 per day—not for the good of the park, but purely for politics.

The committee says: "It is safe to say that if this board remains as it is no such abuse of the public moneys will be permitted again." No such assurance as this is needed from the board as at present constituted. The people who take their pleasure in Lincoln Park and who pay taxes for its support have confidence in the business capacity and freedom from the taint of politics of the present park management. The people have already begun to see an improvement in the park under the new régime and they look forward to the day when that park will be again the beautiful resort it was before politics took possession of it.

The people have entire confidence in the men who are now managing park affairs and do not wish to see them interfered with in their intelligent plans for saving that park from ruin.

FEMININE GENEROSITY.

The announcement in a single issue of THE TRIBUNE that the late Empress Dowager of Germany has enriched the Kensington Museum and a prominent German gallery with her large collection of prints, etchings, and drawings, that Christine Nilsson, the prima donna of the old days, and the golden days, of music, has given her fine collection of paintings to the Smaland Museum in Stockholm, and that the Countess of Warwick has established an agricultural college for women at Reading, England, calls attention to the fact, not generally known, that women are playing a prominent part in philanthropic movements in the various departments of the world's work not only by personal participation but also by the donation of money.

When one considers the great number of wealthy men in the United States and the comparatively few wealthy women who have absolute control of their money, one is led to the conclusion that women are proportionately doing their full if not more than their full share, as the following figures will demonstrate. The total contributions to art, education, religion, and charity, in sums of over $10,000, for the first six months of this year, in round numbers, amounted to $63,000,000. Of this sum women contributed a little over $10,000,000, or about one-sixth. Eliminating from the total what is credited to four men, Andrew Carnegie, J. D. Rockefeller, J. Pierpont Morgan, and Dr. D. K. Pearsons, women contributed more than one-third of the remainder.

In the list of these contributors the following fifteen stand out conspicuously: Mrs. Joseph L. Newcombe of New York, by will, to Tulane University, New Orleans, $3,000,000; Mrs. P. D. Armour of Chicago, in association with her son, gift to Armour Institute, $1,250,000; Mrs. Edna J. McPherson of Newark, N. J., by will, to Yale College, $750,000; Mrs. H. R. Schley and Mrs. R. P. Flower of New York, gift to the Town of Watertown, N. Y., $500,000; Miss Helen Gould of New York, gift to charity, $400,000; Mrs. Vaughan Marquis of Ashland, Wis., by will, to the church, $300,000; Mrs. J. F. Ryan of New York, gift to the church, $250,000; Mrs. Eugene Kelly of Buffalo, N. Y., gift to church, $250,000; Mrs. Emmons Blaine and Mrs. Cyrus McCormick, gift to the University of Chicago, $250,000; Mrs. A. S. Greenspau of Topeka, Kas., by will, to charity, $200,000; Mrs. Louisé Sebor of Middleton, Conn., by will to church, $175,000; Mrs. Margaret J. Bennett of Baltimore, by will, to charity, $150,000; Mrs. Mary Shannon of Newton, Mass., by will to various colleges, $123,500; Mrs. G. S. Burbank of Fitchburg, Mass., gift to charity, $120,000; Mrs. F. H. Alms, Cincinnati, O., gift to the University of Cincinnati, $100,000; a total of $7,788,500, the remaining nearly three millions having been given in smaller sums by a large number of women.

A notable feature of this generosity is the fact that while men give the most to education women give the most to charity and religion.

The Franco-Turkish Trouble.

Though France is sending warships to Constantinople, it is not likely that there will be any powder burned in the little difficulty between France and Turkey. The President and Premier of France have no more desire for war than the Sultan has, but they intend to make the Turkish ruler keep his contracts. The dead-beat propensities of the Sultan have got him into many scrapes before, and experience has made him an expert in getting out of them. No doubt he will pay the French claims when he sees he must. The trouble arises from the building of wharves in Constantinople by French capitalists under a concession from the Turkish government. The French company was allowed to make certain wharfage charges, and if its income fell short of a stipulated amount the deficit was to be supplied by Turkey. It seems that there has been a deficit, but the Sultan refuses to live up to his contract. The French government intends to see that its citizens have their rights, and it is well aware that a show of force is one of the few arguments which can induce the Sultan to pay a debt. Probably the Sultan will yield the debated point as grudgingly as he did in regard to the recent American claims. If France really intended to make war on Turkey it would first have to come to an understanding with the other powers of Europe. It is Turkey's unique position as the "sick man of Europe" that enables the Sultan to play fast and loose with his creditors, but he knows it is not wise to carry this game too far.

STILL CLINGING TO FREE SILVER.

The Iowa Democrats "reaffirm the principles of the Democratic national platform adopted at Kansas City." As it is the expressed belief of the party that the coming campaign is particularly one that should be confined to State issues, there is nothing to be gained by the reaffirmation of certain of the dead and buried doctrines of the Kansas City platform. Since the Iowa Democrats felt themselves obliged to refer to other than State issues, they would have acted more wisely if they had repudiated "free silver" and "anti-imperialism," and put forward some national issue which has a little vitality.

The Iowa Democracy, which never has had much weight in party counsels, threw away an opportunity to count for something. Apparently the State is too near Nebraska and its Democrats are too much under Populist influence. General Weaver, who is a Democrat now, was a member of the convention. It voted—yeas, 661; nays, 558—that it stand by the absurdities of the Kansas City platform. This is not a declaration which will help the party to carry the State. The Republican candidates need not look for the majority given last year to McKinley, for many Democrats who voted for him will this year support the State ticket of their party. But the Republican ticket cannot be defeated on national or State issues.

While the Iowa Democrats have not yet emancipated themselves from Bryanism, they are moving towards emancipation. In last year's convention free silver was indorsed with practical unanimity. A year or two hence it will be in the minority in a State convention. Iowa Democrats do move, but they are quite slow about it.

NEW TROLLEY USES.

Experiments are reported to be in progress in Cleveland with an electric trolley street sweeper. The machine is said to have an eight-foot central broom and also another extending as an arm twelve feet to the side. What success has as yet attended or been foreshadowed by this device does not appear. It is a matter of general interest, however, that such experiments should be made.

The idea of cleaning streets by an electric sweeper is, of course, not new. Some effort in this direction was made, for example, two or three years ago in Boston, although it appears not to have been followed up. That such cleaning between and immediately adjacent to the car tracks must be feasible may almost be said to be obvious. It would also seem likely that such a sweeper could be made to cover in addition a considerable space at either side of the rails. In the case of some streets their whole surface might thus be covered, while in the case of others of greater width horse or hand sweepers might be required to range the outer portions and to shunt the refuse within reach of the power sweeper.

It reflects upon the enterprise of local street railway management that no experiments in this line have ever been promoted by our own car companies, although they should, by virtue of their control of the basic agencies, feel a keen curiosity and interest in the possibilities involved. The likelihood, too, which is thus suggested of ever new uses for street car facilities emphasizes the reasons for keeping all arrangements with car companies in such a condition that such uses when demanded can be brought about expeditiously and on fair terms.

DECREASE IN THE DEATH RATE.

The mortality statistics issued by the Census bureau at Washington show that the death rate of the nation is growing less, and that Chicago is the most healthful large city in the country. The nation's death rate has decreased nearly 10 per cent in the last ten years. Chicago leads in the improvement of health conditions. Milwaukee, St. Paul, and Minneapolis are the only cities of any size that have a lower death rate than Chicago.

These statistics bear trustworthy testimony to the advance in medical science, and still more to the value of improved methods of sanitation and precaution against disease in cities. Through these causes the nation is growing healthier and longer lived. Statistics of deaths are more reliable than those of births or of marriages, because a death is not easily concealed or overlooked. The records of this kind also are constantly growing more accurate. Probably there were more omissions in 1890 than in 1900, so that the actual percentage of decrease in the death rate is even greater than the available figures show.

Ten years ago the average age of death was 31.1 years; now it is 35.2 years. In general there is an increase of deaths from old age diseases and a decrease in the diseases of infancy. While infant deaths still constitute about one-third of the total, there is an encouraging falling off in deaths from infantile diseases. This improvement no doubt is due to better sanitation, purer water, and a more general observance of the laws of health. The advance in this respect is more marked in the cities than in the rural districts. The statistics show a lower death rate in the country than in the cities, but allowance must be made for the fact that many country people who are fatally ill go to the city hospitals for treatment, and their deaths then appear upon the city's mortality lists.

THE VALUE OF A BIT OF BUDDHA.

There was found recently in Madras a relic that is accepted by experts as the most authentic remnant of Buddha now extant. It is a small flake of bone about the size of a finger nail, probably from the head of the femur of Gautama. It was discovered in a great granite ball ten feet in circumference, which bore an inscription in Asokan characters, and which fell apart upon the application of pressure. In the center was a small box of white crystal containing the relic. The inscription and other data show that the bone was sealed up in this way 250 years before Christ by persons who believed in its authenticity. It is contemporaneous with the earliest known records of Buddhism, dating to within 150 years of Buddha's death, which state that by the Master's own wish parts of his body were distributed among the faithful after his death.

Whether authentic or not, this bit of bone has a priceless value in the eyes of true Buddhists. The Governor of Madras at first offered to give it to the King of Siam, but the British imperial authorities now are inclined to hold it for other purposes. A writer in the Nineteenth Century makes the ingenious proposition that it be utilized to open a way into the Forbidden Land of Thibet. The Grand Lama at Lassa is the head of the whole Buddhist hierarchy. The group of powerful lamas who control him and who have been successful in preventing all Europeans from setting foot in the Forbidden City doubtless would be willing to make almost any concessions to secure the precious relic. A remnant of a bone of Buddha will seem as desirable to them as a piece of the true cross would have seemed to a Christian Prince a thousand years ago.

It is not impossible that Thibet might be induced by this means to transfer its nominal allegiance to Great Britain. For more than ten years it has ceased to recognize China as its suzerain. During the present summer the Buddhists of Thibet broke all precedents by sending a mission to St. Petersburg, apparently with the sanction of the Grand Lama. It is inevitable that the hermit exclusiveness of Thibet soon must end, either peaceably or by force. Then the country probably will fall under the control either of Russia or of Great Britain. The delegation of lamas sent to St. Petersburg may indicate a leaning toward Russia. Possibly the relic of Buddha might sway the powers at Lassa in the other direction and add another province to the domains of the Emperor of India. Stranger things than that have happened.

YES, I know what the Iowa Democrats have done, but what good can the Iowa Democrats do Me?—W. J. B.

THE ivy green may be a rare old plant, but there is plenty of the poison ivy.

SEVERAL of the Cuban teachers who have been attending summer school at Harvard are likely to marry Americans. There is more than one way of annexing Cuba.

CROSSING Lake Michigan in a rowboat is a sure way to notoriety, if not immortality.

WHILE Chicago is boiling its water Cleveland is roasting a city administration.

THERE are also several townships in southern Illinois where the Democrats are still voting for Bryan and free silver.

THE geysers of Yellowstone Park are giving out and will not last many years longer. They have been too gushing.

TRUTH crushed to earth will rise again, and even the humble potato cannot be kept down by mashing it.

THE lake still hides the secret of the lost Chicora.

WAIT till I finish this pipeful.—The Sultan.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Opportunity Lost.

"John, they say there's only one kind of mosquito that bites. Do you suppose this one that's buzzing around me is one of that kind?"

"I don't know. Hold still, Maria, till it settles down on you, and then you can—there, confound you, you've scared it away! Haven't you any devotion to science?"

Many Full.

Full many a gem of purest ray serene
The humble Mississippi clam shell bears.
Full many an unpretending dog, I ween,
Hides, in himself, a brace of Belgian hares.

Johnny's Composition on the Rhinoceros.

The rhinoceros is a very large and leathery animal. A full-grown rhinoceros can lick anything except the lion, the tiger, the elephant, and man, and he could lick the man in the first round if the man would throw away his gun. The rhinoceros carries a horn on the end of his nose, and sometimes two. His skin is very thick, and if you should pierce him with a dart he would remain in ignorance of the fact. Rhinoceroses are useful to travel with shows. The rhinoceros is sprightly, but not cute, like the monkey. Once there was a man who tried to ride a rhinoceros. It made him very sore, but it didn't hurt the rhinoceros. If I had a rhinoceros I would trade him for an automobile.

JOHNNY.

Reasons Enough.

"What broke off the match between Mr. Yarnley and Miss Kerflip?"

"All I know about it is that he dyes his whiskers and she bleaches her hair, and I suppose they found each other out."

Goodness.

Dicky—"I ain't got no use fur a kid wot's too good to fill his pockets wit' apples when a barrel of 'em falls off a wagon an' busts in de street."

Billy (with indignation)—"I wuzn't too good, blame ye! De copper wuz a-watchin' me!"

PERSONALS.

The Peabody (Mass.) Historical society will erect a monument in that town to the memory of John Proctor, who was executed for witchcraft in 1692.

It is reported that the Bishopric of Durham, made vacant by the death of Bishop Westcott, will be offered to Dr. Welldon, Bishop of Calcutta. He was once headmaster of Harrow.

Professor Campbell E. Waters of the faculty of Storrs Agricultural College has resigned the chair of chemistry and physics and will return to Johns Hopkins, which he left a year ago.

Louise Chandler Moulton, the poetess, has been a lifelong friend of James McNeil Whistler, having been a schoolmate of the artist. A number of his earliest paintings are in her possession.

Mrs. James R. Hopley, President of the Ohio Society of Women's Clubs, has been appointed a special agent of the State Labor Commissioner to investigate the condition of women and children employed in Ohio factories.

Sven Hedin had to suffer much on his recent trip in the Thibetan highlands. Although he wore all the clothes he could get on his body he was always cold. At the constant altitude of about 15,000 feet it was impossible to walk without palpitation of the heart, so he had to remain on his horse and freeze.

The Princess Frederick-August of Saxony, daughter of the Grand Duke and Duchess of Tuscany, who some day will be Queen of Saxony, is taking a regular course of training as trained nurse at the Lutheran hospital in Dresden. The Princess is particularly interested in ambulance work and "first aid to the injured."

Year for Freak Science.

Experimental chemistry has been having a lively time all over the country, but the reports that come to us inspire the idea that, after all, this may be the silly season for science, as well as for the summer resorts. Grafting snakes is a pretty device, but curing lockjaw with infusions of rabbits' brains savors of some of the prescriptions of the physicians of the middle ages. Our friends, the three witches, might well have added rabbits' brains to their famous decoction, and I have not the slightest doubt some bookworm will unearth this lockjaw remedy from black letter tomes, where it has hidden since the earliest days of magic and witchcraft. There is nothing new under the sun, unless it is wireless telegraphy.—Boston Herald.

Where He Falls Down.

He's known as a great inventor,
But as yet he's not thought of a way
To construct an excuse (it is really no use)
That his wife will consider O. K.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Off in the Stilly Night.

Oft in the stilly night,
With slumber's ease inviting,
You lie awake and slap yourself,
While the skeeters keep on biting.
—Philadelphia Bulletin.

EVANGELIST MORGAN STIRS NEW YORK

New York, Aug. 20.—[Special Correspondence.]—For the last few Sundays the Rev. G. Campbell Morgan of London has been in the pulpit of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. This is the church of which the Rev. Dr. Hall was pastor. It was known as "Dr. Hall's church" when he was living. Next to the Brick Presbyterian Church, of which the Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke was pastor until he accepted a chair in Princeton, the Fifth Avenue is the most aristocratic Presbyterian congregation in New York. Financially, it leads the Brick Presbyterian congregation. Like a majority of the churches here, the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church has been "on vacation" during the summer. A few weeks ago those of the congregation who remained in town prevailed upon the Rev. G. Campbell Morgan, who is following up the late Mr. Moody's work at East Northfield, Mass., to run down to New York and preach every Sunday until the pastor shall return in the autumn. The first two Sundays on which the London evangelist occupied the pulpit the church was crowded in spite of New York midsummer. This was quite surprising to New-Yorkers, who have been accustomed to gather in vacant pews during the vacation term.

They began writing letters "to the editor" about it. They asked why other preachers could not fill churches here in summer. Some of the answers to the queries were that the London evangelist was a new man before New York; that he was a remarkable pulpiteer, and so on.

The newness, if that was the reason, has worn off. If there was any curiosity to hear Mr. Morgan it has been satisfied.

Last Sunday (Aug. 18) was about as unpropitious as any that New York has had this season. The skies hung low and drizzled lazily from daybreak until midnight. The percentage of humidity was greater than that of the temperature. And all this had been preceded by three days of heat. Sunday found the city limp. There were several good, worldly reasons why people who remained in town should make the day one of rest. Dr. G. Campbell Morgan was up for another sermon, however, and I went over to see how the sticky, nasty, dreary day would operate on the crowds of previous Sundays.

Every pew on the main floor of the big auditorium was filled. The great galleries which encircle the interior, save that portion occupied as the organ loft, were packed. Nearly 2,000 people were present. They fanned with fans, hymn books, straw hats, or anything that would create a wind. The ensemble was a study. I saw many men there whom I met in Wall street, Broad street, and in lower Broadway during the week. There were many strangers, also. One can tell them at this time of the year. Here and there in the back pews were Salvation Army people, men and women. There were several Japanese "citizens." There were all ages, and several were there whose names are under the titles of novels.

At five minutes past 11 o'clock a tall, angular man of swarthy complexion, macilent jaws, high cheek bones, and thick black hair came through the door which used to open for the ponderous form of that intellectual giant, Dr. Hall. This was the Rev. G. Campbell Morgan. Most of the fans and hats shut down. The London evangelist is, perhaps, not as tall as he looks. Angularities give the impression of height. But he seems as lengthy as Lincoln, whom he resembles in some features. He has Lincoln's nose, and, to quote Richard Watson Gilder on Lincoln—

> Those cheeks that hold
> Like some harsh landscape all the summer's gold.

There is nothing in his manner, speech, or gesture, not a single word which he utters, that would lead you to think that he ever saw London. In argument his voice runs along the nasal line. He clinches it on the back palatal; sometimes this comes dangerously near the guttural of the barnstorming tragedian. It is the only thing about him which nears the dramatic. For he is remote from anything stagey.

He is the only man I ever saw in the pulpit who brings into his prayer any other attitude than that of humility. This requires an explanation. He gesticulates frequently in his supplications, as he does in his discourse. Today he had his hands behind him, crossed before him, once on his hips, and once he struck out with his right hand. In this attitude of prayer he also has the rocking motion. He tiptoes, falls back on his heels, and, having secured his equilibrium, he tiptoes again. There is no working up to the finish. The "Amen" comes quick and sharp.

His text is read in the most matter-of-fact way. And then, if the church reader will pardon a description which the worldly reader will quickly understand, he is off. Today his text was the first two verses of the twelfth chapter of Hebrews. As soon as he had read them he put up the first and second fingers of his right hand. For the moment, I confess that it reminded me of the significance of two fingers on the stock exchange.

"There are two points in the text which I want you to bear in mind—the race and the goal," he said.

Then the gesture disappeared, and he warmed up to his argument. He is not an orator in the common understanding of that word. He does not commit any of the errors of which Hamlet warned the players. But when he replies to the critic it is with a sneer. Here is an example which caused his audience today to smile, some audibly. He was speaking of the Apocalypse. Having asserted that the visions are, to his mind, literal, he said, changing his manner, and assuming an attitude behind his desk like that of an animal about to pounce upon its prey:

"Ah, but some of the new school say that's merely figurative, don't ye know."

But that was the only time in his discourse when the London evangelist came any way near veering from earnest manner. Not once did he indulge in flight. Not a single sentence did he utter which was not clear cut and simple. But his forcible directness frequently made a picture. An example:

"There," leaning over his desk and pointing to the baptismal font, he said, "is the starting place. There," pointing down the main aisle, "is the track. There," pointing up to the great window of colored glass in the east end of the sanctuary, "is the goal. Never mind what the people on either side of the course are saying. You are not making the race for them."

There was no peroration. He quit as he began, at once, and I think the audience was a trifle startled when he said, almost in the same breath of the last words of his discourse:

"Please sing hymn 1,015—

"'God is the refuge of his saints.'"

"Not a bit like Moody," said an elderly man who knew Moody in all his work. This is the man who fills a church in New York where other pastors can't, or won't.

WHO'S WHO AND WHAT'S WHAT.

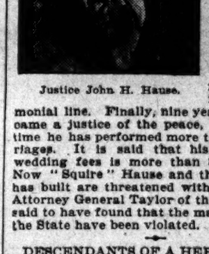
BALTIMORE DETECTIVE HALL ALSO AN EVANGELIST.—While the Detective bureaus of the three largest cities of the country are under charges of corruption in office, at least one member of the detective force of Baltimore is traveling over the country as an evangelist and religious teacher. This unique specimen among detectives is now in attendance on the seventh annual Bible conference at Winona Lake, in Indiana. On Sunday evening next Detective Hall will conduct the "Hallside service" at that resort, and will take part in several other meetings during the conference. In addition to his work as an evangelist and exhorter, Detective Hall is well known as a lecturer. He takes the position that few people have so many opportunities for doing good and for reaching the people who most need the consolations of religion as detectives and other officers of the law, and he declares that when every member of the police force is an earnest Christian there will be a great work done in the direction of reforming criminals.

City Detective Hall.

YOKE OF OXEN FOR THE PRESIDENT.—Just before the last Presidential election Farmer Samuel Webster, an ardent Democrat, who lives near Susquehanna, Pa., argued with a Republican neighbor that if McKinley was elected he would personally drive his prize yoke of oxen overland to Canton, O., and present them to the President. Ever since the election was decided Mr. Webster has been seriously ill. He has now almost recovered, however, and he started on Monday morning last on his long drive to the President's home in Ohio. If Bryan had won the Republican with whom he made the bet was bound to drive his thoroughbred trotting horse across country to Lincoln, Neb., where it would have been presented to the Boy Orator of the Platte as a part of the spoils of war. Mr. Webster and his oxen will make the trip in about ten days. He believes and hopes that President McKinley will accept the yoke of oxen and relieve him of the necessity of driving them home again.

President McKinley's Oxen.

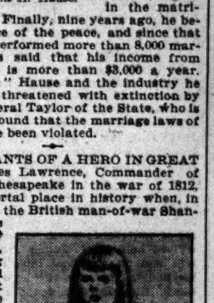
CREATOR OF THE MATRIMONIAL INDUSTRY.—For more than twenty years John Haase of Jeffersonville, Ind., has been connected with the business of marrying eloping couples from Kentucky and Illinois, an industry of which he is practically the creator. Long before he was elected a "squire," with power to tie matrimonial knots and collect wedding fees, he was a "runner" for another justice. He met all incoming trains and steam boats and soon said never to make a mistake in picking out a couple which was looking for a bargain in the matrimonial line. Finally, nine years ago, he became a justice of the peace, and since that time he has performed more than 8,000 marriages. It is said that his income from wedding fees is more than $3,000 a year. Now "Squire" Hause and the industry he has built are threatened with extinction by Attorney General Taylor of the State, who is said to have found that the marriage laws of the State have been violated.



Justice John H. Hause.

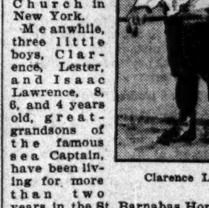
DESCENDANTS OF A HERO IN GREAT WANT.—James Lawrence, Commander of the frigate Chesapeake in the war of 1812, won an immortal place in history when, in the fight with the British man-of-war Shannon, he was mortally wounded, and, with his dying breath, cried out: "Don't give up the ship." A splendid monument to Captain Lawrence stands at the entrance to Trinity Church in New York.

Meanwhile, three little boys, Clarence, Lester, and Isaac Lawrence, 8, 6, and 4 years old, great-grandsons of the famous sea Captain, have been living for more than two years in the St. Barnabas Home, an institution for dependent children on Mulberry street, New York. The boys are half-orphans, their father being dead and their mother at present working as a servant in a New York family. Unless some means of supporting the three brothers is soon provided they will have to be separated and sent to grow up on Western farms. With the idea of keeping them together and of recognizing at the same time the debt which the country owes to their heroic ancestor, a fund is now being raised by the Sons and Daughters of the Revolution to provide for the support and education of the brothers until they are old enough to earn a living for themselves. Contributions may be sent to Charles F. Wingate, Twilight Park, in the Catskills.



Clarence Lawrence.

"MODEL YACHT" RACING CLUBS.—Most people have no difficulty in appreciating the enthusiasm of the expert yachtsman as he rides over the waves on his white-winged flyer. But to the majority it will probably be hard to understand how yachting enthusiasm can rise to a point where full-grown men are willing to spend much time and money in racing little toy yachts in small ponds of water. Yet in London alone there are at least two large and important associations, the object of which is the sailing of toy yachts. Each of these clubs has a large and well appointed clubhouse for the storage of the little model yachts belonging to its members, and on racing days the excitement runs high. Each man who has entered his yacht puts on hip boots and wades out into the pond to see that his pet gets a fair start in the struggle. The two bits of water which are the scenes of the model races sailed by the two leading clubs are the Round Pond at Kensington Gardens and the Rick Pond at Hampton Court. There seems to have been little progress made in the art of constructing model yachts, for the champion of the Rick Pond is a little schooner which was built thirty years ago.



Sailing a Model Yacht Race.

CHAMPION WOMAN FENCER TO WED.—Miss Greta Pomeroy, whose engagement to Philip Clark has just been announced, is known as the most expert all-around woman athlete in the United States. At the same time Miss Pomeroy, who is wealthy, is a favorite in New York society. Among the feats which she has to her credit is the killing, single-handed and with one rifle shot, of a grizzly bear near her camp at Glenwood Springs, Colo. She is also a famous cross-country rider and long-distance swimmer. One of her most unique claims to distinction in an athletic way is the fact that the best known teachers of fencing in the country declare her to be, without exception, the best woman fencer in the United States, "capable of fencing with any man, no matter how expert, without expecting that favor be shown her because she is a woman." Miss Pomeroy is a Cincinnati girl, while her prospective husband, Philip Clark, is a native of St. Louis.

Miss Greta Pomeroy.

HERE'S THE TELEPHONE BRIDE.—When Will H. Reed of East St. Louis and Miss Mary Funk of Belleville eloped the other day to Clayton and were married the bridegroom called up the bride's family on the long distance telephone and announced the wedding. This method of announcement was particularly appropriate because of the fact that the entire courtship of the young couple was telephonic, while Mr. Reed proposed and Miss Funk accepted his proposal over the same long distance copper wire. Mr. Reed is wire chief for the telephone company at East St. Louis. His wife was a "number girl" for the same company at Belleville. They met but once and then in a business way, but after that meeting the long distance wire between the two towns was busy several times a day. So rapidly did the curious courtship progress that within a few weeks Mr. Reed had proposed over the wire, had been accepted in the same way, and had perfected arrangements for the elopement, which was successfully carried out. It is said that Mr. Reed saw the girl who is now his wife but once before he met her on her way to Clayton, where they were immediately married.

Mrs. Will H. Reed.

TALLEST OF POLITICIANS.—Among the prominent politicians at Washington the present Assistant Secretary of Agriculture, Colonel J. H. Brigham, is easily the most conspicuous. He is a man who would be conspicuous anywhere, for he stands six feet and seven inches in height in his stocking feet. Colonel Brigham is, of course, an Ohio man. He was born at Lodi, O., fifty-nine years ago and commanded a brigade during Sherman's march to the sea. After the war he came home and went into politics as easily as a duck goes swimming. He was elected Sheriff and State Senator, served for years as a member of the State Board of Agriculture and as one of the managers of the State penitentiaries. He has always been prominent in the State and national granges and similar associations of farmers and served for nine consecutive years as master of the National Grange. He was appointed Assistant Secretary of Agriculture in 1896 and has since served as chairman of the government boards at the Omaha and Buffalo expositions.

Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Brigham.

YOUNG MAN WINS OUT.

"It was simply bull-headed luck," said the young man with the red shirt waist. "Papa declared that it would be a warm day when he consented to my marrying his daughter, and as the weather record had been broken several times after he had made that remark, I was beginning to lose hope. When all-the-world-to-me went on her vacation I went to the same place and put up at the same hotel. Now, papa-in-law-to-be is an old blowhard, and it made me tired—everybody else, too—the way he bragged about the fish he caught in former years.

"Finally, some one hinted that it would be a good plan for him to make good and give us an example of his skill as a fisherman. He accepted the challenge and spent three days getting his tackle ready. He went alone, as he said he didn't want to be bothered by having any greenhorns along, and we waited with bated breath for him to return.

"Now, I am something of a camera fiend, and late in the afternoon I started out to take a picture of a little wooded dell when the shadows were well down. I was making my way to the road through some thick brush when I discovered my daddy-in-law-to-be standing in the middle of the road bargaining with a small boy for a long string of magnificent fish. Quick as a flash I took a snap shot at him just as he was holding on to his pocket with one hand and digging into it with the other.

"I let the old man brag around the hotel for three days about the fish he had caught. Then I showed him the picture, told him if he didn't consent to my marrying his daughter I would spread it broadcast over the hotel, and pointed out where his reputation would be. He wilted, gulped hard, and surrendered. He isn't a bad sort when you know how to handle him."—Detroit Free Press.

Value Received.

"I suppose," said the man who had just been accosted by Meandering Mike, "that you think yourself perfectly justified in taking money from me without rendering an equivalent?"

"Don't say dat, mister," was the rejotnder. "Don't say I'd take it widout an equivalent. If de hard-luck story I've been tellin' you ain't fuller of imagination an' graceful embellishments dan any of dem books you've paid 50 cents apiece for on de train, I'm ready to give up me chosen profession an' quit panhandlin' fur life."—Washington Star.

The Way to the Melon Patch.

Don't want no moon, en not one match
Fer ter light my way ter de melon patch;
Night or day
(Dat what I say!)
I kin shet my eye en fin my way!
De road ez white ez a streak er light;
But I takes de path whar de san' ain't bright;
Kase de white man wait
By de shotgun gate,
Fer ter blow me clean 'cross Georgy State

So, take yo' moon, en keep yo' match;
I knows my way ter de melon patch!
Night or day,
Whilst you watch and pray,
I

CLUB WOMEN MEET MAIDS

SELL DOMESTICS THEIR CALLING IS ON PLANE OF A TRADE.

Miss Jane Addams Says Servants' Union Is the Result of a Demand for Home Surroundings Outside the Kitchen—Mrs. Charles Henrotin Advocates Organizing Employers That Both Sides May Meet and Discuss Problems—Labor Leaders Also Speak.

Club women and servant girls met on an equal footing last night when the Working Women's association of America held its first open meeting in the recital hall of the Auditorium.

Dressed in all the finery of the season the domestic appeared with her friends and "steady." She heard her vocation lifted to the basis of a trade by Miss Jane Addams and Mrs. Charles Henrotin. She was lauded as the most powerful factor in union labor by such labor leaders as James H. Bowman and H. J. Skeffington.

With the notes of praise came a warning to the girls from Mrs. Charles Henrotin. The demands of the domestic Mrs. Henrotin favors, but she also favors the organization of a mistresses' union—one that can meet and talk over the problems with the girls, discuss their needs, and the housewives' needs. This suggestion, coming from the club woman, was a surprise to the domestics.

Miss Addams and Mrs. Henrotin told their hearers the uplifting of domestic service to the basis of a trade was merely helping along the specialism of labor and the taking from the fireside another of the crafts, as had been done with spinning, weaving, and even shoemaking.

Domestics Demand Home Life.

"As you uplift the service you uplift its workers," said Miss Addams. "You raise the wage, you advance the life. Already domestic service is demanding home life of its own away from the kitchen and its drudgery. It is revolutionizing the home life. It is requiring a readjustment of the living and an altering of the circumstances which surround the home. One of the elements which has kept back your craft is the fact that the domestic is isolated. She does not know the hours, the labor, or the wage of the domestic in the next block. Isolation tends to retard education. The domestic draws a better wage than the factory help for she has no board to pay, but what compensates the factory girl is that she lives at home and with her folks."

Wants Employers to Organize.

"I hope that hand in hand with this organization will go that of the employers," said Mrs. Henrotin. "It is quite as proper that an understanding be reached between various employers as between various employés. Nothing is more singular than that women dread this union, are averse to discussing it, and look upon it with angry eyes. One of the great advantages of this organization is that it will force the employers to organize, and I hope that day is not far off.

"The domestics of America number 1,500,000. Over half of these are foreign born, and we have taught them all they know. They are the best domestics in the world—the quickest to learn, the quickest to work, and the best to handle. This movement will lift the domestic service to the basis of a trade and take from you the stigma of being 'only a hired girl.'"

After Mrs. Henrotin's address the meeting was given over to general discussion, and among those who spoke were H. J. Skeffington of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, J. H. Bowman of the American Federation of Labor, W. A. Campbell, Grand Marshal of the Labor day parade; Miss Ellen Lindstrom, and Miss Emma Lanphere, general organizer of the retail clerks.

NEWSPAPER WITHOUT NEWS.

Press-Post, Columbus, O., Appears Without Local or Telegraph Items on Account of Editorial Lockout.

Columbus, O., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—The Press-Post appeared today with eight pages of miscellany, without a single line of local or telegraph news. This evening the Typographical union held a meeting and ordered the machine men not even to set the miscellany tomorrow. This morning a half dozen reporters and a city editor, not members of the News Writers' union, appeared at the editorial rooms and proceeded to furnish local and telegraphic copy. The compositors became aware of the situation and called President Mann of Typographical Union No. 5 in for consultation.

"Set no copy except it is legitimate," was his advice. "Refuse to set any local or telegraphic copy unless it comes to you from the hands of a union city editor or a union telegraph editor." This left nothing for the printers to do but to set miscellany.

Mr. Jones served notice on the union printers that if they struck they would never again be employed by him. The Press-Post came out today made up of the matter which it published yesterday with an addition consisting of an editorial attack upon Typographical Union No. 5 and the officers of the International Typographical union.

ADOPT PLATFORM IN VIRGINIA.

Republicans Reaffirm Principles of National Organization and Indorse McKinley Administration.

Roanoke, Va., Aug. 22.—The Republican State convention, which last night nominated J. Hampton Hoge for Governor, met this morning and adopted a platform indorsing the Philadelphia platform and the McKinley administration. It denounces attempts to discriminate against voters in Virginia on account of race or color. It arraigns the Democratic party for "debasing elections" and declares unalterable opposition to trusts and illegal combinations of capital. Mr. Hoge and the defeated candidate, Lusty, made speeches.

IS NOT THE CHICORA'S SPAR.

Supposed Mast of Lost Vessel Seen in Lake North of St. Joseph Proves to Be Pond Net Stick.

St. Joseph, Mich., Aug. 22.—A telegram was received today by Secretary Morton of the Graham & Morton line from Captain Smith of the steamer R. J. Gordon, saying that the supposed spar sighted in the lake north of here proves to be a pond net stick anchored in the lake by fishermen. The announcement that the spar of the lost steamer had been sighted sticking above the water caused great excitement here for a time.

FOUR INJURED IN COLLISION.

Three Passengers and a Train Man Hurt in Accident on the Green Bay Railroad.

Fond du Lac, Wis., Aug. 22.—The Chicago and Green Bay passenger train on the Northwestern railroad, due here at 10:03 this forenoon, collided with a special freight train half a mile south of the city. Four people were injured. Mrs. L. C. Elsworth, Milwaukee, was bruised about the head and body and fatured internally. Mrs. A. H. Ratchley, Milwaukee, was bruised about the head and was unconscious for a time. C. F. Hafnet, New York, had his right leg fractured. J. Deaning, Green Bay, Wis., baggageman, was injured in the legs by jumping from the train.

PICNIC OF OLD-TIME PRINTERS.

Ninth Annual Outing to Be at "The Rookery," Humboldt Park, Tomorrow.

The ninth annual picnic of the Old-Time Printers' association will be held tomorrow at "The Rookery," Humboldt Park. There will be games and races and many prizes.

$2.00 Round Trip Chicago to Louisville and return, the rate Aug. 24 to 28, inclusive, for Knights Templar Conclave via Pennsylvania Lines. Daily trains run solid between the two cities over this route, traversing the great gas belt of Indiana. For details address H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

WASHINGTON PLEADS FOR RACE

Urges Negroes to Build Up Character and They Will Succeed—Dance in the Evening.

The dance and reception given last night by the Colored Business-Men's league to the visiting delegates at the First Regiment Armory was attended by nearly 1,500 people. During the evening Booker T. Washington made a vigorous speech, which was loudly applauded.

"Do not judge us by the thugs which fill the penitentiaries," he declared, "but by the taxpayers; not by the renegades, but by such men as Fred Douglass; judge us as you judge the members of the other races."

Mr. Washington declared that the negro problem is not a Southern problem nor a Northern problem, but one with which the nation at large will have to deal. The address closed with the appeal:

"Get money, houses, land, and above all a Christian character, and you will succeed."

At the day meeting of the league at Handel Hall a feature was the discussion of the negro's opportunity in the drug business. Dr. Willis Steers of Decatur, Ala., himself a druggist, said:

"Before I started my store some of our people never drank soda water, save what they had obtained from traveling wagons, because the white druggists refuse to sell to colored customers. Fourteen years ago there were few negro stores in Decatur, and in the whole of Alabama there was not a negro druggist. Now in our State there are about 200 of our race in the drug business, and their property is valued somewhere in the neighborhood of $300,000."

A. M. Johnson of Mobile, Ala., brought forward the theory that wholesale dealers selling to negro merchants should employ negro salesmen.

J. L. Fergeson of Jacksonville, Fla., discussed the difference in position of the negro in the North and in the South. "The reason why the negro in the North has prospered so much better than his brethren in the South," he said, "is the sympathy and help that has been accorded him by the surrounding whites. The conditions are different up here from what they are down where I live. It is hard for a negro to advance where he has to combat with so much as we of the South are compelled to confront; but we can succeed. Several years ago I did not have a dollar, I had just failed in business, and I went to some of the men I had met in business and obtained a loan, and now I have the best ice business in Jacksonville and run seven wagons, all of which are driven by negro boys."

LACK TEXT BOOKS FOR SCHOOLS

Board of Education Delays Providing for the Pupils in the First Four Grades.

When the public schools open on Sept. 4 the majority of the 140,000 children in the first four grades will be without text books. This situation is the result of the failure of the Board of Education to meet on Wednesday night and provide for carrying out its new order furnishing free text books to those grades. The next regular meeting does not come until after the opening of the schools, and even should a special session be called there will not be time to dispose of the injunction suit and purchase the books.

Theodore B. Thiele says the members of the board may calculate on the injunction suit against the new order, as he was ready to file the petition yesterday had the board met on Wednesday evening. He intimates that the failure of the trustees to take action is significant of a weakness of purpose on the part of certain members.

Leaves Schools in Bad Shape.

"We shall certainly be in a bad way when the schools open," said Superintendent Cooley. "There are 140,000 children in the first four grades, and they will not have books. The present fund of books will not supply over 30 per cent of them. The book dealers, knowing that free text books are to be introduced, have ordered no supply, and the children cannot buy them, if they would.

"One of the things we have been contending for is that under the old system children come to school without books and often waste the first few weeks. With free text books we said they could be supplied the first day. It will be a mistake not to have the text books ready for the opening of school."

Thiele Anxious for Settlement.

"It is certainly to the interest of those who want free text books," said Mr. Thiele, "to have this matter settled at once. If the schools open without books for the children it will hurt the cause of free text books. I am ready to file a petition and let the matter be settled at once, so that the children will know where to get their books."

EVENTS IN CHICAGO SOCIETY.

Miss Helen Kimball and Mr. Joseph J. Morseman to Be Married on Sept. 3.

Sept. 3 is the date set for the wedding of Miss Helen Elizabeth Kimball, daughter of Mr. Eugene S. Kimball, to Mr. Joseph J. Morseman, at 8:30 o'clock, at the Kenwood Evangelical Church. The ceremony will be followed by a reception at the Kimball residence, 4706 Woodlawn avenue.

The wedding of Miss Alice Poole and Mr. Leverett Thompson will take place late in September in Lake Forest.

There will be an afternoon tea at the Midlothian club tomorrow afternoon, the closing day of the tournament. Dinner parties will precede the dance in the evening. Mrs. W. H. McDoel will have charge of the tea table, assisted by Mrs. Willard R. Riley.

Mrs. R. Philip Gormully of 459 Dearborn avenue and her niece, Miss May O'Meara, are visiting in Buffalo.

General and Mrs. F. H. Winston are visiting Mrs. W. D. Walker at Pittsfield, Mass.

Mrs. Arthur Caton is in the city.

STATE EXCULPATES DR. SMYSER

Investigation Shows Charges of Forgery and Issuing Forged Paper Empty.

After a long investigation, the State's Attorney's office is ready to admit that the charges of forgery and the issuance of a forged paper against Dr. Jacob H. Smyser in the case of Emil Gumpoldt will not stand. The result of the investigation of the experts has revealed, also, that Dr. Smyser did not sign the certificate of license issued to Oscar C. Igney, and did not alter the records of the board, as charged, by inserting the name of C. A. Finley in a list of those who passed an examination. Igney accuses Dr. Smyser of accepting $400 for a certificate of license. Igney's unsupported statement is the only evidence, and Dr. Smyser denies it. It looks now as if the only charge against the doctor which will be pressed is that of issuing a forged paper. This is the simplest of the charges brought against Dr. Smyser, and his friends assert he will have no trouble in clearing himself.

Willard McEwen, Dr. Smyser's attorney, said: "If Dr. Smyser is not guilty of the crooked work that has been done, unquestionably—and he is not—then, who is? When Dr. Smyser has been tried and acquitted I may answer that question."

DEFENDS COLLEGE OF LAW.

J. J. Tobias Says Rejection from American Association Is Due to Misrepresentation.

J. J. Tobias, Secretary of the Chicago College of Law, has issued a statement in which he says the exclusion of the college from the Association of American Law Schools is founded on misrepresentation. He quotes from the catalogue of the association, showing that one of the provisions on which it is said the college was rejected does not become effective until Sept. 1 next, and that another provision is not effective until 1905. Mr. Tobias says the college complies with all other conditions, and on some goes even further than is required. He says notice was mailed to him by the association on July 17, but that he was ill at the time and failed to learn of the rejection until the fact was published.

August diamond bargains. Easy terms; long time. Loftis Bros., 103 State street.

SHORT STORY OF THE DAY.

His Sister's Keeper;

An Incident of Ramillies.

BY CHALONER LYON.

"STEADY, old girl, steady! the waiting is nearly over now," and Cornet Talbot leaned forward to pat the neck of his restive charger. A bullet sang overhead, and his three-cornered hat fell to the ground.

"A narrow shave, Jocelyn," he said, laughingly, to his troop leader. "Just listen how our guns are pounding Andekirk; and the foot are getting closer every minute to Taviéres and Ramillies. O! when will the Duke let us loose at them?"

"May it be soon!" Jocelyn said. "Ah! there sounds the brigade trumpet; we shall be engaged directly. Come, Talbot!"

They rejoined their troop, and when Captain Jocelyn had once more gone down the ranks and seen that all was in order Talbot said:

"I may meet him today, Dick!"

"The old crase!" laughed Captain Jocelyn. "On my word, Talbot, your murderous intentions towards this—how do you call, him?—Vicomte de—de—"

"De Leyrac."

"Are becoming wearisome. I hope you will meet him, and kill him, too; for then we shall have some peace. Only these gardes du corps—he is a garde du corps, is he not?—are better swordsmen than you and I; so have a care!"

"Not I!" broke out the young cornet; "nor would you in my place. See here, Dick; you came down for the hunting two years ago. You remember Kate, my only sister?"

"Surely!" said Jocelyn.

"That devil murdered her! O, he did He was taken prisoner at Blenheim an gave his parole when in England; and his people were distantly related to m mother, he was invited to Hursfield. H is handsome and witty—curse him!—just the man to attract a girl, and so poor Kate fell into his clutches. Then when the order came down for his release, and he went she was missing, too."

"But he may have married her?"

"Did I not tell you he murdered her They were tracked down to the coast, where a fishing boat was in readiness to take them over. Six weeks afterwards a body—Kate's—was found in the bay. Of course, the face was unrecognisable; the sea and—and—O! it was too dreadful! But we all knew the clothes."

"And you think he killed her?"

"Yes!" said Talbot. "At first we thought that the boat was lost and all drowned, but then I heard of him alive and well in Paris I have no doubt that she—poor girl!—found out that the villain intended to deceive her and drowned herself. So I say he killed her and, by heaven! I will kill him wherever I find him."

"When did this happen?" asked Captain Jocelyn.

"About three months ago," was the reply "I reached the old home on sick leave three days after her flight, but it was only lately when I rejoined the regiment, that I heard he was alive and married to Mlle. de Vignolles."

Later in the evening Talbot was leaning on the low garden wall of the cottage where Jocelyn and he were quartered, and cursing the fate which had prevented him from meeting the man he sought. A party of French prisoners, officers and private soldiers, mingled together, some wounded, and all begrimed with dust and powder, was passing along the high road in front, guarded by a party of the Opdam's Dragoons. Suddenly one of the prisoners, who wore the blue coat, faced with red and frogged with white, of the gardes du corps called out in English with a strong French accent:

"Talbot! Talbot! Let me speak to you."

Talbot started at the voice and peered hard through the gathering gloom at the speaker.

"Come with me, Jocelyn," he said; "it is he—De Leyrac."

Going forward, he addressed the officer in command, and begged permission for the prisoner to quit the ranks, pledging his honor and that of his friend, Captain Jocelyn, that they would be responsible for his safe custody for a few minutes. The Dutch officer hesitated; the ill-will between the two nations, bred in King William's time, still lingered on. Then he gave a surly consent and ordered the sergeant to wait for the prisoner.

The Frenchman broke out into rapturous thanks, but Talbot stopped him brusquely.

"I am no friend of yours," he said, and in amazed silence De Leyrac followed him.

Then entered the cottage, and as soon as Jocelyn, who brought up the rear, had closed the door, Talbot faced De Leyrac.

"You asked to speak to me," he said, slowly, as if forcing himself to be calm. "What do you wish to say?"

"I had intended to ask you to find means to forward a letter to my wife," he answered, "but now——"

The young cornet picked up a leathern gauntlet from the table.

"You are an accursed villain, M. de Leyrac!" he said, and waited a moment while the other stared at him. "Are you a coward, too?" he went on, "or will this rouse you?" and leaning forward he struck the Frenchman lightly on the cheek.

De Leyrac's eyes blazed, and his hand went involuntarily to his empty scabbard.

"Do you show your courage in striking an unarmed prisoner?" he asked. "Give me a sword and you shall see if I am a coward!"

Talbot was about to speak again, when Captain Jocelyn interposed.

"No, no," he said, "there must be no brawling. Let M. de Leyrac go to his rest now under the escort of the sergeant outside, and I will wait upon him early tomorrow on your behalf."

"The earlier the better, monsieur," said De Leyrac, bowing stiffly, and the next minute he was gone, leaving the two friends to their reflections.

No time was lost in preliminaries. Talbot stripped off his coat; but De Leyrac stood quietly on guard without further preparation. Only he drew a miniature from his breast and kissed it.

The swords crossed and clashed, and the duel commenced. It was evident from the outset that the English cornet of horse was a tyro in the mastery of his weapon beside his opponent. The easy grace of the latter's attitude and the quiet composure with which he parried the other's furious thrusts bore witness to that. But the deadly purpose with which Talbot fought made him a dangerous opponent; and, clumsy as he was, he had sufficient skill to make the issue a doubtful one. Suddenly De Leyrac stumbled on a small hole concealed by the grass, and before he could recover himself the Englishman had lunged and run him through the sword arm.

The seconds sprang forward at once, but both combatants refused their intervention. Talbot saying, in hoarse, harsh accents, curiously unlike his ordinary voice: "By heaven! I will slay the man who comes between me and my revenge!" while De Leyrac called out in his own language: "Calm thyself, Henri; it is nothing." Quick as lightning his sword hilt went into his left hand, and he parried his opponent's next thrust and lunged again with such masterful precision that Talbot was forced to give ground. The latter was clearly disconcerted by the unexpected turn the combat had taken, and his attack became wilder and more uncertain. Suddenly De Leyrac's blade seemed to wind and twist in sinuous fashion round his adversary's. There came a quick turn of his wrist, followed by the grating of steel against steel, and Talbot's sword, forced from his grasp, was lying on the grass beside him. Ere he could stoop to regain it De Leyrac presented his point at his opponent's heart; then, quickly recovering his sword, he made a formal salute, and stood, unconcerned, with both hands resting on the hilt and a half smile playing about his mouth.

For a moment Talbot stood irresolute. Then, in a voice in which shame struggled with hate for mastery, he said:

"I refuse to take my life at your hands, Monsieur le Vicomte. You can kill me where I stand; but if I pick up that sword I will attack you again, seconds or no seconds, wound or no wound!"

"You will please yourself, monsieur," answered De Leyrac indifferently. "I have little doubt my hand can keep my head, as it has done before. Yet I confess I wonder why you so earnestly desire the life of your sister's husband."

"You lie!" came the instant reply. "My sister lies in her grave in Hursfield churchyard."

"Your sister is my wife, well and happy, in the Hôtel de Leyrac, in Paris," answered the other coolly.

"But I tell you we saw her dead. Do you think we did not know her clothes?" cried Talbot. "And you married Mlle. de Vignolles!"

"Ah," said De Leyrac gayly. "See what it is to be an Englishman! Kill your friend first, and then ask for explanations. Listen! When your sister did me the honor to run off with me—for we both knew well that your worthy father would never give her to a French son-in-law—we were afraid of being overtaken before we could reach our boat. For greater security she changed clothes with her maid, so that, if hard pressed, we could leave the latter behind us to deceive and delay our pursuers. The night was stormy, the sea ran high, and the poor girl was washed overboard and drowned. It was her you buried."

"And the name?" asked the other, still struggling against conviction. "Talbot is as good a name as De Vignolles."

"Doubtless," answered De Leyrac; "only, strange as it may seem to you, my friend, English names are not popular in Paris just now. His Majesty was gracious enough to waive his objections in view of some poor services which he was pleased to say I and mine had rendered him; and he suggested that your sister should be married in the name of the old friend to whose care I had committed her, and who is indeed a kinswoman of your mother. Are you satisfied now, Monsieur Talbot, or do you still long to cut my throat?"

Talbot held out his hand. "I was a——"

"A hasty fellow," said De Leyrac, interrupting him. "And now I must get this scratch bound up, and then I trust you and Captain Jocelyn are going to give us unhappy captives some breakfast. Faith! I could eat an ox!"

ADVENTISTS IN CONFERENCE.

Seventh Day Sect of Illinois Opens Its Annual Meeting in Electric Park at Kankakee.

Kankakee, Ill., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Electric Park will be a city of tents for the next ten days, occupied by 600 Seventh Day Adventists of Illinois, whose annual camp-meeting and conference began this evening. There are Adventists from all parts of the State, including a goodly number from Chicago. Services will be held daily, with preaching or lectures every morning, afternoon, and evening. Elder R. F. Anderson of Onanga is President of the conference. Among the principal speakers will be the general superintendent, Elder A. G. Daniels, Elder Brunson of North Carolina, Elder C. H. Castle of Sheridan, Elder L. D. Santee of Chicago, Elder N. W. Kauble, Sheridan, Ill.; Elder W. D. Curtis of Peoria, Elder Victor Thompson of Nebraska, and Elder M. T. Huffman of Florida.

$5.00 Louisville and Return.

The Big Four on Aug. 24, 25, 26, 27, and 28 will sell tickets to Louisville, good returning until Sept. 2. Can be extended to Sept. 16. City ticket office, 234 Clark street, depots, and hotel ticket offices.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

Copyright, 1901, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.

AN American woman, according to the cable dispatches of Paris, has determined to bring suit in the French courts against the Infanta Eulalia for obtaining from the Parisian couturier, Armand, dresses made to the order of the American and ready to be shipped to the United States. The dresses had been specially designed according to ideas of the American, and she consequently has turned a deaf ear to the offer of the dressmaker to reproduce the gowns. Whatever success the American woman may have in her suit against the couturier, who, if her charges are correct, has undoubtedly been guilty of gross dishonesty, she will discover that it will be impossible for her to obtain any redress from the Infanta.

No action can be brought against the latter in any French courts. For as a Princess of a foreign reigning family she enjoys the same extraterritorial immunities that are accorded to foreign Ambassadors; that is to say, she is exempt from the jurisdiction of all courts but those of her own country—namely! Spain and the Spanish tribunals would of course have no competence to deal with a suit brought by an alien for an act perpetrated abroad. Even if the Spanish courts were legally competent to adjudicate the matter, one cannot imagine them rendering a decision against a Princess of their own reigning house in favor of a plaintiff belong to that country which robbed the kingdom of its colonial empire and subjected it to the most humiliating defeat.

It is just as well that this immunity of royal personages from civil or even criminal action in other countries than their own should be thoroughly understood. Even had the Infanta Eulalia rendered herself guilty of any shortcoming, either of a civil or of a criminal character, when in the United States at the time of the Columbian celebration, she could not have been called to account by any American tribunal. No redress could have been obtained against her, and the only thing that could have been done would have been for the State department at Washington to request her to leave the country.

As an illustration of these extraterritorial privileges enjoyed by foreign royalty, I may mention that when the Sultan of Johore, while living incognito in England, rendered himself guilty of a particularly flagrant case of breach of promise, attended by circumstances of a nature to excite much sympathy for the plaintiff, the latter on bringing her wrongs into court was non-suited on the ground that the Sultan, whose dominions lie to the north of Singapore, enjoyed, like any other foreign sovereign or Prince and Princess of the blood, immunity from the jurisdiction of English tribunals in the same way as if he had been a foreign Ambassador. He was, however, requested by the English government to leave the country.

The Parisian police, like that of London and of the various cities in the United States, is a municipal force paid and to a certain extent controlled by the city authorities. Now, the municipality of the French capital is essentially socialistic in its political leanings, and is constantly in a state of warfare with both the President and the government, the latter being represented in its dealings with the city fathers by the Prefect of the Seine and by the Prefect of Police. The latest manifestation of hostility towards the government on the part of the municipality has been the latter's decision to decline to pay any longer for any special police protection of President Loubet.

The consequence is that the entire contingent of municipal police, assigned since 1871 to watch over the safety of the Executive, has been relieved from duty at the Elysée Palace, has been sent back to ordinary duty, and its place taken by picked men of the "service de sureté," the counterpart of the secret service bureau at Washington, but which, instead of being, like the latter, subject to the Treasury department, is in France under the control of the Minister of the Interior.

It is no light task to guard President Loubet from sharing the fate of the unfortunate President Carnot, assassinated by an Italian Anarchist. For one of his favorite pursuits is to go out unattended for long strolls through the streets of the metropolis in the early morning, when the street cleaners are at work washing and scraping the wide thoroughfares, and when the shop boys are polishing the great plate glass windows of the stores. Then, too, he is fond of going out driving, and he handles the ribbons of his team of bays with all the skill of an expert whip. He abominates the restrictions upon his personal liberty inherent to his high office, and is forever seeking to escape from their thralldom.

I hear of the following arrangements being made for the coronation of King Edward: At the western entrance of Westminster Abbey there will be two large temporary rooms erected, one of which will be used as a robing-room for their Majesties, while the other will be used as a reception-room, in which the royal representatives of foreign courts will assemble. The great aisle and the choir and naves will be entirely boarded over with stout wood, which will in turn be covered by a carpet specially woven for the occasion. In the northern transept a substantial gallery with a seating capacity of about 500 will be erected, and it is here that peeresses and other people having statutory rights to be present will be accommodated. The peers will have a separate gallery in the southern transept. Galleries will likewise be erected over those occupied by the peers and peeresses, and reaching almost to the roof of the abbey. In the choir the seats will be erected in tiers. The woodwork of all the seats and galleries will be entirely covered with cloth and tapestry.

The approach from the carriage way, in the sanctuary to the abbey, will be covered by a handsome porch, under which the royal carriages will pass.

The King has given an order for fifty extra landaus and 200 horses for use during the coronation.

I may add that the court goes out of mourning in January next, and a number of drawing-rooms and levees will be held by the King and Queen prior to the coronation.

Wilfred Blunt, formerly of the English diplomatic service, famous as the champion of unpopular causes, and as the principal breeder of blooded Arab horses outside the Orient, and married to Lady Ann Noel, granddaughter of the poet, Lord Byron, has once more been, to use an Americanism, "getting himself disliked." The other day a brief dispatch from Cairo announced that some English cavalry officers had been grossly insulted by some natives in the employ on Mr. Blunt's estate, near Cairo, and that the natives in question had been severely punished. Blunt has now written to all the London newspapers letters showing that some seven or eight officers of the Eleventh Hussars had, in a spirit of wonton mischief, invaded with dogs some of his paddocks, where a numbers of brood mares about to foal were kept, and had set the dogs on the horses. The Arab servants of Blunt, who was away at the time, had endeavored to put a stop to this mischievous prank, and, on being struck by the officers, had, although they were but twelve in number, subjected the eight officers to a sound thrashing, pitching them out of the property. This may be pleasant reading for Wilfred Blunt, but it is unpleasant reading for English military men, and not precisely calculated to increase Blunt's popularity.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

New Exits for Masonic Temple Theater

Building Commissioner Kloibassa yesterday ordered that additional exits be provided at the Masonic Temple Theater, and that the windows be barricaded in such a way that no persons would be able to throw themselves through them in case of panic.

"I do not want to work any hardship to the owners of the building," said the commissioner, "and the changes will not have to be made until after the season ends, in October. The managers are exceptionally careful, and I do not anticipate any trouble. No one can tell what would happen, however, should any one shout 'Fire.'"

Manager Murdock said yesterday afternoon that he knew nothing about the matter, the subject having presumably been discussed between the commissioner and the owners of the building. He said, however, that the theater was going to be rebuilt in large degree at the end of the season in order to permit the accommodation of larger audiences, and that the rebuilding in itself would be sure to cover any requests the commissioner would be apt to make.

It does not appear that there is any city ordinance covering the case of the Temple. The building ordinance requires that an auditorium containing more than 1,000 seats shall have its main floor at no greater distance than eight feet from the sidewalk. A literal interpretation of the ordinance would prevent the existence of the Temple Theater were it not that the ordinance also provides that its provisions shall not apply to buildings erected before its passage.

Battle for Orpheon Not Ended.

The ownership of the Orpheon Music-Hall remains an unsettled matter. Judge Vail yesterday issued a temporary injunction restraining the New Music-Hall company from executing the writ of restitution granted on Wednesday. The New Music-Hall company bases its claims upon a lease said to have been given by Jules Hurtig of the firm of Hurtig & Seamon. The music-hall was opened a year ago as Hurtig & Seamon's. In the last six months it has changed hands back and forth between the two conflicting parties no less than four times. The present holders of the house say the disputed lease was forfeited last March, owing to non-payment of rent.

The Orpheon Burlesque company has been playing at the house since last spring.

Vaudeville Consolidation Progress.

In pursuit of the plan of amalgamation, set forth in detail in THE TRIBUNE earlier in the summer, the vaudeville managers of the West are in Cincinnati this week appraising the property of Manager Anderson of that city. Mr. Anderson, to simplify matters, incorporated his business last week at $30,000. Charles E. Kohl, representing the Kohl & Castle theaters of this city, and Martin Beck, representing the Orpheum circuit of the coast, are making the examination together. It is not expected that the syndicating of all interests will be accomplished for another fortnight. In round numbers it is expected that the capitalization of the big combine will be for $3,000,000—the same figures named two months ago.

Louisville and Return $5.00.

Via Monon Route. Tickets on sale Aug. 24 to 28. Good returning to Sept. 2, with privilege of extension to Sept. 16 on payment of fee of 50 cents. Two trains daily. City ticket office, 232 Clark street. Depot, Dearborn Station.

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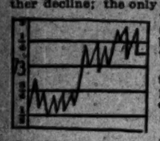
WHEAT SHOWS FIRMNESS.

RALLIES FROM BREAK DUE TO WEAK CORN AND CABLES.

Reduced Sales by Farmers in Southwest and Absence of September Liquidation Remove Two Causes of Pressure on Market—Slightly Better Tone to Export Inquiry — Sharp Drop in Corn Reports of Crop Improvement, with Slight Recovery.

There was a break of about ½c in wheat early on disappointing cables and weak corn, but the market was stubborn to any further decline; the only pressure around bottom prices was by scalpers, the September liquidation seemed to be over, and there was a demand for that delivery by exporters which seemed a certain evidence of a reviving foreign demand. There was foreign buying of futures in a moderate way; farmers in the Southwest sold more reluctantly, and clearances were much larger, all factors helping along a price recovery. September sold from 70-70¼c to 71c, and closed at 70⅝-¾c, a net gain of ¼-⅜c. December rallied from 70¼c to 73⅝c, and eased off at the close to 73¼c, a net gain of ½c.



Dec. Wheat Range.

There was some selling early on the increased Northwest receipts, 504 cars, compared with 377 a year ago, and the Minneapolis market was weak, but there was more complaint from that section of poor grading, followed later by reports of good cash demand by both millers and elevators and of sales of low grade grain at good prices for feeding.

Southwest Claims Bullish.

Reports from the Southwest were all of a character to encourage buying. Farmers' offerings were lighter, a tendency to hold back supplies for better prices developing, and attention was called to the fact that total receipts at Kansas City since July 1 have been only 10,256 cars, compared with 15,415 cars for the same time last year. St. Louis claimed cash handlers were offering 1c premium to the seaboard to cancel sales of No. 2 red made ten days ago. Kansas City and St. Louis had 206,000 bu, compared with 272,000 bu a year ago, and although it was claimed receipts both in the Southwest and the Northwest would be larger but for lack of cars, total arrivals at primary points showed a loss of 80,000 bu from last year's figures. While local shipping business was on a moderate scale, 150,000 bu taken in all, higher premiums were paid for both No. 2 red and No. 2 hard. Seaboard exporters sent bearish views early, but reported 236,000 bu taken by the other side at the close, and Philadelphia complained of getting no wheat in the West on overnight bids. Clearances picked up to 865,224 bu. There was moderate selling of December by Peavey, but otherwise no pressure of hedging sales. Elevators were trying to change from September to December at 2½c difference, and were buyers of September early, selling December later. Schwartz-Dupee, Hulburd-Warren, Fresco-Monell-Gormley, Gifford, and Comstock took December. There was some profit taking at the close by early buyers, but little reaction. Liverpool futures were ½d lower, with spot unchanged, following an advance here, while Paris lost ⅛c to 1c and Antwerp ⅝c.

More Liquidation of Corn.

Corn went through an experience common for several days, the liquidation of a big local line by some bull who has changed his views of the probability of higher prices or tired of standing long on a sagging market. There was a break of 1¼@1¾c early, a recovery of over half the loss, but further easing off at the close which showed losses of ⅝@⅞c. September sold from 56¾c down to 55c, rallied to the opening price, but sank back to 56¼@⅝c compared with a close at 57⅛c on Wednesday. December sold from 59c to 58⅛@¾c and closed at 58½@⅝c. Reports of improved prospects as a result of recent rains in Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio, and free selling of old corn by farmers who had been holding back, were a potent influence in changing the attitude of some of the local holders. There was country selling of futures too, some of it for Iowa holders who claim a present outlook far better than an average crop. There was a weak opening on continued rains in Illinois Tuesday, and the Price Current's assertion that the corn outlook is fully maintained. Prices were carried down on further selling by Comstock, and the liquidation of the Robson line through Adams-Samuel, Will Parker, and Geddes. On the break Barrett and other shorts covered, and Comstock, Patten, and Pringle bought. There was not much pressure to sell, but free sale by Ohio and Indiana having filled up eastern buyers, but what business was done was at increased premiums, holders being firmer in their views. There were sales of 180,000 bu No. 2 yellow, at ¼c over September in store, and No. 3 corn on track brought September price. The seaboard reported sales of 64,000 bu for export. Local arrivals were 256 cars, and 270 are estimated for today. Clearances were 140,440 bu. Liverpool futures were ⅝@¾d lower, and spot unchanged to ½d lower.

Oats Yield but Little.

Oats were comparatively strong, only ½c under the previous close, at the lowest, and ⅛@¼c weaker at the close. September closed at 34⅞@35c, compared with 35¼c on Wednesday, and May at 38⅝c, compared with 38¾c. There was little outside pressure, and traders who sold early on the weakness in corn covered on buying of September, which appeared to be against cash sales. Shipping sales of 225,000 bu were reported. Arrivals were 234 cars, with 235 estimated for today. Farmers in Illinois are still influenced by the short corn crop and sell sparingly. Clearances were 8,000 bu.

Provisions were steady at the start, but weaker and lower at the close, under offerings of January product by packers. There was some demand for October lard. Pork lost 12½@15c, and lard and ribs 2½@5c, with nearby deliveries the weaker. Hogs were active and about 5@10c higher. Local receipts were 28,000, against 22,000 last year. Estimated arrivals today are 22,000. Total Western receipts were 60,500, against 57,800 a year ago. Shipments of cut meats were 1,899,495 lbs, compared with 2,401,451 lbs a year ago; of lard, 701,865 lbs, against 1,506,401 lbs a year ago. Packing for the week in the West reported at 380,000, compared with 420,000 the previous week and 290,000 last year.

Rye was easy to firm and quiet, with light trade. Receipts were 17 cars. September sold at 57c and closed at 57¼c bid. December sold at 59c, and stiffened to 59¼c bid at the close.

Barley was a trifle easier on more liberal receipts, 38 cars. There was a healthy demand with freer offerings. Screenings were quoted at 50@54c; feed, 55@56c; malting grades, medium, 58@60c; choice, 60@62c; fancy, 63@65c.

Timothy was about 15c higher and strong, with speculative demand. The cash range was $4.60@5.50. September sold from $5.40 to $5.50, a gain of 15c over Wednesday's close, and October closed firm at $5.35 bid and $5.40 asked. October clover, new seed, was nominal at $10.00@10.25.

Flaxseed was about 1c lower for cash and firm for futures. Trading was quiet. No. 1 Northwestern closed at $1.66, a loss of 1c; No. 1 Southwestern was nominal at $1.61, or 1c off; September, $1.60 bid, and October $1.50 bid. Receipts were 29 cars in Chicago, 20 at Minneapolis, and 11 at Duluth.

Figures for the Day.

Grain and provision futures ranged as follows:

WHEAT.

	Aug. 21.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Aug. 23, 1900.
Sept.	70¾	71⅛	70⅝	70⅝-¾	74⅝-¾
Dec.	73	73⅝	73¼	73¼	.....
May.	70⅜	77-¼	76¼	76¼	.....

CORN.

Sept.	57¼	58⅜	56¼	56¼-⅜	39¼-¼
Dec.	59⅜	59	58¼-¼	58⅝-¾	.....
May.	61⅝	62¼	60¾	60¾	.....

OATS.

Sept.	35⅛	35	34⅜	34⅝-35	21¾-⅞
Dec.	30⅝	30⅝	30⅛	30⅜	.....
May.	38⅝	38⅝	38¼	38⅜	.....

PORK.

Sept.	14.42½	14.45	14.30	14.30	11.03½
Jan.	15.55	15.57½	15.45	15.45	11.10

LARD.

Sept.	8.90	8.95	8.87½	8.87½	6.72½
Oct.	8.97½	9.02½	8.95	8.96-7½	6.77½

SHORT RIBS.

Sept.	8.25	8.30	8.25	8.25	7.05
Oct.	8.35	8.42½	8.35	8.35	7.10
Jan.	7.97½-8.00	8.06-2½	7.90-¾	7.95	5.90

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	64	17	10	110
Spring wheat	9	7	16	35
Corn	9	253	14	276
Oats	33	156	25	234
Rye	14	3	1	17
Barley	.....	29	9	38
Totals	142	474	74	690

Inspected out: 196,500 bu and 8 cars winter wheat, 5 cars No. 1 Northern spring wheat, 86,300 bu and 55 cars corn, 4,000 bu and 16 cars oats, 2 cars rye. From unlicensed elevators: 800 bu no grade winter wheat, 14,100 bu spring wheat, 128,400 bu corn, 1,000 bu rye.

Movement of Produce.

The following were the receipts and shipments of flour, grain, and provisions for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

	Receipts. 1901.	1900.	Shipments. 1901.	1900.
Flour, brls	220,775	329,150	260,991	228,786
Wheat, bu	173,620	192,350	156,673	225,729
Corn, bu	270,000	264,000	331,018	239,827
Oats, bu	274,274	2,000	810	.....
Rye, bu	7,274	2,000	810	.....
Barley, bu	34,300	10,300	1,000	1,055
T. seed, lbs	250,000	254,000	127,000	241,497
C. seed, lbs	1,300	49,212	24,975	.....
O. seed, lbs	1,190	1,400	181,730	1,194
F. seed, bu	19,640	21,900	.....	40,049
C. meats, lbs	642,865	352,570	1,899,495	2,491,481
Can. m'ts, c's	5,547	1,200	2,847	4,728
D. feed, lbs	683,332	326,880	2,779,671	1,382,784
Beef, tcs	26	.....	77	52
Beef, brls	18	.....	85	218
Pork, brls	1,000	.....	2,285	941
Lard, lbs	332,200	92,500	701,865	1,506,461

The receipts and shipments of wheat and corn at the points given were as follows:

Western points—	Receipts— Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments— Wheat.	Corn.
Chicago	220,775	173,920	260,991	156,673
Milwaukee	27,760	4,900	3,850	1,800
Minneapolis	350,200	7,700	39,600	.....
Duluth	79,070	.....	48,975	82,270
St. Louis	120,000	50,000	42,000	25,000
Toledo	57,711	15,568	18,000	10,381
Detroit	2,333	4,000	1,506	12,717
Kansas City	86,400	24,700	128,700	30,250
Peoria	18,400	68,000	.....	11,000
Totals	962,654	349,383	546,622	324,091
Seaboard—				
New York	135,900	8,400	95,025	7,632
Boston	21,883	.....	152,373	.....
Philadelphia	34,000	.....	34,897	282,808
Baltimore	124,564	8,044	70,587	.....
New Orleans	44,000	.....	.....	.....
Galveston	68,000	.....	330,800	.....
Totals	462,707	16,444	748,682	140,440
Grand total	1,425,361	365,827	1,295,304	464,531
Same day 1900	1,265,948	665,850	1,285,315	697,216

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Quiet, with local and domestic trade demand. Spring, special brands, $4.10@4.20; hard patents, $3.60@3.70; soft, $3.40@3.50; winter patents, Southern, $3.40@3.50; straights, $3.20@3.30; white rye, brls, $2.70@2.80; dark, $2.50@2.60.

WINTER WHEAT—In fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 70@70¼c, 150,000 bu on p. t. On track: No. 3 red, 70¼c; No. 2 hard, 70½c. Free on board: No grade red, 62¼c; No. 3 hard, 70c; No. 2 hard, 70¾c.

SPRING WHEAT—Steady, with good inquiry and small offerings. Sales in store and to go: No. 1 Northern, 71c; No. 3 spring, 69¼@71c. Free on board: No. 4, 62@69½c. Billed through: No grade, 64@67¾c.

CORN—Easier, with better demand. Offerings moderate. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 56¾c, and 6,000 bu at 56⅞c; No. 2 yellow, 56¾@57¼c, and 185,000 bu at ½c over September in store; No. 3, 55⅜@56¼c; No. 3 white, 58½c; No. 3 yellow, 56⅝@57c. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4, 54@56c; No. 3, 56¼@56⅜c; No. 3 yellow, 56⅝@57c; No. 2 yellow, 56¼@56½c; No. 3 white, 58¼@58½c.

OATS—About ½@⅝c lower, with good demand. Sales in store and to go: No grade, 34½c; No. 4 mixed, 34½c; No. 4 white, 37c; No. 3 white, 37¼@37¾c; No. 2, 35¾c, and 225,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4 white, 37¼@37½c; No. 3, 35¾@35¾c; No. 3 white, 37¼@38c; No. 2, 35¼@36¼c; No. 2 white, 37¼@38¼c. Billed through: No. 4 white, 36¼@37c; No. 2, 36¾@37c; No. 3 white, 36½@38c; No. 2, 35@36½c; No. 2 white, 37@37¾c.

RYE—About 1c lower, with moderate demand. Sales on track: No. 2, 57¾@58c. Free on board, 57½c.

BARLEY—Generally steady. Sales on track, 56@64½c; screenings, 50c. To arrive: 10,000 bu, 62c; 5,000 bu, 62¼c; 3,000 bu, 63¼c.

PROVISIONS—Steady. Cash lots mess pork quotable at $14.40@14.35; repacked, 15@20c discount. Lard, $8.87½@8.90; short ribs, $8.10@8.30, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Steady, at 82¼@85c for ash pork brls and 85@87½c for oak, and $1.02½@1.05 for lard tcs.

WHISKY—Basis for finished goods, $1.30.

HAY—Easier. Receipts, 1,033 tons; shipments, 40 tons. Track sales included: Choice timothy, $13.00@13.50; No. 1 timothy, $12.25@13.00; No. 2 timothy, $11.00@12.00; not graded timothy, $10.50@13.00; choice prairie, Iowa, $13.00; Kansas, $13.50; No. 1 prairie, Nebraska, $11.00@12.00.

Trade Gossip on Change.

Estimated arrivals for today are 145 cars wheat, 270 cars corn, 255 cars oats, and 22,000 hogs.

Three memberships changed hands yesterday at the new quotation of $2,600.

Minneapolis receipts of new wheat are not grading as well as when the crop began to move. Out of 272 cars received there were 20 cars No. 1 Northern, 93 cars No. 2 Northern, 132 cars No. 3 Northern, 26 cars rejected, and one car no grade.

Handlers of Kansas wheat report light offerings on daily bids, and St. Louis corroborates the claims that farmers are holding their wheat around current prices.

While the shipping business in wheat was not on a large scale, there was a good inquiry from the East, and more disposition to meet the higher premiums demanded by holders. Bids for No. 2 hard, which earlier in the season brought 2¾c over September, c. i. f., Buffalo, and then fell to 1¾c, sold at 1¾c over, with 1⅝c bid at the close and 2c asked. No. 2 red, which ten days ago brought no more than No. 2 hard, was 2¾c bid over September. There were no sales at that figure, however, because it is worth more to earn carrying charges in the elevators.

The Northwestern Miller says: "Harvesting is now almost general throughout the Northwest. The weather has been all that could be desired. Samples of new wheat received here from North Dakota and northern Minnesota are good and will grade high. Many cars from southern Minnesota and South Dakota, however, have brought wheat to Minneapolis which was nearly all below No. 1, but is good milling wheat, and finds ready sale, being hard and dry. Wheat will not move freely for a week or more, though local receipts have been large as compared with corresponding dates last year."

George H. Phillips says practically all the creditors of the Phillips company have agreed to take stock in a reorganized company to the extent of their claims, and that he has instructed his attorney to prepare and send out blank agreements to all creditors to sign. Proxies are also to be secured at the same time, which will be voted at a shareholders' meeting authorizing the doubling of the capital stock.

TUBERS DROP 25 CENTS A SACK.

Buyers Hold Off Until Prices Recede, When Stocks Are Again Cleaned Up —Peaches Flood the Market.

Potatoes dropped back to $1.60@1.75 a sack yesterday forenoon, although early sales were made at $2. By the bushel the decrease was about 15c, making the price $1.10@1.15. The lower prices were brought about by the refusal of prospective buyers to pay over $1.75, and the market particularly was at a standstill until the range came within their bids. Receipts were 10 cars, and were sold at current prices.

Michigan peaches were in heavy receipts, 24,000 baskets coming by water, and 23 cars of Kentucky, Georgia, and other Southern shipments by rail. Most of the peaches were ripe to overripe, and except for choice stock, which was scarce, quotations had considerable range. Large quantities of peaches were turned over to peddlers.

Other lines of fruits and vegetables were in good supply and demand. Prices were generally easier.

Choice creamery butter was steady to easier owing to increased receipts, but firsts were in good inquiry at firm prices. Eggs and poultry were fairly steady.

Quotations on round lots were as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Eggs, loss off, cases returned	15½@14c
Eggs, at mark, cases returned	15c
City rescandled	14@14½c
Seconds, case	72c@$1.50
Cheese, Y. A.	10@10½c
Cheese, twins	9½@10c
Cheese, factory Chicks	8@9½c
Butter, creamery extra	20c
Firsts	18@19c
Seconds	14@14½c
Dairies	14@17c
Ladles	13@14c

POULTRY.

Iced chickens, scalded	7@8c
Do, dry picked	7½c
Do, roosters	4½@5c
Iced turkeys	9@9c
Live turkeys, lb	6@8c
Chickens	8c
Do, spring, lb	12@12½c
Geese, doz	$3.00@4.50

FISH.

Black bass, lb	11@12c
Pickerel	6@8c
Carp	11@12c
Pike	9@10c
Eels	9@9c
Perch	5@6c

VEALS.

50@90 lbs	5@6½c
90@70 lbs	6@6½c
65@100 lbs	6@7½c
100@130 lbs	6@6½c
130@150 lbs	6@6½c
150@200 lbs	6@6½c

FRUITS.

Apples, good to choice	$1.50@3.25
Apples, fancy	$2.75@3.50
Lemons, Cal., re-packed, box	$4.00
Do, Messina	$3.00@5.00
Pineapples, Fla., crates	$3.50@4.00
Oranges, Valencias	$4.00@5.00
Blueberries, Mich., 16 qts	$1.25@1.50
Grapes, Malaga	$2.00@2.25
Do, Arkansas, 4-bskt cases	75c
Do, Ives, Ill., 8-lb bskt	12@15c
Do, Niagara, 6-bskt cases	$1.00@1.25
Bananas, bch	$1.25@1.50
Bartlett pears, Cal., box	$2.40@2.85
Cherries, 16 qts, sour	$1.25
Do, sweet	$1.75
Peaches, Mich., bskts	10@30c
Do, Ill., 4-bskt cases	20@35c
Do, Ky., 4 bu	20@60c
Do, Ga., 6-bskt cases	$1.00@1.25
Gems, 11 lbs	25@30c
Do, crates, 40-56	75c@$1.10
Rocky Ford, Colo., crates	$2.75
Watermelons, Georgia, per car	$110@180

VEGETABLES.

Beans, navy, hand-picked	$2.80
Medium	$2.70@2.75
Celery, Mich., case	30@40c
Cucumbers, Ill., bu	25@35c
Cabbage, new, home-grown, crates	$2.25@2.50
Do, per 100	$4.00@7.00
Carrots, new	10c
bunches	$1.00
Onions, 70-lb sacks	$1.10@1.25
Sweet corn, 6dz doz	50@60c
Beets, new, 100 bchs	$1.00@1.25
Turnips, new, bu	50@75c
Green peas, ½ bu	75c
telephones	$1.75@2.00
Lettuce, head, home-grown, tubs	50@75c
Do, leaf, in cases	30@35c
String beans, new, ½ bu	$1.75@2.00
New potatoes, early	40c
Do, Ida., St. L	$1.10@1.15
Do, Minn	$1.10@1.15
Do, home-grown, early	75c
Ohio, 1¼ bu	$1.60@1.75
Sweet potatoes, brl	$4.25@4.75
Tomatoes, Ill., 4-bskt cases	20@25c
Do, Indiana, ½-bu bskts	20@35c
Do, home-grown, bu	50@85c

The following table exhibits the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts— 1901.	1900.	Shipments— 1901.	1900.
Apples, brls	440	1,013	128	503
Beans, bu	175	.....	2,163	125
B. corn, lbs	122,000	.....	90,000	4,970
Butter, lbs	789,295	908,028	520,896	377,907
Cheese, lbs	441,794	236,570	231,120	208,128
D. fruits, lbs	64,000	.....	.....	17,280
Eggs, pkgs	2,517	5,521	2,194	1,366
Hay, tons	1,033	1,248	40	.....
Hides, tons	415,070	171,537	366,532	253,450
Potatoes, bu	13,422	6,480	1,039	776
Poultry, lbs	59,800	13,730	13,432	7,480
Poultry, c'ps	235	35	100	.....
Wool, lbs	789,295	73,575	680,224	260,366

IN LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep—Figures for the Week.

The general cattle market was rather dull and prices weak to lower, the common and medium grades selling late at 5@10c lower. Hogs were 5@10c higher than Wednesday's average, and sheep steady, while lambs were dull at Wednesday's decline.

Stock-Yard receipts and shipments follow:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Aug. 19	7,898	41	4,585	1,141
Tuesday, Aug. 20	3,344	75	1,898	3,019
Wednesday, Aug. 21	8,688	907	23,037	13,453
Thursday, Aug. 22	9,000	200	20,000	18,000
Totals	29,930	3,748	110,184	75,610
Same time last week	33,216	3,258	91,016	82,355
Cor. time 1900	56,108	1,778	88,501	83,342
Shipments—				
Monday, Aug. 19	1,898	41	4,585	1,141
Tuesday, Aug. 20	3,344	75	1,898	3,019
Wednesday, Aug. 21	8,688	907	23,037	13,453
Thursday, Aug. 22	5,000	100	6,000	1,500
Totals	20,634	216	17,484	8,613
Same time last week	21,509	273	20,088	3,346
Cor. time 1900	16,974	251	17,207	20,917

Combined receipts at Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, and St. Louis, with comparisons:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Thus far this week	129,000	185,000	112,000
Same period last week	139,000	181,000	121,000
Same week 1900	201,000	245,000	140,000
Same period 1899	137,000	170,000	104,000

Receipts today are estimated at 2,000 cattle, 21,000 hogs, and 8,000 sheep. The average price of hogs at Chicago yesterday was $5.94, against $5.89 Wednesday, $5.93 Thursday of last week, and $5.77 two weeks ago. Average cost price the first four days of this week, $5.93, against $5.86 a week ago, and $5.84 two weeks ago.

Receipts of hogs at eleven markets, 64,209, against 63,300 a week ago, and 63,900 a year ago. Receipts the first four days this week, 297,000, against 305,000 a week ago and 235,000 a year ago.

Packers purchased 24,800 and shippers 6,000, leaving 3,500 in the pens. Armour bought 9,500; Anglo-American, 2,500; Boyd & Lunham, 1,600; Hammond, 1,000; Lipton, 1,900; Swift and butchers, 6,700.

Droves averaging 151@174 sold at $5.80½@5.92; 245@275-lb packers, $5.88@5.93, and 230@260-lb butchers and shippers, $5.98@6.08.

Cattle—The demand for cattle centered on a few choice steers of superior quality. All such kinds sold readily at strong prices, but the common and medium, of which the supply was large, sold slowly and finished 5@10c lower. Sales included prime 1,477-lb steers up to $5.90, but good to choice went at $5.25@5.60, and medium at $4.75@5.25, while the poor to fair grades ranged down to $3.75@4.50. Cows and heifers were dull and slow. There was a limited inquiry for canners at $1.25@2.45, the most of them selling at $2.00@2.25. Canners moved slowly at $2.50@2.80, and pretty good beef cows sold at $3.00@3.25. Cows or heifers fat enough to sell for $3.50 up were not abundant and met with a fair outlet. Bulls were weaker at $2.00@4.40, and calves steady at $3.00@5.40. Western range steers sold at $4.00@4.35, the quality being rather poor.

Hogs—Receipts were quite liberal, but with a good local demand and a strong opening to the provision market the feeling was strong. The market opened strong, with some sales no better than yesterday's closing. However, the general market ruled 5@10c above yesterday's closing and the feeling continued strong to the finish, unless it was for the common kinds and a few late arrivals. The general market was in good shape, with about all sales at free buyers, especially the big fellows. Fancy 331-lb hogs sold at $6.35, with 252@367-lb averages at $6.25@6.30. Most of the selected butchers and good heavy sold at $6.05@6.20.

Bulk of sales	$5.90@6.15
Selected butchers', 220@270 lbs	6.10@6.30
Selected bacon, 150@195 lbs	5.80@6.10
Mixed grades, 300@350 lbs	5.90@6.22½
Heavy shipping, 260@350 lbs	6.05@6.35
Heavy, 280@400 lbs	5.85@6.05
Rough to heavy grades	5.55@5.80
Poor to choice pigs	3.50@5.25

Sheep—The supply of good sheep was light and prices were strong, but lambs were again neglected and sold weak to lower. Sheep, poor to good, ranged from $2.00 to $4.00, bulk at $3.00@3.50. A few choice lambs sold at $5.15, but common to medium sold at $5.00@4.00, and good qualities at $4.00@4.50.

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,000 natives, 2,000 Texans, 900 calves. Native beef steers steady to 10c higher; other cattle steady. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $5.40@5.80; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.25; Western fed steers, $4.25@5.25; Western range steers, $3.25@4.50; Texans and Indians, $2.75@4.00; Texas cows, $2.40@2.90; native cows, $2.45@4.00. Hogs—Receipts, 9,000. Closed 10c higher. Top, $6.27½; bulk of sales, $5.85@6.20. Sheep—Receipts, 1,500. Market steady. Lambs, $4.00@5.00; native wethers, $3.00@3.50; Western wethers, $3.00@3.40.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 22.—Cattle—Market unchanged; medium to good export steers, $5.50@5.85; fair steers, $4.00@5.00; heifers, $1.75@3.25. Veals and calves—Receipts, 40. Market steady to firm. Hogs—Receipts light. Market quiet and stronger. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 5 cars. Market slow; best lambs sold at $5.40@5.50; good fat, $5.00@5.25; mixed sheep, $3.25@3.50.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,300, including 1,200 Texans; market slow, steady; native shipping and export steers, $4.85@6.00; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.00@5.40; stockers and feeders, $2.15@3.75; canners, $1.25@2.25; cows and heifers, $2.10@3.50. Hogs—Receipts, 4,000; market 5@10c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 1,800; market steady.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Beeves—Receipts, 268; none on sale and no trading. Calves—Receipts, 93. Steady; veals sold at $4.00@8.00 per 100 pounds. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 4,375; sheep slow, 10@15c lower; lambs in better demand. Sheep, $2.00@3.25; few $3.50; lambs, $4.15@5.62½; culls, $3.25@3.75. Hogs—Receipts, 3,593. Steady; prime State hogs, $6.20@6.30 per 100 lbs.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000; market steady; native beef steers, $4.25@5.90; Western steers, $3.50@4.50; Texas steers, $3.25@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 4,900; market 7½@10c higher; bulk of sales, $5.85@5.90. Sheep—Receipts, 5,800; market strong on top, others slow.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,000. Market slow; steady to weak. Hogs—Receipts, 7,700. Market 5c higher. Pigs steady; light and light mixed, $5.85@6.15; medium and heavy, $6.00@6.22½; pigs, $3.00@5.15. Sheep—Receipts, 722. Market active; 5c higher.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., Aug. 22.—Credit balances, $1.25; certificates, no bid. Shipments, 93,300 brls, average 96,439 brls; runs, 104,726 brls, average 84,088 brls.

LOCAL STOCK LIST FIRM.

NEARLY ALL SECURITIES SHOW AN IMPROVEMENT.

Report That Blair-Mitchell Syndicate Had Abandoned Plan to Consolidate All Elevated Roads Is Denied—Continental National Bank Secures Currency from New York—Demand for Crop Moving Purposes More Pronounced—Railroad Earnings.

Nearly all issues in the local market showed firmness yesterday. Northwestern Elevated common sold at 42, which represents a gain of 6 over the settlement price on Monday, when the stock sold "ex-rights." It was stated by a local news bureau that the Blair-Mitchell syndicate had abandoned the plan of combining all the roads on account of the difficulty of settling on a method of avoiding a five-cent fare from one part of the city to the other. It may be stated authoritatively that the syndicate has not changed its ideas about consolidation, and that the merger will be carried through eventually.

American Can common followed the better position for United States Steel in New York and made a net gain of ⅝. It opened above the previous close in sympathy with the improved feeling over the steel strike situation and rose to 23¾, losing from the high point in the late trading. The preferred was steady on dull trading.

National Biscuit common was fairly active and made a gain of ⅛ to 44½. The preferred made an advance on the purchase of a small lot.

Central Union Telephone remains strong at 47½. One local broker has bought 5,000 shares of the stock in the last two weeks and has bid for more. It is presumed he is acting for Bell interests, which are the only ones likely to buy the stock now. Match was higher at 145½.

Currency Movement More Pronounced.

The movement of currency to Western points from the large centers is becoming more pronounced. The Continental National Bank of this city has engaged $500,000 for shipment from the New York Subtreasury to Chicago, and received the same amount from there a few days ago. New York advices yesterday said that $300,000 was transferred from there to a Chicago bank during the day. Inquiry at several banks failed to locate the institution.

Vice President David R. Forgan of the First National said that it had not received any currency from New York recently. "We are shipping some money to the country," he said. "Shipments are going to Kansas City and Minneapolis. Preparations are being made to move the wheat crop at Minneapolis. Our shipments have not been large so far, but I expect they will be greater."

Shipments of silver from the Chicago Subtreasury to outside institutions are averaging about one-fifth larger than last year. Country banks are still in the market for the purchase of commercial paper on a large scale, and this is accepted as the best proof that the demand from the country will not embarrass the money market in the large centers seriously.

The trend of the money movement is from the cities to the country, as the price to which New York exchange at Chicago has declined shows. It was quoted yesterday at 40c discount, which is 10c from the shipping point. Shipments from the city to interior points are estimated at about $800,000 a day now.

Dividend on Colorado Fuel.

Directors of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company have declared a dividend of 1¾ per cent on the common stock, payable on Oct. 15. This places the stock on a 7 per cent basis, as the Gates element promised to do when it assumed the control. Local interests which have bought into the company are exceedingly bullish on the property.

Directors of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent a share, payable on Sept. 25.

The United States Glass company has declared a dividend of 4 per cent on the preferred stock.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

	1901.	1900.	Increase.
Second week August.	$ 725,798	$ 637,822	$ 87,976
From July 1	4,585,988	4,005,598	580,420

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT.

Second week August.	63,092	59,354	4,388
From Jan. 1	1,861,056	1,675,227	185,829

NEW YORK AND HARLEM.

For quarter ended June 30—			
Gross	99,758	94,978	4,780
Net	99,291	93,226	6,065
Surplus	99,291	90,726	8,565
Fiscal year—			
Net income	389,758	390,757	*999
Dividends	400,000	400,000	
Deficit	10,242	11,241	*999

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS AND TEXAS PACIFIC.

Second week August.	97,747	89,394	8,353
From July 1	645,856	599,336	44,520

*Decrease.

Financial Topics.

Chicago bank officers were not disturbed over the announcement from New York yesterday that by the end of the year German banks will withdraw their credits to banks in this country. Local banks say they are not sufficiently interested in Germany to be affected. The dispatch from New York bearing on the matter was as follows: "A factor in the foreign exchange situation which has not received general consideration because information could not be had has been confined to bankers transacting international business, is the decision of practically all the German banks and bankers to withdraw by the end of the year the credits which they have extended to bankers here. They have adopted this policy that they may make as strong a showing of cash as possible at the close of the calendar year. This will necessitate the transaction of business with Germany during December virtually on a cash basis and will gradually eliminate the drawing of long Reichsmarks from the foreign exchange market."

Traffic on the elevated roads is maintaining up to this time a good increase over August of last year. At the close of the month the travel will have to bear comparison with the increase brought by the Grand Army encampment last year, which will lower the record. Officials expect a gain over last year notwithstanding this.

The Bank of England's minimum rate of discount remains unchanged at 3 per cent. The return was a strong one, but the expectations of a reduction in the rate were not realized.

Call money ruled in New York yesterday at 2½ per cent. Money closed at 2 to 2¼ per cent, and the last loan was at that rate.

The Union Bag and Paper company has acquired the Howland Paper company, whose plant comprises nineteen pieces of real estate, paper mills, water power, easements, and other property in Saratoga and Washington Counties, N. Y.

It is announced that a special meeting of directors of the Colorado and Southern railway company has been called for Thursday, Aug. 29, in New York, and that President Frank Trumbull will leave Denver within the next two or three days to be present.

The $1,870,000 Mexican government 6 per cent silver bonds recently offered by the George D. Cook company and Mason, Lewis & Co. have been entirely closed out. This is said to be the largest amount of silver bonds ever sold to investors in the United States.

The New York Stock Exchange has received application to list $9,500,000 Mobile and Ohio collateral trust 4 per cent bonds; $202,000 American Thread company first mortgage 4 per cent collateral trust bonds of 1919,

MARKET STRONG BUT SLOW

WALL STREET IGNORES DECLINES IN LONDON.

Stocks Generally Maintain Strength, Despite Some Selling by Arbitrage Houses—Baltimore and Ohio Leads Upward Movement, Closely Followed by Missouri Pacific, New York Transactions, Amalgamated Copper, and United States Steel Issues.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Although prices for American securities in London today ruled fractionally below the final figures recorded in this market yesterday, and following arbitrage houses were moderate sellers of stocks to the extent probably of 30,000 shares, the local market was in the main strong throughout.

New leaders in the upward movement were Baltimore and Ohio, all of the anthracite coal stocks, Missouri Pacific, the local traction issues, and in the industrial list Amalgamated Copper and the United States Steel stocks.

The dealings in the steel stocks were somewhat larger than for several days and the final prices for them were the highest of the day.

In the railway list the most decided movement was in Baltimore and Ohio, which closed at a net advance of 4 points. The final price was the highest of the day.

The heaviest buying of this stock was attributed to Chicago capitalists, who are directors of the company, and it may not be long associated with the approaching dissolution of the voting trust.

Of the anthracite coal group Delaware and Hudson and Lackawanna enjoyed net gains of 3¾ and 2 per cent respectively. Erie issues were unusually active at net gains averaging more than a point, and Ontario and Western and Reading shares were not far behind them in the progress made toward a high level. Ample explanation of this movement may be found in the market for anthracite coal.

The shares of the transcontinental and of granger trunk lines, which were conspicuous features in the speculation early in the week, received less attention; still, with the exception of Southern Pacific and Atchison common, they closed fractionally higher than last night. Missouri Pacific was exceptionally strong on light transactions, and there was a sympathetic movement in the shares of allied roads—viz.: Texas Pacific, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Missouri, Kansas and Texas issues, Wabash common, and Colorado Southern issues. Of the less active railway stocks Great Northern preferred was most conspicuous, at a net advance of 1¼ per cent.

There was a revival of speculative interest in Amalgamated Copper, that was accompanied by reports of an international agreement regarding production and prices between the principal copper producing companies.

Amalgamated Copper closed at the highest price of the day, which showed a net gain of 3½ points, and Anaconda Mining enjoyed a net advance of 1¼ per cent.

The total transactions were somewhat smaller than yesterday, and at closing time the market was quiet. There was also a moderate falling off in the dealings in bonds. In the curb market the features were further advances in United States Reduction and Refining issues and in Dominion securities.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKETS.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railroad Stocks, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—Dealing in stocks still further decreased today, but in spite of the extreme dullness of the market the undertone of firmness which has recently characterized it persisted. There were more points of positive strength in today's market than in yesterday's, but the general list showed but less upward.

Call loans continued to rule easy at 2½ per cent or lower. Some of the speculative and convertible railroad bonds were again active today. Bonds generally were quiet but firm. Total sales, par value, $1,955,000.

Close: Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent; last loan, 2½. Prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent. Sterling exchange steady to firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4 86¾ for demand and at 484¾@484¼ for 60 days. Posted rates, 485¼ and 488. Commercial bills, 483¾@484.

Bar silver, 58⅝. Mexican dollars, 48½. Government bonds steady; State bonds active; railroad bonds firm.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	175	United States	88
American	195	Wells-Fargo	180

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. reg., 2s	107¼	U. S. old 4s, reg	113
U. S. reg., 2s, coup	107¼	U. S. old 4s, coup	113
U. S. 3s, reg	108½	U. S. 5s, reg	107¾
U. S. 3s, coup	108½	U. S. 5s, coup	107¾
U. S. new 4s, reg	137	Dis. Columbia 3.65s	124
U. S. new 4s, coup	137		

NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Ag. 22.	Ag. 21.
Am. Sugar	1,400	134¾	132¾	134¾	132¾
Am. Tobacco ctfs	200	134¾	134¼	134¾	132½
Am. Locomotive	300	36¼	35¾	36¼	35¾
Am. Steel Foundry	100	24	24	24	24
Am. Express	40	192	192	192	.....
Am. Smelting	1,000	65¾	65¼	65¾	65½
Atchison	1,400	76¾	75¾	76¾	75¾
Am. Copper	17,500	119	115¾	119	115¾
Baltimore	18,500	79¾	75¾	79¾	76¾
Brooklyn	1,200	76¾	75¾	76¾	76¾
Canadian	4,200	46¼	45¾	46¼	45¾
Del. and Hud.	100	28	28	28	.....
Am. Malt Co.	900	9¾	9¼	9¾	9¼
Do pfd	100	28	28	28	26
Am. Ice Found.	1,400	29¾	29	29¾	29
Do pfd	200	87	87	87	87
Am. Linseed	200	31¾	31¾	31¾	31½
Do pfd	100	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼
Am. Ref. Pap. Trans	2,900	75¾	74¾	75¼	74¾
Bal. & Ohio	14,600	104	100	104	100
Do pfd	200	92	92	92	92
Brooklyn Rap. Trans	200	61	60	61	60
C. & Alton	1,800	39¾	38¾	39¾	38¾
C. & Ohio	1,400	49¾	48¾	49¾	48¾
C. B. & Q.	1,600	142¾	142	142¾	142
Canada Southern	200	70¾	70¾	70¾	70¾
Chicago Gas	1,100	48¾	47¾	48¾	46¾
Chi. R.R. of N. J.	100	162	162	162	.....
Chi. G. & St. L.	100	90¾	90¼	90¾	90¼
Do pfd	1,100	22	21¾	22	21¾
C. C. C. & St. L.	1,000	93¾	93¼	93¾	93¼
Do pfd	100	97	97	97	97
Consolidated Gas	1,200	225	224	224¾	224½
Del. & Hudson	3,500	169	168	169	168¾
Del., Lack. & West	800	404	404	404	404
Den. & Rio Grande	100	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
Do pfd	100	107	107	107	11
Erie	1,000	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¼
Do 1st pfd	800	74¾	74¼	74¾	74¼
Do 2d pfd	100	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾
Fort Wayne	100	180	180	180	180
Gt. Northern pfd	6,400	183¾	182	183¾	184½
Gt. Western	100	142¾	142¾	142¾	142¾
Hocking Valley	1,000	43¾	42¾	43¾	42
Illinois Central	300	144¾	144¾	144¾	144¾
Iowa Central	1,000	23	22¾	23	22¾
Do pfd	100	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Kansas & Texas	1,000	17¾	17¼	17¾	16¾
Do pfd	100	127¾	127¾	127¾	128
Lake Erie & West	600	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Do pfd	2,100	68	67¾	68	67¾
Lake Shore	1,100	194¾	194	194¾	194¾
Long Island	900	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾
Louisville & Nash.	6,700	114¾	113¾	114¾	113¾
Manhattan	100	57	57	57	57
Metropolitan St.	1,100	167¾	167¼	167¾	167¼
Mexican Central	1,000	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
Minn. & St. Louis	100	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
Do pfd	100	44	44	44	44
Missouri Pacific	5,500	104¾	103	103	102¾
Mobile & Ohio	100	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾
Central	600	154	153¾	154	154¼
Do pfd	10,400	97	96¾	97	96¾
N. Y. C. & H. R.	5,500	154¾	154	154¾	154
N. Y. & New Eng.	100	67	67	67	67
N. Y. & Northern pfd	500	142¾	142	142¾	.....
N. Y. Central	1,100	170¾	170¼	170¾	170¼
N. Y. Chi. & St. L.	300	41¾	41¾	41¾	.....
Do 1st pfd	100	94	94	94	.....
Do 2d pfd	100	74	74	74	.....
N. Y. Gas	900	103	103	103	102¾
N. Y. & N. E.	4,200	146¾	145¾	146¾	145¾
N. Y. Ont. & West	100	41¼	40¾	41¼	41
Norfolk & West	100	61	61	61	61
Do pfd	100	91	91	91	.....
Northern Pacific	1,100	68¾	68¼	68¾	68¼
Do pfd	7,100	79¾	79¼	79¾	79¼
Ontario & West	6,700	41¾	41¼	41¾	41¼
Oregon Nav.	100	77¾	77¾	77¾	77¾
Oregon Short Line	1,100	77¾	77¼	77¾	77¼
Pacific Mail	1,100	47¾	47¼	47¾	47¼
Pennsylvania	1,100	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾
Peoples Gas	1,100	103¾	103¼	103¾	103¼
Pressed Steel Car	1,100	43¾	43¼	43¾	43¼
Do pfd	1,100	91¾	91¼	91¾	91¼
Pullman Palace	200	204	204	204	204
Reading	1,100	49¾	49¼	49¾	49¼
Do 1st pfd	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
Do 2d pfd	1,100	74¾	74¼	74¾	74¼
Rock Island	1,100	20¾	20¼	20¾	20¼
Do pfd	1,100	46¾	46¼	46¾	46¼
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	1,100	46¾	46¼	46¾	46¼
St. L. & S. W.	1,100	14¾	14¼	14¾	14¼
Do pfd	1,100	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¼
St. Paul	1,100	134¾	134¼	134¾	134¼
Southern Pacific	1,100	57¾	57¼	57¾	57¼
Southern Railway	1,100	24¾	24¼	24¾	24¼
Do pfd	1,100	87¾	87¼	87¾	87¼
Tenn. Coal & Iron	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
Texas Pacific	1,100	29¾	29¼	29¾	29¼
Third Avenue	1,100	124¾	124¼	124¾	124¼
Tol., St. L. & W.	1,100	24¾	24¼	24¾	24¼
Do pfd	1,100	46¾	46¼	46¾	46¼
Twin City	1,100	104¾	104¼	104¾	104¼
Union Pacific	1,100	94¾	94¼	94¾	94¼
Do pfd	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
U. S. Leather	1,100	11¾	11¼	11¾	11¼
Do pfd	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
U. S. Rubber	1,100	24¾	24¼	24¾	24¼
Do pfd	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
U. S. Steel	1,100	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¼
Do pfd	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
Wabash	1,100	14¾	14¼	14¾	14¼
Do pfd	1,100	34¾	34¼	34¾	34¼
Wheeling & L. E.	1,100	24¾	24¼	24¾	24¼
Do 1st pfd	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
Do 2d pfd	1,100	74¾	74¼	74¾	74¼
Wisconsin Central	1,100	24¾	24¼	24¾	24¼
Do pfd	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
Express companies	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼
Miscellaneous	1,100	84¾	84¼	84¾	84¼

DECREASE IN THE LAW CASES.

Total of 11,952 on New Calendars for Circuit Court Term, Which Opens on Sept. 16.

Calendars for the Circuit Court term which opens on Sept. 16 have been prepared and show a total of 11,952 law cases, against 11,071 last year. Judge Dunne and Judge Smith are assigned to the Criminal Court, and the calendars which otherwise would be given to them are numbered 6 and 10 and will be heard by outside Judges. Judge Tuthill will continue in the Juvenile Court, where he has presided since its inception in July, 1899. The list of calendars follows: No. 1, Judge Tuley, 1,419 cases; No. 2, Judge Tuthill, 1,227 cases; No. 3, Judge Baker, 992 cases; No. 4, Judge Waterman, to be called by Judge Horton, 1,208 cases; No. 5, Judge Clifford, 1,228 cases; No. 6, 1,301 cases; No. 7, Judge Haney, 779 cases; No. 8, Judge Burke, 796 cases; No. 9, Judge Gibbons, 1,277 cases; No. 10, 884 cases; No. 11, Judge Neely, 836 cases.

Superior and Circuit Court Judgments.

Judge Brentano—212796—Natl. Bk. vs. John Irving Pearce Jr.; by defft., $264.62.

Judge Vail—218993—J. A. Schackelford vs. John Frailnbur; by defft., $500. 219078—Charles M. Rogers et al. vs. George D. Moffatt Co.; by defft., $363.30.—218894—Edwin S. Hartwell Lumber Co. vs. Robert L. Landmark; by defft., $761.35.—219696—Ross H. Welch vs. Henry Best; by defft., $740.54.—218715—Walter W. Crowe vs. C. W. Moores; by defft., $600. On ans. Judge—$600 vs. F. R. Mueller, garn.—219726—George W. Beck vs. Mathew D. Watson by defft. judgt. of Jan. 19, 1895, for $756, revived.—220063—Michael P. Cibrowski vs. Paraha Pod. O. M. B.; by defft., $318.65.—220374—Eric L. Hedstrom et al. vs. John M. Jensen; by defft. judgt. Aug. 22, 1894, for $834.54, revived.—219146—S. J. Stebbins Co. vs. Oscar E. Anderson; by defft., $300.85.—219482—Lucetia Lumsden, trustee, etc., of John Lumsden, decd., vs. Jonas McGinley; by defft., $834.

Decrees.

Judge Brentano—218448—Brower vs. Hall; dec. sale.—215042—Bailin vs. Reid; dec. sale.—214075—Scandia L. and L. Assn. vs. Westergren; dec.

Judge Chytraus—1773—Chappell vs. Chappell; dec. div.

Judge Kavanagh—214622—Smith vs. Smith; dec. div.—214691—Conway vs. Conway; dec. div.

Judge Vail—8894—Nelson vs. Nelson; dec. div.—8080—Postelle vs. Postelle; dec. div.—8039—Marr vs. Cook; dec. sale.—8295—Brouse vs. Brouse; dec. sale.—8866—Nauvoo vs. Lobdell; dec.—216144—Richardson vs. Hecht; dec.—209474—Boulter vs. Feinberg; dec.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

6342—Petsr Schiefen; liabilities, $3,320; assets, $140. C. C. H. Zollman, attorney.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Brentano—Emergency business only.
Judge Vail—Emergency business. On trial, 217658.
Judge Carter—County Court—Motions of course.

HEALTH OFFICE SUES ICE MAN.

Two Retailers Charged with Selling Without a License—Another Is Fined $25.

The Health Department, through Attorney George H. Kriete, began suits before Justice Walter Gibbons yesterday against H. Koehne, 100 Howe street, and John Funk, 561 North Park avenue, charging them with selling ice without a license. In the same court A. Piper, Ashland avenue and Twenty-seventh street, was fined $25 for selling ice alleged to be impure. R. M. Patterson of the Pure Food commission made a report to the State Board of Health yesterday, stating that the water of Wolf Lake was unfit for ice purposes.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Current and Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Poultry, Coffee, and Metals.

NEW YORK, Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Dry goods—The demand for staple cottons has shown a slight improvement. Print cloths are dull for regulars at 2 7-16c, but fair business reported in odd goods. Prints in average request at previous prices. Ginghams steady. Hosiery and underwear in fair demand for spring season.

Poultry; Alive and Dressed.

Poultry—Alive—Spring chickens, per lb, 12@14c; fowls, 10c; roosters, 6c; turkeys, 10c; ducks, Western, per pair, 50@75c. Dressed—Spring chickens, Western, dry picked, large, 14c; do, scalded, 13c; do, small, dry picked or scalded, 11@12½c; fowls, Western, dry picked, average best, 9½@10c; do, scalded, 9½c; ducks, spring, Western, 7@10c.

In the Coffee Market.

Coffee—Spot Rio was steady at 5¾c for No. 7. Sales, 3,500 bags. Rio No. 5, August-September shipment, at 6.35 c. i. f. store terms; 5,000 Maracaibo; 600 Savanilla. Futures advanced 5 to 10 points, closing firm. Sales, 35,000 bags. Havre advanced ¼ f. Hamburg unchanged to ¼ pfg higher. American warehouse deliveries, 14,000 bags. Rio weak at unchanged prices. Receipts, 30,000 bags. Stock, 430,000. Santos steady at 100 reis decline. Receipts, 55,000 bags. Stock, 855,000. Interior receipts, 45,000 bags.

Dull Day in Metal Market.

The market for metals ruled generally dull again today. Tin was slightly lower. Copper ruled inactive and nominally unchanged, both at home and abroad. Spelter ruled steady in local centers at unchanged prices, $5.05½@5.07½. Iron was dull and featureless.

DAY IN THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Collections for Duties on Warehouse Withdrawals and Entries for Immediate Consumption.

Collections for duties at the Chicago Custom-House yesterday amounted to $41,-639.92, warehouse withdrawals furnishing $15,379.88, and entries for immediate consumption $26,260.05.

Goods arriving at Chicago from foreign countries yesterday were: 269 packages pickles, 25 cases essence, 1 case paintings, 25 bales tobacco, 33 packages tobacco, 1 case clothing, 1 case laces, 56 cases linens, 30 cases grindstones, 1 case molds, 1 case paintings, 4 cases whisky, 1 case musical instruments, 1 case oil paintings, 10 cases millinery, 1 package diamonds, 1 package sample dry goods, 1 package household effects, 30 packages crockery, 100 cases whisky, 3 coils wire rope, 72 packages window glass, 14 packages crockery, 446 packages tea, 1 case curios.

The following goods were entered for immediate consumption and duties paid thereon: 330 packages decorated earthenware, 1 case manufactured metal, 13 packages glassware, 36 packages musical instruments and sundries, 4 bales carpets, 18 cases plate glass, 10 casks sherry, 140 bags gum chicle, 1 case cotton cloth, 1 case wood carving, 3 casks crude chamomile flowers, 2 bags fennel seed, 1 cases manufactured metal, 50 cases blown glassware, 44 cases dry goods, 1 package diamonds, 3 cases goldbeater's molds, 505 bags maple sugar, 1 case clocks, 25 barrels American wine (returned), 4 casks brandy, 1 case oil paintings, 30 cases artificial pumice stone, 24 packages white earthenware, 14 cases glassware, 6 cases books, 3 cases manufactured rubber, 4 cases old Highland whisky, 1 case effects, 3 cases silk laces, 1 case perfumery, 1 case wool and cotton trimmings, 1 case woolen dress goods, 2 cases silk trimmings.

SUED FOR BREACH OF PROMISE.

Miss Jessie M. Graham Asks $50,000 Damages of James A. Fleming for Refusing to Marry Her.

James A. Fleming, reputed to be wealthy, living in Phœnix, Ariz., has been sued in the Superior Court for $50,000 damages by Miss Jessie M. Graham, who declares that she was deceived into thinking that Mr. Fleming would marry her. Attorney R. A. Wade, who represents the plaintiff in the suit, asserts that in 1890 Miss Graham met Mr. Fleming, who later promised to marry her. Miss Graham formerly lived at Butte, Mont.

IN THE INSURANCE FIELD.

GROWING DIFFICULTY IN PLACING LARGE LINES.

Numerous Retirements by Companies and Transfers of Business, with Adverse Laws in Many States, Lead to This Condition—One St. Louis Grain Elevator Shy $500,000 on Its Needs and Owner Unable to Get It—Kansas City Packing-Houses Also Complain.

Large insurers are finding growing difficulty in covering their lines, due to the numerous retirements and reinsurances of companies and the reduction in lines due to heavy losses. This is not peculiar to Chicago, but is found in every large center in the West, especially in the States where the laws are adverse and the loss ratios have been high.

One grain elevator in St. Louis is $500,000 shy on the insurance it needs and the owner is unable to get it anywhere. Elevators and packing-houses in Kansas City make the same complaint. All this makes it easier for the companies to get a more adequate rate, for insurers appreciate the value of indemnity in proportion as it is hard to get.

Ohio fire insurance interests are to meet at Put-in Bay today and tomorrow for a conference over legislative conditions and the progress of the campaign of education.

R. W. Hosmer, Vice President of the Chicago Underwriters' association, who has spent the summer in northern Europe, is expected home today.

When H. H. Stevens retired as Insurance Commissioner of Michigan early in the year, he became secretary of the Ideal Reserve association of Detroit. By action of the Executive committee he has now been removed from that position, after a contest.

The annual convention of the New York Life's $200,000 club is being held this week at Manhattan Beach. After several days devoted to amusement there will be a business meeting this morning and a banquet tonight at the Oriental Hotel. Tomorrow the sessions will be held at the home office of the company, ending with a luncheon at the Merchants' club.

The troubles between the Cleveland agency of O. M. Stafford, Goss & Co., and the Ohio Inspection bureau, which threatened to disrupt the Cleveland Exchange, are to be settled by arbitration.

J. A. Kelsey of the Aachen and Munich succeeds G. H. Lermit on the Committee on Order of Business for the union meeting, Mr. Lermit being out of the city.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

The advance in grain freights to 1¼ cents on corn was well maintained, and the same figure was paid to Georgian Bay. The small supply of tonnage gave support to the new charters. Charters were: To Buffalo, Siberia, oats. To Port Huron, Charles A. Eddy, oats. To Midland—80,000 bushels of corn for boat not named.

CLEVELAND, O.—Coal shippers had a meeting today and decided not to pay 50 cents to Milwaukee this week. They are not getting any tonnage and the feeling is strong. The docks are still in bad shape. It takes about five days on the average for a boat to be unloaded. Duluth, Ashland and Superior offering for boats to load next week, and there are 1,000,000 bushels of grain for lots loading in the market at Port Arthur.

Vessel Movements.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Shaw.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Louisiana.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived—Chisholm.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Departed—Robert Packer, Escanaba.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Cleared—Kennebec, Duluth; Cranage, Buffalo.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Arrived—Falcon, Davidson. Cleared—Vulcan, Escanaba.

LORAIN, O.—Cleared—Coal—Craig, Redington, Duluth. Light—Grace Holland, Marquette.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Down—Hazy, Peerless, Harsehl. Coal—Lake Michigan, Ogdensburg.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Miami, Mosher, Robers, Judd, Mont Blanc, Montana. Departed—Coal—Blanchard, Racine. Light—128, Duluth.

FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Coal—Corruton, Black Rock. Cleared—Coal—Alva, Ashland; Majestic, Duluth. Light—Harvey Brown, Two Harbors.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived — Rockefeller. Cleared—Fryer, City of Pioneer, Duluth; Chittenango, Angeline, Ashtabula; McGregor, 118, Cleveland.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Wagner, Fayette Brown, Grimsby, Conneaut; Coal—Whitney, Portage; Schuck, Oglebay, Duluth. Light—Waldo, Duluth.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Rhoda Emily, Bacon. Cleared—Lumber—Fred Kelley, Toledo; Earthenware, Astec, London, Cleveland; Mitchell, South Chicago.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Iron Queen, New Orleans, Mecosta. Cleared—Coal—New Orleans, Fuebio, Milwaukee. Light—Omaha, Chicago; Empire City, Duluth; Holden, Superior.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Grandwick. Cleared City of Cleveland, Joliet, Bessemer, Veronica. One Hundred One, Pope, Lake Erie ports; H. E. Decker, Marquette; Quick, Ohio.

TWO HARBORS, Minn.—Arrived—Mars, Hartnell, Cartagena, Mallston, Manilla, Bangor, Mary Elphicka, Arcadia, Parkhurst, Yale, Amasonas, Fryer, Abyssinia, Lake Erie ports.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Colonel, Ionia, Ranney, Alfred Mitchell, Pabst, N. Mills, Armenia, Chestnut. Coal—Coal, Ashtabula; Hartnell, Oglebay, T. Hutchinson, George Owen, Duluth; Kaliyuga, Marquette.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Santiago, Appomattox, Ed Smith, F. P. Wright, Gladstone, Kirby, Spencer, Elphicke. Departed—Reynolds, Nicaragua, Sevona, Lake Erie, grain; H. Peavey, Samuel Mitchell and consort, Bulgaria, Algeria, George Stone, Lake Erie, ore; Worthington and consorts, Martin, Lake Erie, lumber; Harmonia, Carnegie, Duley, Two Harbors, ore; Harbors, light; Linden, Ashland, light; Troy, Lake Erie, mdse.; S. C. 86, South Chicago, light.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich., Up — Manhattan, 9:30 last night; Delaware, 7:30; Wells, 1:30; Folsom, Mitchell, 8; Rust, 9; Northland, 1:20 p. m.; Peavey, 3:15; Spencer, 5:30; Pere Marquette 17, 7; Merrimac, 7:30; Niagara, 1stern 8:30.

Down—Edwards, Golden Age, 9:20 last night; Langdon, 9:40; Chemung, 11:40; Commodore, 11:50; Jesse Spalding, 12:30 a. m.; Starke, 1:30; Superior City, Fritz, Crawford, 2:30; Conestoga, 3:30; Torpedo, 4:15; Vulcan, 5:20; Nisco, 10:50; Kearsarge, 11:15; Cumberland and consort, 11:40; Hadley, 12:10 p. m.; Queen of West, Sage, 12:30; Parks Foster, 12:40; Fitzhugh, 2:30; Cuba, 4:50; Sicken and consorts, Philip Minch, 5:30; Lycoming, 6:30; Ottawa, 6:20; Averell, 7:40. Wind, west, six miles. Cloudy; smoky; heavy rain.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Schuylkill, 9:30 last night; Italia, Amazon, Matoa, Whitworth, 11:30; Colgate, whaleback, 2; Manhattan, 8; Princeton, Carrington, 3:50; Pathfinder, 11:20; Oliver, noon; Maritana, Russell, Neshoto, 1 p. m.; Fresco, Jeanette, 2:20; Rosemount, Melrose, Selkirk, Leland Montgomery, Malone, 3:20; Superior City, Mala, 4:20; William Palmer, 5:20; Robert Dodds, 8:40; Arcti Vinyah, 7; Houghton, Marshall, Manitoba, 8; Mitwaukee, 9:40; Miami, 4; Captain Wilson, 7:30; Albright, Roby, 8:30; Sanilac, Grover C. Pantha, Massasoit, Edenborn, Bell, 10:30; United Empire, 11:30; Jupiter, noon; Northern Light, 12:40 p. m.; Cornell, Marquis, 1:30; Caldfield, Harlum, 2; Reiss, Dorsevaux, Wallace, Ashland, 3:20; Ogemaw, Darley, Wilcox, 4:30; Hoyt, Neilson, J. C. Gilchrist, 5; La Salle and whaleback, America, Tyrone, 7:30.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Schiesinger, 9:15 last night; Faustin, 9:40; Thomas Palmer, 10:40; Stewart and barges, 12:10 a. m.; Queen City, 1:20; Lagonda, 2; Menkshanon, 3; Massachusetts, 3:15; Toltec and consort, 3:30; Morley, 3:40; Hill [steel], 4; Cadex, 5; Saxon and whaleback, 9; Sauber, 9:15; Rensselaer, 9:50; Forbes and consort, 10:15; Siemens, Corliss, 11; Roman and whaleback, 11:20; Crescent City, Mexico and whaleback, 12:10 p. m.; Sheriffs, Mowatt, 12:40; Ellwood and whaleback, Phenix, Hill [wood], 1; Nyanza, Grecian and whaleback, 1:30; Admiral, 2; North Star, Mahoning, 2:20; George King and barges, 3:40; Hancom, 5:30; Egan, Lewiston, 6:30; Fleetwood and consort, 8. Down—Martin, Queen of the Lakes, 9:30 last night; Rappahannock, 10:20; Miami and barges, 11:30; Thomas Wilson, 11:50; Mills, Chesbrough, 1:30 a. m.; Tampico, Astoria, 3; Hurd, Bliss, 4:40; Eddy, Pennington, 5:15; Manistique and barges, 5:50; Northern Wave, Buffalo, 10:20; Fontiac, 10:30; Venus, Carnegie, Meriden, 11; Whitney [wood], noon; Resolute, 12:20 p. m.; Frontier, Maricopa, and whaleback, Harvard, 1; Arabia, John Mills, 2; Wanaman, 2:10; Victory, Constitution, 2:30; Tecumseh, 3:10; Case, Quito, Fedora, Benton, 4; Meriden, 5:20; German and whaleback, George Peavey, 6; Myles, 6:40; Paxton and barges, 7:30; Lafayette, 8.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Mdse.—Starrucca, Vanderbilt, Buffalo; Governor Smith, Ogdensburg; A. Orr, Depot Harbor. Lumber—ties, etc.—York State, Cookburn Island; A. B. Norris, Ashland; Cormorant, Duluth; T. Moss, Elk Rapids; B. Barnes, Alpena; T. W. Fletcher, Manistique; R. C. Wente, W. J. Carter, Manistique; H. A. Richmond, Cheboygan; H. B. Peroue, Empire.

Cleared—Mdse.—Lehigh, Starrucca, E. P. Wilbur, Buffalo. Grain—Wyoming, Buffalo. Light—F. W. Fletcher, Sheildrake; A. Norris, W. J. Superior; Normandie, St. Ignace; Cormorant, J. H. Prentice, Duluth; Siberia, Escanaba; T. Moss, Elk Rapids; I. W. Stephenson, F. Hinton, Marinette; I. A. Olson, Cheboygan; Seaman, Empire; J. Otis, Menominee; A. Soper, Sturgeon Bay; Butcher Boy, Bark River; Lotus, Manistique.

SUIT BROUGHT TO DIVIDE BURNES FAMILY ESTATE.

Mrs. Mary B. Moore Begins Action at St. Joseph, Mo., to Recover Share in Property Worth Millions.

St. Joseph, Mo., Aug. 22.—A suit for the division of the Burnes family estate, estimated to be worth between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000, has been filed here by Mary B. Moore, one of the heirs, wife of General Milton Moore of Kansas City. A receiver is also asked for the estate, of which Lewis C. Burnes, President of the National Bank of St. Joseph, is administrator. Mrs. Moore claims one-seventh of about one-third of the estate, which covers valuable property in St. Louis, St. Joseph, and Joplin, Mo., and Leavenworth and Atchison, Kas. The suit charges Burnes with withholding the books and refusing to permit an investigation of the affairs of the estate.

The Burnes family has been prominent in northwest Missouri since pioneer days. Daniel D. Burnes was the acknowledged head of the family until his death, in 1867, and by his will he bequeathed to his two brothers all of his estate and also all of his children, with the request that the latter be adopted, reared, and cared for, and the estate be administered for the interest of all in common.

J. N. Burnes became the head of the family on his brother's death and continued in control of the estate until he was stricken with apoplexy in Congress. That was in 1889. Soon afterward the entire estate, excepting a part of the holdings of Mrs. Moore, were merged into a corporation. Calvin P. Burnes took charge of the corporation and managed it so successfully that its value had almost quadrupled at the time of his death in 1896. But Calvin F. Burnes left no will. He held in trust 375 of the 1,000 shares of the corporation, and since his death there never has been a division of these 375 shares. It is for one-seventh of this part of the estate that Mrs. Moore sues. Mrs. Theodore Winningham of Kansas City, a sister of Mrs. Moore, will also bring suit for a division of the estate.

GENERAL NEWS OF RAILWAYS.

Pan-American Tickets Cause a Complaint Against the Lake Shore and Nickel Plate.

Complaints have been filed with the Central Passenger association by competitors of the Lake Shore and the Nickel Plate accusing the latter of violating the association rules as regards Pan-American business. They complain that on the one-fare ticket the two roads have sold tickets from Cleveland regardless of the additional $1 expected. The attention of the association has been called, also, to the fact the cent-a-mile tickets are being sold on Saturdays, and the complaining lines say that this also is a technical violation of the rules.

Plan Vast Changes for Erie.

President F. D. Underwood of the Erie arrived in Chicago yesterday on his annual tour of inspection. Accompanying him were a number of officials of the road. Mr. Underwood has some radical improvement plans for the Western divisions of the Erie, particularly its Chicago terminals. If these are approved by the Board of Directors several millions will be expended.

Big Saving for Pacific Line.

It is stated by a Union Pacific official that the saving to the Southern and Union Pacific railways by consolidation and rearrangement of departments will make a saving equivalent to 2½ per cent of the stock of both companies.

Earnings of the "Pan-Handle."

Earnings of the "Pan-Handle" for July and for the seven months ending July 31, 1901, are as follows:

Month of July—	1901.	1900.	Increase.
Gross	$ 1,244,858	$ 1,166,295	$ 178,563
Net	463,426	369,761	102,664
Charges	430,758	306,978	124,780
Surplus	31,667	53,783	*22,116
Jan. 1 to July 31—			
Gross	$7,396,945	$10,849,900	$546,045
Net	3,059,250	2,613,600	445,650
Charges	2,165,944	2,168,726	*2,776
Surplus	893,306	415,027	473,819

*Decrease.

RISE IN BALTIMORE AND OHIO.

Common Stock of Company Goes Up Four Points—Intimations of Important Movement Under Way.

New York, Aug. 22.—[Special.]—A Stock Exchange rise of

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED — BATEMAN GANLY, who for the past four years has been general correspondent for foreign firm (to whom he refers), desires similar position with good house. Sept. 1st. Address care Joseph Belfeld & Co., 200-205 Franklin-st.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, AGE 23; office or clerical work; business education. References. Address E 522, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER OR collector in real estate or law office; experience and reference. Address E 548, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN; LOOKing for office work. Address E 402, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER; YOUNG man; exp., capable; A1 refs.; $10. E 568, Tribune.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY PRACTICAL ENgineer with steam or electric; address H. BAUMGARTEN, 447 Greenleaf-av., Evanston.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CHIEF ENGINEER; good references. Address E 459, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — LICENSED ENGIneer; age 24. J. PETERSEN, 358 Hoyne-av.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG JAPANESE, as general; trained. Address E 575, Tribune.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — AS COACHMAN AND general work; married; A1 references. Address E 506, Tribune office.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — FOR MEN, ALL lines. Stroup's Bureau, 199 Clark. Tel. Cen. 1358.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN; BRIGHT, willing; stenographic beginner; office help. Address E 564, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — STENO., ENERGETIC, rapid, accurate; modest salary. E 560, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER, young man; exp., A1 refs; $10-$12. E 502, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE and steady Norwegian young man to work in private family; speaks English; prefers, at general work; understands care of horses and carriages; careful driver; can milk; will make himself useful and handy. Address E 585, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF "GENeral store business" experience wishes to take charge of general stock, anywhere; A1 references and bond for any amount; any business proposition considered. Address L. RYAN, Inter Ocean Hotel, City.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED BUSIness man, with horse, to collect or office work; can handle advertising and correspondence; jobbing house or manufactory preferred. E 540, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BUSINESS MAN, GOOD references; like connection with lumber concern. Address E 541, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ADVERTISING MAN and general writer desires connection with publication; Chicago preferred. E 539, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ACTIVE YOUNG MAN desires a change; preferably outside, collecting, etc.; until 3; salary. E 591, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WILLING, obliging; work at anything. E 576, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY; general work; 3 years' experience; rapid penman; accurate in figures. E 510, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—GIRL; FIRST-CLASS; Swedish; general housework; small family; South Side. Address E 586, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG SWEDISH girl; housework, general housework. Call 6786 Madison-av., Ravenswood.

SITUATION WANTED — HOUSEWORK OR second work; best references. 4206 Cottage Grove-av., first flat.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS cook; 3 in family. 3040 Dearborn-st., 3d floor.

SITUATION WANTED—PLAIN COOK; COLored woman. 2910 Armour-av., 2d flat.

SITUATION WANTED — GOOD GIRL; GENERal housework in small family. Call 5010 Ada-st.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED — SEWING IN FAMILY; children's dresses and shirt waists a specialty; reasonable. 356 36th-st., first flat.

SITUATION WANTED SEWING; EXCELlent; city; $1.25 a day. 4047 Grand-blvd. MRS. WILDON.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—TO DO WASHING BY the day. A. R., 8190 Forest-av.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED INfant nurse; city or suburbs; good wages; refs. given. 4165 State-st., top flat.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED—BEST OF SERVANTS, with references. Woman's Exchange, 3310 Cottage Grove-av.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT YOUNG stenographer; railroad or newspaper work. Address E 519, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS STENOGRAPHER by bright, ambitious, experienced young lady; best references. E 527, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — PERMANENT; COMpetent lady; $60. Address E 525, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY stenog.; no exp. Address E 518, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — REFINED YOUNG lady desires to do skillful manicuring, chiropody, facial and scalp treatment; do the work at my home; highest references. Address Tribune office.

INSTRUCTION.

SHORTHAND—

This school supplies young men and young women to quality in the shortest possible time and in the most thorough manner for positions that pay from $60 to $50 a month. Our graduates are in demand; assist graduates without charge. The instruction is individual, thus enabling capable, ambitious students to make rapid progress. Ten experienced teachers are employed in this department. Only the best teachers, best system, and best methods are employed. Day and evening sessions. Fall term begins Sept. 3. Call or write for catalogue.

THE ATHENÆUM,
18 to 26 Van Buren-st.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES—
AUDITORIUM BUILDING (Congress Entrance).
160 BRANCHES IN THE WORLD.
Private lessons, private classes, conversation classes, literature, translations, commercial classes; no dredgery; native teachers only. Trial lesson free.

BUSINESS COURSE.
Bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, arithmetic, correspondence, business, law, and penmanship. Call or write for catalogue. Day and evening sessions.

THE Athenæum, 18 to 26 Van Buren-st.

LANGUAGE—THE BALTHAZARD MODERN system; French, German, Spanish, Italian, Spanish; experienced native teachers only; trial free; quickest results; 20 evening lessons, $6.

LEARN TO DO WORK AS BUSINESS MEN require it. Send for Kimball's Financial School, 118 Adams; superiority proven. Day, evening, and mail courses.

LEARN SHORTHAND AT ..... (EST. 1886.)
THE WALLACE HALL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.
(Day and evening.) 92 Dearborn-st.
Fall term begins Sept. 2.

CUTTERS, TAILORS, ETC.—TO TAKE OUR Superior lessons; cutting men's and women's garments course; lessons, book form. Droonberg Cutting School, 105 Washington-st.

PENMANSHIP, ARITH., GRAMMAR, COMPOsition; correspondence, theory; private courses; 35. BENNETT INSTITUTE, 438, 26 E. Van Buren.

MARY M. SHEDD, TEACHER OF AMERICAN method of singing; booklet free. Auditorium Bldg.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION, $5 MONTH [PUPIL grand opera singer]. 4305 Wabash-av., flat E. MRS. PEAKE.

WANTED—PEOPLE OF EDUCATION AND CApital to study shorthand and accounting with experts. Ben Franklin Bus. College, Unity Bldg.

JONES BUSINESS COLLEGE, DAY AND NIGHT sessions; 3 mos., nights, $10. 160 Washington-st.

GERMAN TAUGHT BY A QUICK AND EASY method by native teacher. 3040 40th-st.

W. H. HARMON'S SHORTHAND AND TYPEwriting School. Day and evening. 109 Randolph.

SHORTHAND, TOUCH TYPEWRITING, BUSIness course. Gregg School, 57 Washington-st.

DANCING SCHOOLS.

WALTZ AND TWO-STEP WITH LATEST glides; private and class lessons; $2.50. BENNETT, 438, 26 E. Van Buren-st.

WALTZ, TWO-STEP, AND ALL THE LATEST steps; and ballroom dancing taught by PROF. RICARDO, formerly of New York. 3147 Michigan-av.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

WILL PAY ALL CASH FOR GENUINE SEAL coat in good condition; bust 32, length 30 in. Address N H 352, Tribune office.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR CASTOFF clothing, etc. Address H V 426, Tribune office.

$5 TO $75 CLARK-ST. PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED — FIFTY SECOND-HAND WHEELS at once for country orders; bring wheels and get our cash offer. MEAD CYCLE CO., 355 Wabash-av.

WANTED—STANDARD DIAMOND FRAME BIcycle; gentleman's; give particulars. Address E 1 TK, Tribune office.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BILL CLERK—IN WHOLESALE DRY GOODS; must write good hand and be very good at figures. Apply Friday morning at 8 o'clock, 247 E. Monroe-st.

BILL CLERK—YOUNG MAN; THOROUGHLY exp.; age 20; $8. A. B. NYMAN, R. 46, 151 Washington-st.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—A young man, for manufacturing business, North Side; salary, $8. Address E 517, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN; MUST BE A1, $15. LYNN HOWARD, 134 Monroe-st.

BOOKKEEPER—BRIGHT, ENERGETIC YOUNG man, about 20; fair salary to begin. E 427, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER—A1, $12-$15.
K. WILSDON, 324 Dearborn-st.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN, A1; EXPERIenced, bright; $15. MILLS, 146 State-st., 4th fl.

CASHIER—RESTAURANT; MUST HAVE REFerences; real. $40. Address E 530, Tribune office.

DESK CASHIER AND BILL CLERK. ADDRESS E 528, Tribune office.

DRUG ORDER CLERK. ADDRESS E 545, Tribune office.

ENTRY CLERK—THOROUGHLY EXPERIenced, at once, by a wholesale millinery house. Address E 508, Tribune office.

EXPERIENCED BKR.—STATE AGE AND SALary expected. Address E 571, Tribune office.

JUNIOR CLERK—IN DRUG STORE; 1 OR 2 years' experience and refs. required. 4189 Halsted-st.

OFFICE MAN — GOOD, WHO HAS HAD EXPErience in private medicine business; must have ability to write "ads" and booklets and be able to take charge of correspondence; a good opening for a man with the proper ability; state age, experience had, and salary wanted. Address N H 102, Tribune office.

OFFICE MAN—BKPR., EXP. IN PICTURE frames, $10. J. MACDONALD, 134 Monroe.

ORDER CLERK—ONE WHO HAS EXPERIence in the gas fixture business preferred, and is competent to take charge of orders and wait on small trade. Address, giving references and salary expected, D 584, Tribune office.

PRESCRIPTION MAN—A1; MUST HAVE BEST references. Apply Public Drug Co., 150 State-st.

WHEN LOOKING FOR A POSITION FRIENDS help you; but their influence is limited, and they have other work to do. It is our business to find positions; we find, under — Employment Agencies." EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.

YOUNG MEN—IT TO 20 YEARS OF AGE, WITH good common school education, to work in stock of merchandise department in large mercantile house; salary $5 to $6. Address N H 261, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—WITH SOME EXPERIENCE IN amateur photography and a fair education to work in office and be broken in as correspondent; state age and experience. Permanent position. Address N H 258, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—FOR OFFICE WORK, S. WATER-st. fruit house; must be good writer, quick and accurate at figures; in answering state experience and salary expected. Address E 587, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—19, EXP. BILL CLERK, $8. C. BAIN, 134 Monroe-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

AMBITIOUS, ENERGETIC MEN OF GOOD CHARACTER AND HABITS WANTED. SATISFACTORY REFERENCES CAN SECURE EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE GENERAL AGENCY; NEW WAY; NEW PROPOSITION. THE ILLINOIS LIFE INS. CO., 134 MONROE-ST.

CANVASSING AGENTS—FOR HOTELS AND summer resorts; 100 per cent profit; $5 security. 5318 Greenwood-av.

CAPABLE MEN CAN EARN BIG MONEY BY selling New York Life's matchless 20th century policies and ins. bonds. A. GOLDMAN, general agent, 304, 100 Washington-st., 1-2; call in person.

CHANDELIER SALESMEN—OR GOOD SOLICitors; two. Address E 511, Tribune office.

MEN—TWO EDUCATED YOUNG MEN, ABOUT 25, to learn our business; must begin as solicitors and take responsibility if qualified.
GEO L. SHUMAN & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers, 205 La Salle-st.

MEN—PERMANENT AND PAYING POSITIONS for men who have had experience in selling savings banks. Address D 437, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — HAVE AN OPENING FOR BRIGHT ENERGETIC MAN WHO CAN FURNISH REFERENCES AND DEVOTE ENTIRE TIME TO A POSITION WHICH REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF ONLY A HIGH GRADE CLASS MAN; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE A PERMANENT AND PROFITABLE POSITION. CALL AT ROOM 709, 66 GOODRICH BLOCK.

SALESMAN—RELIABLE, EXPERIENCED, IN grocery business, by large house, for old established territory; good salary and commission, and permanent position to capable man able to sell the best merchants; state age and experience in full. Address E 446, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING—BY ESTABLISHed house; no technical knowledge necessary, but simply all around hustler of good appearance and address; first-class proposition; special contract; steady time required; references. Box Three, Detroit, Mich.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS, ENERGETIC, TO learn our business; good chance for advancement; want a man capable of earning $50 per week; references and ability required. Address L K 101, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—LUMBER, FAMILIAR WITH CITY trade, manufacturing institutions, contractors, etc.; give references, age, experience, and idea as to salary. Edwin F. Hartwell Lumber Co., 1234 Elston-av.

SALESMAN—EASTERN FACTORY WANTS EXceptionally strong salesman to call on general store trade in Iowa; prefer one who has for years must have clear road record; single preferred; expenses, salary, and comm. B 592, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—SOLICITORS—RESIDING OUTSIDE Chicago, to sell entirely new article; one that you can average $150 weekly sales; will pay $150 per month salary. M. HARRIS, Mgr., suite 55, 50 Wabash, Chicago.

SALESMAN $25 WEEKLY. INCLUDING traveling expenses; experience unnecessary; sell dealers only; permanent position; elegant line. Neville Mfg. Co., Philadelphia.

SALESMAN — CALLING ON DRUG TRADE, fine pocket side line. Call in a. m. Room 531 Stock Exchange Bldg., La Salle-st.

SALESMAN—A1, TO INTRODUCE NEW STAple article to the trade; only hustler wanted. Room 79, 125 Clark-st.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING DRUG SALESMAN. Address E 546, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—A NEW, ATTRACTIVE, AND UPto-date review of the 19th century given with a subscription to Collier's Weekly. THREE prosperous illustrated volumes; half-colors and half-tones. Any bright wideawake, intelligent person can earn $30 weekly on the above proposition. We also have a splendid line of books for salesmen. I. P. Robinson, 524 Rand-McNally Bldg.

SALESMEN—A PATENT HAS JUST BEEN OBtained upon cheapest yet best advertising devices. Wanted, an experienced man in each territory to market; all money needed for financing it already obtained; liberal commission paid to right party; no one without best references need apply. Address L T 194, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—A LARGE MANUFACTURING firm wishes to organize four good salesmen in every State to sell staple article to retail trade; we give handsome premium worth $3 free to merchants with each order of $5; liberal salary and expenses paid on each sale. Wholesale Dept., Suite 34, 184 Dearborn, Chicago.

SALESMEN—$5 TO $10 GUARANTEED BY SIDE line to salesmen calling on dry goods, grocery, and general store trade. Address, with references and territory covered, Kawin Mfg. and Importing Co., 90 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN — OF BUSINESS EXPERIENCE and good address; the right party will secure profitable employment and good pay. Apply between 9 and 12 a. m. International Society of Davis, 131 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—TWO EDUCATED GENTLEMEN, with ability, to handle an advertising book proposition; good pay; give experience and reference. Address E 567, Tribune office.

SALESMEN FOR PEN CARBON COPYING books and other office specialties; fine side lines; easy sellers; liberal terms; catalogue free. Model Mfg. Co., 15 South Bend, Ind.

SALESMEN — ENERGETIC, EXPERIENCED men only, to sell underwear and hosiery to best trade in Minn., Iowa, Mo., Kas., and West; state experience and references. Address E 500, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—BEST-PAYING PROPOSITION IN town; a premium worth $5 free with 100 cigars. MAY & MAY, 354 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN—IF YOU CAN SELL FINE GOODS, a splendid side line awaits you; no drones wanted. 407, 87 Washington-st.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED CITY CIGAR, with trade; apply with references; confidential. Address B 448, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED CITY, FOR BONDed whiskies; good proposition to right man. Address B 438, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO SELL ALL STOCKS FOR A1 company; salary and commission. Western Union Oil Co., R. 409, 167 Dearborn-st.

SALESMEN — SUBSCRIPTION BOOK MEN, good address, to represent daily paper; $75 a week to a man of energy. GLASS, R. 24, 132 La Salle-st.

SALESMEN—CIGAR, TWO, FIRST-CLASS, FOR the road; must be sober and have fine ref. Address E 108, Tribune office.

SALESMEN, SOLICITORS—CITY AND COUNtry; salary and commission. 814, 56 5th-av.

SHOE SALESMAN—IN CITY 5,000 POP., CENtral Wis.; MUST be GOOD salesman; state wages; give references. Address F W 30, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS — ADVERTISING; A1; TO WORK on 1st-class publication. Address K Y 127, Tribune office.

SOLICITORS—CAN MAKE GOOD MONEY WITH Van Order. Room 502, 21 Quincy-st.

TRAVELING SALESMAN [CANVASSER]—IN every State, to take orders for a new educational work. Address H A, LINAWEAVER, 61-63 Plymouth-pl., Chicago.

Boys.

BOY—BETWEEN 14 AND 16 YEARS OF AGE; must be bright and active; to such, having good references, an excellent opportunity for advancement is afforded; must live on South Side. Address N H 400, Tribune office.

BOY—ABOUT 15 YEARS OLD, AMERICAN; ONE that lives at home; must come well recommanded. Address E 223, Tribune office.

BOY—LARGE, ABOUT 16, TO CARRY BUNDLES and work around store; permanent position to good boy. Address N H 253, Tribune office.

BOY—NEAT AND CLEAN OFFICE AND ERrand boy, age 16; $3 to $5; exp. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

BOY—FOR STOCK AND GEN'L WORK; EXP.; age 16-18; $3.50 to $5.00. Suite 46, 92 La Salle-st.

BOY—OFFICE BOY; NEAT, BRIGHT, AGE 15, $3. Boylston Music Co., Fort Dearborn Bldg.

BOY—TO LEARN DRUG SUNDRY BUSINESS. Address E 547, Tribune office.

BOY — TO WORK IN DRUG STORE. CORNER Barry and Evanston-avs.

BOYS—BRIGHT, 15 TO 17 YEARS OF AGE, IN large mercantile house to learn our business and grow up with the house in our offices and merchandise departments. Address N H 259, Tribune office.

ERRAND BOYS AND OFFICE BOYS. ROOM 708 Cable Bldg.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Trades.

BOILERMAKERS—FOR ROUNDHOUSE WORK; out of city; must be competent. Apply Parlor O, Tremont House.

BOILERMAKERS. APPLY STANDARD OIL Co., Whiting, Ind.

BRADLEY HAMMER MEN—STEADY WORK. Aermotor Co., Chicago Heights.

CARPENTER WORK IN EXCHANGE FOR nearly new piano. Address N H 380, Tribune.

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST—EXPERIENCED, for compounding and manufacturing line of household remedies and staple preparations; state age, references, and salary wanted; applicant must be a registered pharmacist. Address N H 237, Tribune office.

COMPOSITOR—JOB; UP TO DATE; $12 A WEEK. Daily News, Beloit, Wis.

DENTIST—GOOD ALL-AROUND MAN; MUST be licensed. 1525 N. Halsted-st.

JOINERS, CABINETMAKERS, AND COACH carpenters. Room 620, 235 Dearborn.

MOLDERS—BRASS—IN LIGHT, WELL-VENTIlated foundry. Applicants will state age, experience, name of last two employers, how long employed by them, and when leaving same. Address N H 202, Tribune office.

NIGHT ENGINEER—$15; 7 DAYS; CORLISS engine; must be experienced. References. Address E 500, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—EXPERIENCED IN AMATEUR photography to work in stock in large mercantile house; state age and experience. Address N H 262, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—KNOWLEDGE OF TAR ROOFing. 508, 167 Dearborn-st.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

MAN—COMPETENT, FOR HORSES AND LIGHT delivery; send references. Address E 270, Tribune office.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—HONEST WORKERS WANTED. I can and will convince you at own expense that I have the best thing in, on, or out of the earth for the people. A line of articles, absolute necessities, handled by every one, that have no equal, that sell themselves over and over again. I protect my agents; they stay with me because the demand never ends and they receive benefits therefrom. If you've been nipped by fakirs, frauds, and sharks who advertise for quick-money SUCKERS and want to make an honest deal with an honest man, who never fails to do more than he promises, who has all the money he needs to conduct his business, to credit his agents, write to me and give me the names of five references that I may know I can safely trust you with goods to start with. No experience necessary, no capital required. Men and women, old or young, make more money selling my articles than any other way, and stay selling them, making money and friends always. A permanent, pleasant, profitable, and growing business. No fakirs need apply. I refer to all mercantile agencies to any bank or reputable business concern in Chicago, and before you receive any proposition I must know if you are trustworthy. THEO. NOEL, Chicago.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR LIFE; COMpensation $25 to $75 per week; the Fidelity Holders' National Union, an Illinois corporation with $1,000 capital, organized January, 1899, desires local representatives in every city and town in the U. S.; bonding feature secured. Address with stamp, positive necessity to every firm, corporation, and individual; no bond or investment; but first-class references required. Address Superintendent of Agents, 521-524 Manhattan Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS EVERYWHERE GUARANTEED monthly compensation on new map introducing indispensable proprietions; investigation. Notices business permanent; experience unnecessary; particulars, with 500 money-making secrets, one dime. RAYVELL-CHAPPELL CO., 53 River-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $630 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., X 38, La Crosse, Wis.

TWO GOOD APPEARING MEN TO CALL ON business managers in Chicago; something that appeals to thinking people when properly presented; only men who can become and close quick. Call Room 408, 262 Dearborn-st.

AGENTS—TO SELL THE HARLEV BURGLARproof ventilating sash locks; absolute protection for windows. Call and examine. Room 59, 92 La Salle-st.

A HARVEST FOR FIRST APPLICANTS; LADY and gentlemen agents to sell our newest novelty; exclusive territory given. THE J. A. PETERS CO., 709, 56 Fifth-av., Chicago.

AGENTS — QUICK SELLER; JEWEL CUFF buttons; retail 25 cts.; sample pair and terms by mail, 10 cts.; or stamps. Schmidt Mfg. Co., 514 Baltimore Bldg., 22 Quincy-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—FAIR WORKERS—JUST OUT, LIST of over 1,100 fairs, race meets, etc., and the latest novelty out, for 1901. Send for catalogue. Acme Specialty Co., 21 Quincy-st., Chicago.

CITY AND COUNTRY AGTS. AND SOLS., BOTH SEXES; INCREASED PAY; PROMOTION; BEST LEADER CONTRACTS. GOLD CO., ROOM 8, 260 CLARK-ST.

A MAN WHO KNOWS THE TRADE IN CHICAgo and can sell liquid floor wax and other floor preparations; good, reliable articles. Wolverine Wax and Oil Co., Flint, Mich.

WANTED—STATE AGENTS FOR THE BEST Twentieth Century medical book published. Liberal commission; quick seller. 618 Pioneer Press Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

MAN—A LARGE BOHEMIAN FACTORY WANTS able representative for cotton table covers, jute rugs, etc. Send reply to C. 2810, care of Rudolf Mosse, Hamburg, Germany.

AGENTS WANTED—IN EVERY TOWN; PLEASant work; good pay. W. H. DUNHAM, 1597 W. Madison-st.

$100 MONTHLY FOR RELIABLE MEN AND women; novelty photo buttons and jewelry; sample free to agents. Lodwick Co., Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS WANTED—MALE OR FEMALE—NO better specialty ever put on the market. Call or apply G. F. MORRISON, Room 25, 163 Randolph.

WE PAY $20 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO MEN with rigs to introduce our poultry compound. Send stamp. Reference, First Nat. Bank, Parsons, Kas.

STREET AND FAIR MEN—"THE WOUNDED Buffalo," latest street novelty; sample mailed, 15c; doz., 90c. Universal Supply Co., 134 Van Buren.

AGENTS—SOMETHING NEW AND WONDERful. Blue Flame Oil Gas Co., 181 Dearborn, Chi.

AGENTS—EITHER SEX, $40 A WEEK ONCE; portrait house; salary and commission. 8 E. 26th-st.

$100 MONTHLY; NEW PAT. METALLIC BREAD board; sample free. G. Forshee Co., Cincinnati, O.

Employment Agencies.

MEN—
Call at our office if you are seeking a position in large mercantile houses, banks, offices, bookkeepers, credit men, accountants, timekeepers, managers, floorwalkers, stockkeepers, private secretaries, correspondents, collectors, bookkeepers, tenders, voucher clerks, car record clerks, law office clerks, traveling salesmen, city salesmen, stenographers, typewriters, general office work, cashiers, correspondents, grocery salesmen, bill clerks, etc.

Watchmen, engineers, assistants, railroads, street car lines, janitors, flats, assistant janitors in office buildings, colored, wipers, men in feed stores, livery barns, bartenders, coachmen, factories, lumbermen, coachmen, men private places, farm hands, teamsters, porters, order clerks, callers, shipping clerks, assistants, meat cutters, electrician helpers, truckers, packers, elevator runners, carpenters, private detectives, foremen, etc.

STROUP'S BUREAU,
199 and 201 S. Clark-st., second floor.
Between Monroe and Adams. Tel. Cent. 1358.

MANAGER—EXP. IN STOVES.....$25.00
Bookkeeper, out of the city..... 15.00
Stenographer, Rem., R. R..... 15.00
Bookkeeper, No. W. Side..... 15.00
Stenographers..... $8.00 to 12.00
Porter, for So. Side club..... 12.00
Office and bookkeeper, exp. picture frames.. 15.00
Stenographer and bookkeeper, out of town.. 15.00
Bookkeeper, West Side..... 12.00
Young man for general work..... $4.00 to 8.00
Bill clerk, exp., age 19..... $3.50 to 6.00
Stenographer..... 6.00
Young man for general work..... $4.00 to 6.00
Boys..... $3.50 to 5.00
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
134 Monroe-st., 324 Dearborn-st. 92 La Salle-st.

3 STENOGRAPHERS, $15, $50, $6; 3 BOOKKEEPers, $15, $12, $12; shipping clerk, country, $10; stock boy, $3.50; office boys, $3.50; grocery clerk, $10.

Refrigerating engineers, steady, $80; engineer, $35; corner man, $15; gordon feeder, $6; cooks, $12; fry cook, $40; waiters, $30 and $35; head watchman, $80; coachman, $40; houseman, $25; porters, $20; bus boys, $6; bell boys, dummy boys.

No job, no pay. MORRELL'S, 146 State-st.

AUDITOR—TRAVELING POSITION.....$30.00
Cashier and bookkeeper..... 25.00
Extender, very rapid..... 20.00
Bookkeeper, good penman..... 20.00
Stenographer, Rem. operator, S. Side..... 15.00
Bill clerk, rapid worker..... 15.00
Entry clerk, from caller..... 15.00
Bookkeeper, good penman..... 14.00
Office clerk, North Side..... 8.50
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

BRIDGE THE CHASM—
The employment agency is as natural a bridge between employer and employe as is the jobber between manufacturer and retailer. We do not follow old-fashioned lines. Our system is new and offers you the most satisfactory means of securing a position. Our specialty is high-class positions—the kind hardest to fill.
THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY,
1007 Journal Bldg., 160 Washington-st.

MEN—TO LEARN THE BARBER TRADE. We teach the work in two months, present complete outfit of tools, pay Saturday wages, and guarantee steady work when competent; special inducements to applicants from distance; board included. Call or write today. Moler Barber College, 435 Wabash.

STENOGRAPHERS—TWO THOROUGHLY COMpetent young men; good salary. Call The Oliver Typewriter Co., 107 Lake-st.

OFFICE MAN—RAPID FIGURER, GOOD WRITer, accurate; $10. 740, 108 La Salle-st.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—MALE—UNDER 20 YEARS, with some knowledge of bookkeeping. Address in own handwriting, stating salary expected and references, E 448, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN; EXP. REMington operator; $8, $10; age 20. A. B. NYMAN, 92 La Salle-st.

STENOGRAPHER AND OFFICE ASSISTANT—Young man; must operate Remington and write a fair hand. Address E 538, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN, A1; REFS.; $15. MILLS, 146 State-st., 4th floor.

STENOGRAPHER—EXP., REM. GOOD REFS. Call Friday, 740, 326 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—EXP. FIRST-CLASS R. R. stenographer, $80. WILSDON, Fort Dearborn Bg.

STENOGRAPHER—SOME EXP., $7 TO START. RYE, Suite 408, Fort Dearborn Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER—RAPID REM. OPERATOR, South Side; $15. Room 911, 185 Dearborn-st.

STENOGRAPHER—SEE AD. OF THE OLIVER Typewriter Co. under Employment Agency Column TODAY.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 22, AS TYPEWRITER IN small office. Address E 556, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

AN INCOME OF $15 WEEK CAN BE EARNED in spare time or evening by any person able to write; proof sent free anywhere to those sending addressed envelope to Robert Grannan Mfg. Co., Box 227, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

ASSISTANT ADVERTISING MAN—BY A "TAIlors for the trade" house; must be bright and steady; good chance for advancement. Address N H 207, Tribune office.

COLLECTOR — $2 FOR 1ST 3 DAYS AND COMmission. 2108 W. 12th-st., 3d floor; permanent position.

COLLECTORS AND SOLICITORS—A FEW RELiable men; call a. m. 270 E. North-av., R. 4-5.

COLORED PORTER—WITH REFERENCES. Call at 9 o'clock. 271, 2 Michigan-av.

DRAFTSMAN—ON MAP WORK; BRING SAMples. 1201 Michigan-av.

EARTHENWARE PACKERS—EXPERIENCED; good wages paid. Address N H 382, Tribune.

JANITOR—AND WIFE FOR FIRST-CLASS 15-flat building; must take care and finish up hardwood floors and general work; good living rooms; wages $40; no small children; state references. Address E 534, Tribune office.

LABORERS—CHICAGO BRIDGE AND IRON Co., Washington Heights, Ill.

MAN—TO TRAVEL AND APPOINT AGENTS for our superb line of holiday books; $500 and expenses from now till Christmas; no canvassing. Expenses advanced. Write or call 900, 356 Dearborn-st.

MAN—REAL ESTATE MAN; TEMPORARY POsition. F. L. HUME, Room 1104, 135 Adams-st.

MEN—TWO, TO DELIVER BOOKS; MUST BE quick and active; well acquainted with city. First-class reference and bond required. Apply I. P. ROBINSON, 524 Rand-McNally Bldg.

MEN AND WOMEN—TO DO COPYING AT home; must write a fair hand; $5 to $12 weekly working evenings; positively no canvassing; inclose stamp. King Mfg. Co., Quincy-st., Chicago, Ill.

ORGANIZERS — FRATERNAL INSURANCE. SHERRARD, R. 50, 155 Washington-st.

PIANO PLAYER—FOR DRAMATIC SHOW. TO play pictures only; hotel and R. R. expenses paid. State age and salary expected.
NYE & CONNER, Rochelle, Ill.

SALESPEOPLE—MALE AND FEMALE, FOR A line of worth; specialties; profitable and sell readily; salary. 210, 34 Clark.

YOUNG MAN—TO PICK ORDERS AND TAKE charge of stock in cloak department of large house; must have experience; permanent position; state age, experience, and salary wanted. Address N H 254, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—SEVERAL, ABOUT 20 YEARS of age, for positions in shipping department of large mercantile house; must live with parents; permanent position. Address N H 256, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—INTELLIGENT, CATHOLIC, FOR responsible position. 634, 222 Dearborn-st.

YOUNG MAN—AN INTELLIGENT, INDUSTRIOUS.; $12. Campbell, 88 La Salle, Suite 33.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—8 VALUABLE ENGLISH PONIES; last seen in the pony ballet in "The Casino Girl" at the Illinois Theater. They will perform on the Masonic Temple Theater every day next week, beginning Sunday afternoon, Aug. 25. Reward paid.

LOST—DOWN IN CITY, A GOLD CHATELAIN watch, enamled in blue and white stars; also blue enameled fleur de lis pin. Return to 3534 Ellis-av.

LOST—ON I. C. R. R. ABOUT 5:30 P. M., NEW black pocketbook, with $10 bill and change; also Yale key; finder please return and receive reward. FINE HAIR, General Office.

FOUND—A LADY'S WATCH; SEND DESCRIPtion. Address L D 494, Tribune office.

LOST—IRISH SETTER, FEMALE. 3358 MICHIgan-av.; return and receive reward.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—
THOUSANDS OF SALARIED PEOPLE and families in moderate circumstances do their trading through our "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stocks everything worn by men, women, and children or used in furnishing a home complete, from "parlor to kitchen." Beautifully decorated chinaware given away with all purchases amounting to $5 or over. Established 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO., 2d and 3d floors. 217-219 State-st.

PERSONAL—NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY FURS at an enormous discount. Sealskin garments, $125. Send for invoice. New illustrated catalogue. Order now and have the benefit of choice selection and low prices. You can make part payment now on these goods for fall delivery. Reliable references and testimonials as to the results of our work. DAVID BECKER & CO., 90 Wabash-av. Telephone Cent. 2545.

PERSONAL—MANICURING.
FACIAL AND SCALP TREATMENT.
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'!
MME. BARTONE.
Suite 522, 263-269 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—DON'T WAIT IF YOU HAVE ANY idea of buying diamonds; during August prices are low, payments small, and time long. Step in and see what we offer.
LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 103 State-st.

PERSONAL—LADIES FIND 1ST-CLASS HOME accommodations and expert nursing during confinement in doctor's private residence. 279 W. Adams-st.

PERSONAL—WE OFFER SMALL INVESTORS the biggest and safest money-maker; full information free. DONALD A. CAMPBELL & CO., Security Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL — BUY WHEAT AND CORN ON present conditions; present prices look cheap; send for our book, "Successful Speculation," free. J. E. COMSTOCK, 325 Pradeer Building, Chicago.

PERSONAL—THIS MONTH FURS REPAIRED and remodeled at specially low rate; reliable furrier. HENRY KESSLER, 88 E. Washington-st., Room 48.

PERSONAL — SPOT CASH PAID FOR DIAmonds, old gold and silver; confidential. BREDT & CO., Room 812, 57 E. Washington-st.

PERSONAL—MRS. M. E. FRANCIS, COMPLEXion builder and hair tonic. Mme. Yale Wipe's toilet requisites. Suite 811, Venetian Bldg.

PERSONAL — ROACHES AND BEDBUGS EXterminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. CROSS BRICK FUMIGATING CO.

PERSONAL—BIRTHMARKS, HAIRS, MOLES, etc., removed permanently by electricity; guaranteed. HATTIE G. STOLHAND, 52 McVicker's.

PER

RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

...K. YOUNG & BRO., ...N-ST. Tel. 4405 Main. ...se, 484 and Oakenwald-av. ...Tel. 844 Wentworth. ...BLVD., one of the most beautiful... ...ment buildings in Chicago; ele... ...e interior arrangement, 6 rooms... ...edwoods, and white enamel; ele... ...eption-rooms finished in Flem... ...balconies opening off; hardwood ... these apartments will be rigidly ... tenants; only two blocks from ... trains and Indiana-av. electric

...-ROOM APARTMENT IN THE ...71 AND 77 E. 47TH-ST.—One of ...e and elegant high-class apart... ...city, finished in expensive ...interior; dining-room finished in ...p beam ceilings, bedrooms fin... ...bookcases, nonsolas, etc. ...AKENWALD-AV., corner Lake... ...rtments, every room has out... ...ay windows, finished in polished ...athrooms, etc.; $50. ...CELLO," 4569 AND 71 OAKEN... ...utiful colonial bldg., absolutely ...onstruction; rooms ...

...LLA," elegant colonial bldg., on ...rfield-blvd. and Indiana-av., 8 ...eautifully finished in hardwood ...finished in Flemish oak, etc.; ...

...W. S. W. COR. GREENWOOD-...PL., 7 and 8 room apartments, ...ation in the city, surrounded by ...gre lawn, trees, and shrubbery; ...l hardwoods; dinings-rooms pan... ...beam ceilings; rent $42 to $50 ...ts to first-class tenants. ...ston-pl., 5 and 6 rooms, ...team heat, hot water, newly dec...

...ENCE-AV., beautiful 8-room ...se in hardwoods, polished oak ...vestibule; $33, $40. ...ARLSWORTH-AV., elegant 8-room ...tifully finished in hardwood, ...verlooking Washington Park; ...

...of apartments and houses in ...ark, and all over the South Side.

...S ROOM FLATS, STRICTLY ...3 Calumet-av., 5 rooms, $20; elegant, ...60th and Prairie, 4 r. At 34-24 ...elegantly decorated, light, and ...ice guaranteed; 5 and 6 Prairie, ...d in mahogany, bird's-eye maple, ...swell buffet, drop beam ceilings, ...ishing finer in city. We have 6 ...all oak finish and floors. Possess... ...t Oct. 1. Also unheated flats, ...y, nurse or two rooms, $10 to $20. ...ER, 1065 E. 61st-st., near L.

...ICE—ELEGANT NEW 8-ROOM ...sh, mahogany, enamel, and oak; ...s and light; lavatories between ...rooms, consoles, mantels, tiled ...d stairs, china closets, large and ...ge; for sale on easy terms; occupancy ...adisas-av. and 4832-34 Indiana-... particulars at our office. ...TERFAX & CO., 204 Dearborn-st.

...T APARTMENTS IN CITY— ...ONLY ONE LEFT. ...$34. ...YSEE. FLEUR DE LIS. ...TH-ST. AND WABASH-AV. ...AND DOWN-TOWN ...NISH. MARBLE BATHROOMS. ...STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

...OM FLATS, ALL HARDWOOD ...d dining-room finished in burlap, ...ed, hot water; $30 per month; ...ation. "Janitor, 6041 Calumet-...

West Side.

...GDEN-AV., 4 R. ..... $12 ...5 rooms $14

North Side.

...GANT NEW 9-ROOM APART... ...t Hamilton-av., near Deming-pl. ...Belmont 1381. ...BUHMANN, 1281 N. Clark-st.

...HOUGHTON, 584 DEARBORN-... ...room apartment; sunlight every ...

...TO 808 E. DIVISION-ST., NEAR ...ve, handsome 8-room apartments; ...enances; $65. ...E & SCOTT, 115 Dearborn-st.

...D LIGHT 3D FLOOR, 7-ROOM ...ent, $22. 1060 Barry-av., east of ...

...V. MODERN 5 AND 6 ROOM ...enances; $30 to $35. 1731 Oak... ...ark and Evanston-av.

Miscellaneous.

...TS AND HOUSES ALL OVER ...RENT OR SALE. ...STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

REST—STORES.

West Side.

...E DOUBLE CORNER STORE; ...cality. 618 Blue Island-av. Lange.

...OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

...LE OR PART SUITE. 118, 140

...E, LIGHT OFFICE, 30x54, ...ss Block, 35 Randolph-st.

...turing Property.

...A S. JEFFERSON-ST., LARGE ...ER & CO., 155 LA SALLE-ST.

...T—MISCELLANEOUS.

...GE GREENHOUSE, COTTAGE, ...ated on Bond-av., near 79th-st. ...e of land. Apply to JEREMIAH ...ESTON, 3400 Cottage Grove-av.

...LDINGS, STORES AND FLOORS ...the city. Send for list. ...AKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

...T TO SELL AND WANTED.

...ENTRAL, 15-ROOM HOUSE; ...ern; No. 1 room finish; ...ear lots, horse and trap, or what ...se E 590, Tribune office.

...ARE AND UP-TO-DATE FUR... ...house, Dearborn-av. Address ...

...L AND HOSPITALS.

...CLUSIVE OFFICE FOR WOMEN ...R. DR. DENNIS. ...CIAN AND SURGEON, ...ASONIC TEMPLE. ...Chicago, who devotes the ...e to the treatment of diseases of ...

...ND SCIENTIFIC TREATMENT ...SES PECULIAR TO WOMEN by ...inless methods. Prompt relief ...ases taken WITHOUT PAIN. ...AIN, OR DANGER. Consulta... ...free. Private home if desired for ...ent with large, very sleepy dog. ...ent desired. Office hours, 10 a. m. to ...10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

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...hose Sanitarium has been before ...ublic for 20 years, and is comfortably ar... ...e before and during confinement. ...ants; lady and gent physicians in ...ndance. Terms, all accept two to ...ks. Elegant private accommoda... ...n need of personal care. Consulta... ...ation free.

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...HANNA, ...EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND, ...ROOM 32, THIRD FLOOR. ...9 to 6; Sundays, 10 to 5. ...DISEASES and ...women, by PAINLESS ...relieves the most obstinate cases in ...tate; consultation free. LADY ATTEND... ...10 to 2. SPECIAL attention be... ...confinement. Consultation free; ...ESTABLISHED 1857. ...USIVE office for ladies in Chicago. ...TICKET, 7 to 9 a. m. ...RESIDENCE, 3400 INDIANA-AV.

...URES ALL INFLAMMATIONS, ...eretions of kidneys, urinary tract, ...ases; a combination remedy only ...$5; cheaper remedies don't ...ent; send for booklet, free, if ...fails. HALE & KEMPLE, 135 ...ss. WELD & HALL, Elgin, Ill.

...ITE, 406 N. CLARK-ST., DR. OF ...rified class; careful treatment; con... ...experienced; elegant home for ...Phone North 246.

...FAIRMAN, 321 WELLS-ST.; ...ientific treatment of all diseases ...ulation and advice free.

...BLOOD DISEASES QUICKLY ...ured; stricture prevented in every ...; guaranteed cure. DR. SHERMAN, ...ONLY SIXTEEN MINUTES' RIDE. ...ONE BLOCK FROM N. CLARK-ST. ELECTRIC.

...SUCCESSFULLY, $5. DR. ...W. Madison-st. Advice free.

...SEHOLD GOODS.

...GOODS, USED 6 MONTHS, LIKE ...s mark; parlor furniture upholstered in leather; library furniture, leather seat, dresser in bird's-eye maple, oak; brass and bronze beds, hair springs, mahogany. Davenport in leather, parlor tables, Brussels and ...oleum, hallroom, massive oak dining ...; easy upright piano used 3 months; ...ctory. At auction, 653 N. Clark-st.

...ON CHARCOAL BROILER THIS ...ts any range or stove; bargains ...from $4.70 up. Orr & Lockett ...11 and 73 Randolph-st.

...SEHOLD FURNITURE THAT ...y furnish fine 14-room house; some... ...rely new; will exchange land or ...; Address E 464, Tribune office.

...EAP, IRON BEDS, DRESSERS, ...st mattresses, piano, etc.; must ...e of cost. 2224 Cottage Grove.

...RAGE AND TRANSFER CO.— ...ble, 24 to 2 tons. Office, ...t, Oak. 60. T. W. Philpot, Mgr.

...NITURE OF WHOLE OR PART ...state family of Michigan-av. Ca... ...2101 Indiana-av.

...NITURE HOTELS, HOUSES, ...WALLS. 381 W. Madison-st.

...WING MACHINES.

...ELDRIDGE B 2-THREAD, $20 ...ELDRIDGE, single thread, $10; ...$40 to $50; guaranteed to be the ...grade sewing machines made ...Machine Co., 49 E. Jackson-blvd. ...W. Mar. Machines rented and re... ...Call or 'phone Harrison 886.

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FOR SALE—
GIVEN AWAY. GIVEN AWAY. GIVEN AWAY.

On receipt of postal I will send you plans of 180 new houses, located on Morgan, West, and other business and in suburbs; for sale on monthly payments of from $8 to $30, same as rent. Very small cash payment required. Prices $1,175 to $5,000. Let your real estate pay for a home.
WRITE AT ONCE. CALL AT ONCE.
A. J. GROSS, 6TH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE.

A. J. GROSS, 6TH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE.
REAL ESTATE AND RANDOLPH-STS.
$1,962 HOMES SOLD ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS IN 22 YEARS.

FOR SALE—ARE YOU GOING TO PAW PAW LAKE? Boat leaves at 9:30 a. m. this Saturday. Grand sale of 200 LAKEWOOD LOTS. Easy payments; lots will be sold fronting the lake and on streets, together so one can have COTTAGE AND BATHING AND BOATING PRIVILEGES. CHANCE OF A LIFE to secure a beautiful place for a mere trifle. It is also the terminus of new road; every lot will double in value. 20,000 visit Lake Paw Paw yearly. Get your tickets from us. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—4 STORES INSIDE THE LOOP cheap; Stickney and Chicago acres; 10 years' time; 7 cors. on Wash. Park; no one can undersell me. NELSON THOMASSON, 86 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR LEASE—MANUFACTURING and dock property; large or small quantities; will advance money for building. H. H. WALKER & CO., 1004 Ashland Bldg.

FOR SALE—IN OUR REAL ESTATE DEPARTment we make a specialty of selling real estate at auction. E. GOODRIDGE & CO., 86 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—$825,000 PROPERTY; NETS 5% ON price; $50,000 in exchange will be considered. Address E 306, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—CENTRAL BUSINESS INVESTment; $2,000 cash, $2,000, less for term of years. W. G. CARLISLE, 40 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district, go to MATSON & ISELI, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—BUYERS OF REAL ESTATE, INvestigate offerings under my "New Method". CHARLES L. SCHAAR, 184 La Salle-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
Ellis-av., Russell-av., lot 33x100, large 12-r. brick res., used as two flats; worth $5,000; only $2,850
Ellis-av., nr. Grand-blvd., 6-r. modern brick res.; only $950 cash, bal. 2 yrs. 2,950
45th-st., nr. Champlain-av., elegant frame 2-story; all modern improvements; lot 25x125 875
Lawrence-av., nr. 65th, stone front, 5-8al. oak finish, 2 new furnaces, 5 and 6 rms.; rents $32 mo.; this is a gem and will stand investigation 3,950
Ellis-av., large 2-flat, worth $4,000; only 1,575
Evans-av., modern 8-r. res. on brick and stone foundation; only 2,500
Jefferson-av., large 8-flat bldg.; rents $96 mo.; 98 ft. 7,750
Morgan-st., neat 2-flat bldg. 1,750
47th-st., nr. Center-av., large store and 6-r. flat; no vacancies, but a little money will repair it. 750
State-st., lot 22x100, and frame cottage; only $600; for $5,000 1,950
22d-pl., nr. Princeton-av., brick and frame, 2 flats and cottage in rear; only 2,175
Dearborn-st., nr. 39th, brick 2-flat and brick barn; rented $24.50 2,800

DR. FRICKE, Park Ridge, Ill.

Rhodes-av., nr. 77th, 22x125, clear $100
Roman-av., nr. 52d, 2 lots, each 145
State-st., nr. Michigan-av., 2 lots, each 175
39th-st., nr. Thrasher-av., 25x125 725
Lawrence-av., nr. 69th, 24x125, clear 725
Will furnish either an abstract or guaranteed title with each; all assessments paid in full. All properties ready for immediate delivery. No exchanges to make. We offer the greatest line of bargains ever put on the market, as many are advertised. We solicit an interview with prospective purchasers.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—CHOICE INCOME properties close to express trains and elevated. New corner apartment building; strictly high grade; rental $16,000 per year; or will exchange for vacant property. New apartment building, 30 apartments, rents $12,000 per year; price $125,000. New corner 16-flat building, rental $4,200 per year; price $40,000; incumbrance $18,000. New 2-flat building, 6-r. flats, and 6 rooms, Prairie-av., two blocks from L station; elegant construction; rental $5,700 per annum; price $53,000; incumbrance $30,000. Choice new 10-flat building, near Grand-blvd. and 47th-st., 4, 5, and 6 rooms, strictly high grade; rental $8,000 per year; lot 100x126; price $66,000; incumbrance $27,500. Owners, here is a chance to turn your farms, unimproved or old property that is a heavy burdensome, for new, modern, choice income properties moderate incumbrances on the above at 5 per cent. WALKER & CO., 204 Dearborn-st., Room 825.

FOR SALE—YOU WILL MISS THE BEST OPportunity of this year if you do not get particulars of this great bargain; 7 per cent interest is the equal as a money-maker; over 15% on money required; is flats, new, strictly modern, all rented, $5,612 year; finished in hardwood and oak floors throughout; consoles, mantels, ranges, refrigerators, tile vestibules, etc.; corner, 2-story; south and east exposure; room to build 3 flats more; 10 minutes to Alley "L" station on Prairie-av., 2 blocks to Washington Park; small incumbrance, 4½%. This property is in very best condition and is certainly a bargain; will consider good clear property in exchange for part; investigate; no need to buy unless it is. For particulars inquire of ROSS & BOOMER, 1005 East 61st-st., near "L"; exclusive agents.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—IN WOODLAWN modern 6-flat building; steel construction; close to express trains and elevated; stone front, steam heat; interior in quarter-sawed oak, mahogany, white enamel, etc.; hardwood floors, mantels, hall trees, sideboards, linen closets, refrigerators, gas ranges, awnings, and screens; 7 rooms and bath in each flat; rents $35 per flat per mo.; moderate incumbrance at 5% per cent; will exchange for improved, clear, or rip vacant property. WEEKS & CO., 97 Dearborn-st., Room 825.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT HOME— 3360 LAKE-AV. 9-room modern brick house of 15 rooms; rooms on each side of the hall; RECEPTION GATE and make an offer; price $20,000.
ROBERT T. LEACH, 1000 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FINE HYDE PARK CORNERS— w. cor. Langley-av. and 50th, 100x125. s. w. cor. Calumet-av. and 46th, 100x125. Langley-av. corner is fine for small flats.
H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—UNHEARD OF PARTICULARS. Calumet-av., nr. 39th-st., w. s., 150 or 100x178 ft. 3&8 Indiana-av., nr. 47th-st., 20x161 ft. 82
Wabash-av., near 89th-st., 20x178 ft. 60
H. D. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—FINE KENWOOD CORNERS—ALL well located; the class of surroundings; frontages from 50 to 180 ft.; good depth.
TROTTER & TRIMMELL, 182 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—6-RM. 2-STORY AND ATTIC brick basement porch, etc., 12 r., Madison-av., between 53d and 53d; only $11,000.
J. C. LONG, 701, 115 Monroe-st.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD—FINE RESIDENCE with large, very deep grounds; $40,000 might be considered. Office hours, 10 a. m. to 12 a. m. to 1 p. m.

THE SANITARIUM— ...ISON-ST. AND DEARBORN-AV. ...HOURS, 9 TO 6; SUNDAY, 10 TO 2. ...CHICAGO'S OLDEST AND SPECIAL... ...and compounds of women... ...st form or gravity, without opera... ...ger; when others fail to relieve you ...fail on us; we guarantee possi... ...ly required.

...hose Sanitarium has been before ...ublic for 20 years, and is comfortably ar... ...e before and during confinement. ...ants; lady and gent physicians in ...ndance. Terms, all accept two to ...ks. Elegant private accommoda... ...n need of personal care. Consulta... ...ation free.

FOR SALE—$6,000 BUYS 2-STORY ATTIC brick house, 7 rooms, bath, hot water heat, mantels, tiled hearths, oak floors throughout, gas fixtures, shades, screens, awnings, cellar, stationary tubs, set range, etc.; lot 25x125 to alley; 3 blocks to Cottage Grove-av. cable cars and N. Clark-st. or Evanston trolley to Lincoln-av. and go east from Clark-st. or west from Lincoln-av. to houses.

HOUSES OPEN FOR INSPECTION EVERY DAY —GO AND SEE THEM.
S. F. GROSS,
SIXTH FLOOR MASONIC TEMPLE, STATE AND RANDOLPH-STS.

FOR SALE—NEW AND HIGHLY MODERN 2-story stone-front 6-room flat bldg.; 1 block east of terminus N. Y., elevated, Sheridan Park; just completed; rents, $35 month; price only $5,000; most favorable monthly terms. W. E. ...MAN, s. e. cor. Wilson and Evanston-avs.

FOR SALE—GREAT BARGAIN— ...ENWOOD—Lincoln-st., near Wilson-av., ...ern house; lot 80x150; only $8,500; ground alone ...orth price asked. McGUIRE & ORR, 101 Washington-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—
NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED RAILWAY. NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED RAILWAY. NORTH AVENUE STATION. ONLY SIXTEEN MINUTES' RIDE. ONE BLOCK FROM N. CLARK-ST. ELECTRIC.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN 7-ROOM ROMAN PRESSED BRICK AND STONE HOUSES. MAHOGANY AND OAK INTERIORS.

$20 A MONTH $30.
$25 A MONTH $30.
$30 A MONTH $30.
$30 A MONTH $30.

PRICE, $4,800 TO $5,500.
SMALL CASH PAYMENT.

ON ALTA VISTA TERRACE, BETWEEN GRACE AND BYRON-STS.

HOW TO GET THERE.
Take No. 8—Take Northwestern Elevated train at Sheridan-blvd. station and go south and west block to houses; time by express trains, 16 minutes; or to Grace station and go west to houses; time by local trains, 24 minutes.
No. 9—Take N. Clark-st. or Wells-st. cable cars and N. Clark-st. or Evanston trolley to Grace-st. and go east from Clark-st. or west from Byron-av. to houses.

HOUSES OPEN FOR INSPECTION EVERY DAY —GO AND SEE THEM.
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NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—LOOK AT THE NEW RES. NOW being built, s. front, on Wilson-av., 200 ft. from the lake, 1 blk. from elevated sta.; steam heat; elegantly finished; $6,750; only $500 cash, bal. $50 per mo.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—3-STORY BRICK DWELLING, 567 N. Clark-st., cleared; worth $10,000, for $8,000 cash if taken in 2 days; no agents.
FRANK KOCH, 209, 59 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — NORTH SIDE COTTAGES: $25 down, $10 month; West Side the same. SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—2-STORY FLAT BLDG. ON BINGham-st., nr. Milwaukee-av. and Western-avs.; will take suburban lot as first payment.
WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—RIVERSIDE ONE OF THE PRETTIest places there, lot 100 feet, good house and barn, fine elm trees, in perfect order; worth $18,000; can sell for $12,500 cash; terms, buy a home where flats will never come. E. C. WARE & CO., 140 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — WINNETKA; GLENCOE, AND other North shore suburban houses, lots, and acres. E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BERWYN; BARGAIN EXTRAORdinary 5-r. modern house, lot 50x140; only $3,350. W. G. ANDREWS, 164 La Salle, R. 523.

FOR SALE—BERWYN—MODERN HOME, 21ST and Home-av.; choice, complete; 6c ft.; see before purchasing. C. M. SMITH, Berwyn.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—TO SETTLE AN ESTATE, I HAVE 384 lots, 40 acres, on Lake Michigan, 1 mile from electric railway, three blocks from Illinois Central; paved streets, cement sidewalk, sewer and water up to the property; $65 per lot, or $600 per acre; $24,000, half cash, balance to suit purchaser; $12,000 would handle these lots. I can sell them at a profit of $75,000; am willing to divide profits with purchaser; I have 20 years' experience in Chicago real estate; property shown to parties having the necessary capital. Address F 370, Tribune office.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—AT LAKE GENEVA, THE NEWport of the West, the choicest of west front shore lots; unrivaled surroundings; ten minutes from station; hardest water, electric lights, lowest prices; two syndicates will be formed to develop Lake Geneva property; one of ten individual shares, $3,000 each, and one of four individual shares, $9,000 each. For plats, books, etc., inquire of A. BUCKINGHAM CHANDLER, 116 Dearborn-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—CLEAR IMPROVED, FLAT BUILDing, for modern stone front residence, 15 rooms, on Dearborn-av., worth $15,000, near Division-st.; will take $8,000 in exchange; owners only. Taylor Land Co., 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—WEST SIDE IMPROVED OR VAcant; 3c street fare; amt. $10,000 or less; can make quick, clear deal. Address F 369, Tribune office.

WANTED—RESIDENCE, 3 ROOMS, MODERN, south of 43d-st., east of Michigan-av., north of 47th-st.; for 50 feet on both streets; must be in Woodlawn. A. H. KINKAID & CO., 107 Dearborn.

WANTED—A SMALL FARM IN DU PAGE CO., Ill.; will give as part payment Chicago property and some hotel furniture. Address E 585, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO SELL OR EXCHANGE YOUR property quick or buy a farm in any part of the country; see us TO-DAY. 115 Dearborn-st.

WANTED — HIGH-GRADE INCOME, MANFG., or down-town property for high-class vacant and cash. Address E 434, Tribune office.

WANTED—NICE, SMALL, MODERN RESIdence, on Calumet or Prairie-av., between 42d and 51st. Address E 435, Tribune office.

WANTED—DOWN-TOWN PROPERTY; HAVE $46,000, clear; vacant, and for good trade would add more. Address E 382, Tribune office.

WANTED—LOCATION FOR GENERAL STORE, country town. Address E 70, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—

NEW STONE AND PRESSED BRICK HOUSES ON NORTHWESTERN ELEVATED.

House contains 7 rooms and every modern improvement; adjoins lake, in best residence district on North Side. Will take clear lot worth up to $1,000 as part payment.

Call or address M. D. FENNO, 1265 Sheridan-drive, one block south of Sheridan-drive station of Northwestern Elevated.

EXCHANGE—FINE 2-STORY AND B., 2 FLATS; nearest paved, stone walk; rents $56 per month; want farm, 40 to 100 acres; must be cheap, for cash, near town, 40 or less miles out. Address N K 50, Tribune office.

FOR EXCHANGE—50x150 AND 12-R. FRAME brick business house, 11th ward; small loan; low rate. Take vacant or improved, 1st P., for $6,000 equity. J. C. LONG, 701, 115 Monroe-st.

EXCHANGE—FINE NORTH SIDE BUILDING, always rented; good location; $130,000; will take one-half in good vacant, balance to suit; can follow all. E. C. WARE & CO., 140 Dearborn-st.

WANTED—CHOICE VACANT OR IMPROVED lots for $22,000 equity in elegant 12-flat bldg. near Washington Park and Alley L sta.; rents $4,200. C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

EXCHANGE—NEW 3-STORY FLAT BLDG., N. W. side, near Met. L; $3,500 equity for part cash, balance clear vacant or improved. Address E 513, Tribune office.

EXCHANGE—CLEAR $7,500 AUSTIN RESIdence for north shore equity; will add cash for clear residence. Address E 550, Tribune office.

WANTED—STORE OR BUS. PROPERTY FOR clear thirty-five flats; will assume. REGELIN, JENSON & CO., 103 Washington-st.

TO EXCHANGE—LOTS AT LAKEVIEW FOR A good equity. F. A. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

EXCHANGE—BERWYN HOME OR LOTS; Downer's Grove home; 160 or 320 Nebraska; all or part; want city. R. C. HARDING, 1106 Tacoma.

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MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made.
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ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate and mortgages; no delay.
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5% —REAL ESTATE LOANS— 5½%.
No commission—no attorney's fees.
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We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates.
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WHY NOT BUILD A HOME ON THAT LOT OF yours? We put it up complete and furnish the money; 100 sets of plans; payments like rent. CASE & PADDOCK, Contractors, 115 Dearborn-st.

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LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

REAL ESTATE LOANS IN ANY AMOUNTS AT lowest rates on approved real estate security; prepayment privileges.
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HART & FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

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LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, bankers, 73 Dearborn.

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WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES— Building loans.
HENRY A. KNOTT & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—MORTGAGES AND MASTERS' CERtificates for sale. Apply to WILLIAM W. WEARE, 280, 84 Van Buren-st.

BUILDING LOANS A SPECIALTY—CALL BEfore arranging loan and get our offer.
JOHN P. MARSH & CO., 118 Monroe-st.

WANTED—$150, 2D MORTGAGE ON EACH, 2-story flats; 1st, $900, due 1906; value $2,800 each; liberal commission. Address E 528, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—6% GOLD MORTGAGES, $2,000, $3,000, $5,000, $7,500, $10,000. 145 La Salle-st.

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MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago and suburban property at 5c and 5½ per cent, according to security; liberal prepayment privileges if desired.

Building loans a specialty.
Prompt attention given to applications.
ROSE & COMPANY, 106 Dearborn-st.

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ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY, from 4 to 6 per cent, according to amount of security.
MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON approved Chicago real estate security.
KNIGHT & DAVIS, 127 Clark-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

WESTERN STATE BANK, 95 La Salle-st. and Washington-sts., Loans made on Chicago real estate.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE: LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBurban real estate, reparable monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 84 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—$1,500 FIRST GOLD MORTGAGE; 5 yrs., 6 per cent; brick property, worth double. Address O 130, Tribune office.

TO LOAN—5 PER CENT. ANY SUM; BUILDing loans we pass on security; no delay.
EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

McLANE & GUNN, 100 WASHINGTON-ST.—Real estate loans; we pass on security; no delay; small expense; building loans made.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTate at 5 and 6 per cent interest. WALTER T. DWIGHT & CO., 93 Washington-st.

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$40 TO $40,000
LOAN
YOU
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ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE,
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OPEN EVERY EVENING.
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LIFE INS. POLICIES PURCHASED—LOANS on some 6%; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies discounted 6%; give higher cash and loan value than companies. Real estate loans, 4 to 6 per cent. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st.

SALARY LOANS QUICK.
No indorser or mortgage.
Confidential and courteous treatment.
Best terms and easy payments.
J. A. BREWER & CO., 34 Adams-st., Suite 23.

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LOANS TO ALL CLASSES OF SALARIED PEOple; low rates, easy payments; quick results; confidential; call or write. Railway Employes' Supply Co., R. 501, 305 Dearborn-st.

SALARIED PEOPLE, RETAIL MERCHANTS, boarding-house keepers, others; can get furnished money without security; easy payments. TULMAN, 1622 Masonic Temple.

SNUG FORTUNES MADE FROM INVESTments in city lots. Write for information, free. DONALD A. CAMPBELL & CO., Security Bldg., Chicago.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE HOLDing permanent positions with responsible concerns on their own names at half rates; amounts and payments to suit. Lutz & Co., 301 Atwood Bldg.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED EMPLOYES without mortgage; without indorsers; quickly, quietly; easy rates, easy payments.
E. M. BENNETT & CO., Suite 21, 84 Adams-st.

SALARY LOANS—QUIETLY; HALF RATE; NO trouble if you call on us with me. Room 230, 148 La Salle-st., cor. Madison.

I BUY GOOD NOTES. ALSO
Advance money to pay taxes and interest.
HOMER FOREMAN, Tacoma Bldg.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS MONEY TO HONEST salaried people, shop and factory hands, railroad employes, etc. 304, 145 La Salle-st.

YOU CAN GET ALL THE MONEY YOU NEED by asking for it; quick and WAY DOWN COST, if employed. PECK, 215 Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE PARTY LOANS SALARIED EMployes; reasonable rate. 702, 163 Dearborn-st.

YOUNG MAN SALARY $20 WANTED $50 on personal note. Address E 514, Tribune office.

PRIVATE PARTY WILL LOAN HONEST SALaried employes. Room 77, 163 Randolph-st.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO, CALL ON
ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.
You can borrow any amount you want on EASY TERMS, AT LOWEST RATES, ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL. ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.
Payments arranged to suit convenience of borrower; partial payments can be made at any time, reducing interest and principal.
No charge taken out in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash.
You can deal with us quickly, privately, satisfactorily, and confidentially.
It will be to your advantage to call at my office before borrowing elsewhere.
ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901. TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2721.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
IF SO, YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH AT 6% PER CENT TO SUIT THE FOLLOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY, ILL.:
HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE PROPERTY NOW IN YOUR POSSESSION; YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY. LOANS TO BE PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER. PARTIAL PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN. THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON YOUR MOVING. WE CHARGE NO FEE OR CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF LOAN IN CASH.
MAIN OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 79 DEARBORN-ST., ROOMS 216 AND 217

HOOVER OFFERS A "GOOD THING."

Would Give Seventy-five Per Cent to Collectors for Charitable Work.

TWO CASES DISCOVERED.

American Home-Finding Association to Get Less than One-fourth.

OFFICIALS DENOUNCE ACT.

Two instances came to light yesterday in which the Rev. George K. Hoover of the American Home-Finding association has offered individuals 75 per cent of all the money they would collect for the association. Two persons whom he approached with this offer have signified their willingness to testify to the fact. The extraordinary liberality of the commission caused these two people to wonder at the offer. Both applied to the same man, who is engaged in charitable work in the city, and were advised not to accept it.

The charity officials denounce this act of the Rev. Mr. Hoover, pointing out that he was willing to allow individuals to profit by all but 25 per cent of the money contributed to charity, as they would suppose. The charity was not even to receive 25 per cent.

Hoover's Liberal Proposition.

Mr. Hoover made a proposition to an Indiana man that he should go out on the road as a representative of the Home-Finding association. Out of the money he collected he was to pay his railroad expenses and his hotel bills, and after that deduct 75 per cent for himself. The association would receive the other 25 per cent, but, of course, it would be short of 25 per cent of the total money collected.

The Indiana man happened to have a brother in Chicago who was interested in charities here. He wrote to this brother asking about Mr. Hoover and his work. The reply he received was not encouraging, and he decided not to accept the offer, although he saw the possibility of making money at a rapid rate.

Woman Receives Offer.

A Chicago woman who asks that her name be not used has written a letter to a man interested in the Hoover investigation, in which she says Mr. Hoover visited her last August and made her an offer of 75 per cent of all the money she could collect for his association. The writer is a woman of unquestioned reputation, and the letter, if used as evidence against Mr. Hoover, will have considerable weight.

"What will the public think of charitable methods like these?" asked a charity official. "Are the people who give money to the poor willing that 75 per cent of it should go to the individual who collects it from them? Is it their purpose to give three times as much money to the individual as to the charity, besides paying traveling expenses? It seems that Mr. Hoover meant to charge the people dearly for the privilege of contributing a small sum to the Home-Finding association."

Think Many Had "Good Thing."

No doubt is entertained by those who are trying to oust Mr. Hoover that he has had people in his employ who accepted the 75 per cent without saying anything and who were extremely grateful for having found a "good thing." They wonder how much money has been contributed to the Home-Finding association, if 25 per cent is all that is recorded in some cases.

DRAG RIVER FOR MISSING MAN.

Police Search Without Success for Body of Captain Edward Comerford, Who Has Disappeared.

Captain Edward Comerford, an old and retired sea Captain, has been missing since Wednesday night, and his relatives believe he has been accidentally drowned in the river. The police of the Desplaines Street Station dragged the river yesterday between Washington and Lake streets, but they were unsuccessful in their search. Captain Comerford, who lived with his relatives at 100 Osgood street, had been employed as night watchman at a factory operated by Corbett & Jackson, which has charge of the work of destroying the old Randolph street bridge. He was last seen alive standing on the scow in the river at 8 o'clock on Wednesday evening. Yesterday morning his coat, vest, and jacket were found lying in a scow near the docks.

Mrs. Marie Rame, 3013 Wabash avenue, is greatly worried over the whereabouts of her 15-year-old son Gaston. He left their home on June 28, and she has neither seen nor heard of him since.

WRECK VICTIMS IDENTIFIED.

Two Men Killed in Collision of Alton "Hummer" Recognized as Residents of Springfield.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 22.—Two of the men killed in the Chicago and Alton "Hummer" wreck at Prentice Tuesday night have been identified as Michael Nolan, son of Mr. and Mrs. Timothy Nolan, and Clyde Vandervoort, son of James O. P. Vandervoort, both of this city. The young men were employed in a watch factory, but the factory has closed for repairs and young Nolan and Vandervoort had left Saturday night for Chicago.

Patrick Nolan of Springfield, who identified the body of his brother, states he believes the remaining unidentified dead man is George Parker of Chicago, a son of former Police Sergeant Archie Parker of Springfield, now of Chicago.

DARING SAFE ROBBERS FOILED.

Attack Strong Box Containing $2,500, but Are Frightened Away Empty Handed.

Safe robbers drilled five holes in the safe door in the office of the Prudential Insurance company, at South Chicago, early yesterday morning. The strong box contained $2,500, but the men left empty-handed. It is supposed daylight came before they were ready to dynamite the safe. It was reported they were the men who held up the Baltimore and Ohio train, but the police do not believe it.

Games of Catholic Societies.

The Catholic Young Men's societies of Chicago held their annual field day at World's Fair Park, Sixty-seventh street and Stony Island avenue, yesterday afternoon. Although the attendance and the entries were diminished by the threatening weather, the contests were exciting. Summaries:

100-yard dash—Won by Alberding; Kelly second.
Relay race—Won by St. Martin's team; St. John's second, St. Edward's third.
Shot-put medley—Won by Frank Schmitts.
Broad jump—Won by Frank Mangold.
Three-legged race—Won by Fred Haller and Albert Meyer.
50-yard dash, women—Won by May Frey.
Egg race—Won by May Campbell.
Bicycling contest—Won by Adam Wiehn, Alex. Welche second.
Bowling contest, women—Won by Mrs. J. Welche.

Benefit for Bathing Beach Fund.

An entertainment was given for the bathing beach fund in Assembly Hall, the St. Luke's Building, last night. About $60 was received. Dr. O. B. Miller gave a review of the work of establishing bathing beaches, and told of the medical value of bathing. The entertainment was given under the auspices of the Boys' Benevolent association, Frank E. Dacona, President.

Pump Boat Boiler Explodes.

Donaldsonville, La., Aug. 22.—At Rapidan Landing the boiler of a pump boat owned by Loisel & Israel exploded, killing two negroes and injuring four others. The pump man, a negro, fell asleep and the boiler went dry, resulting in the explosion.

HOLD CROPS; PRICES RISE

COMMISSION MEN SAID TO BE STORING THEIR GOODS.

Health Inspectors Who Visit South Water Street Declare That Dealers' Tactics, Quite as Much as the Drought, Are the Cause of the Present Exorbitant Rates for Produce and Fruit—Charges Are Denied by Men "on the Street."

The tactics of commission men, quite as much as crop failures, are the cause of present high prices in fruit and vegetables, say city health inspectors who work in South Water street. They charge that dealers are sending stocks to storage warehouses, not putting them on the market. So long as the purchasers think that there is little on the market, it is said, they will be the more willing to pay fancy prices.

"If the people will just keep from being scared and will wait awhile," said Secretary Pitchard of the Health department, "they will find that things will come out all right.

"The merchants on South Water street have permitted these stories of scant crops to be spread and now they are trying to make good. On one visit to the warehouses I found them filled with fruit. The reports had been that there was but little in them."

South Water street merchants said that it would be impossible to store fruit for this purpose.

"The men who made such a statement have not watched the market in the last few days," said Joseph B. Earl of Earl Brothers. "Sales in fruit now are slow because of the previous high prices. Prices have moderated. No man selling goods on commission would keep them stored. He does not get his money until he has made the sales."

S. A. Haseltine of Springfield, Mo., was in Chicago yesterday on his way to Buffalo. His family for thirty years has owned the largest apple orchard in the United States. It occupies 2,000 acres.

"Apples will be unusually high this year," said Mr. Haseltine, "owing to the poor crops in New York and Canada. Unfavorable weather and destructive insects are chiefly responsible for the failure. There is nothing in the rumor that the Armours had secured a corner in apples. I have agents all over the country and would know if there were such a corner. I have already sold my entire crop for $54,000 and I know that not one of my apples has been bought by the Armours."

CAPTAIN S. A. JACKSON DIES.

Pioneer Lake Master and Friend of John Wentworth Passes Away at Kenosha, Wis.

Kenosha, Wis., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Captain Steven A. Jackson, perhaps the best known survivor of the great early lake Captains, died at the home of his son, Johnson A. Jackson, in this city, last evening of paralysis. He was born on Sept. 8, 1827, and a few years later his father came to America and settled in New York. The mother and the boy followed in 1839, and the following year young Jackson started his career as a sailor, making his first trip from Buffalo to Chicago. For nearly sixty years he continued his life on the lakes, and in this time he sailed many of the largest boats plying between Buffalo and Chicago. In the early '40s he made his headquarters in Chicago, and there he formed the acquaintance of John Wentworth, who was one of the boon companions of Captain Jackson for many years.

In 1867 Captain Jackson came to this city to make his home, and since that time he sailed many boats on Lake Michigan. His last vessel was the Evaline, which was finally disposed of by the friends of Captain Jackson to force him to leave the lakes.

OBITUARY.

ISAAC WHITBACK VAN SCHAICK, who represented the Fourth Wisconsin District in Congress in 1884, and again in 1888, died yesterday at his home, Five Oaks, near Baltimore, Md. The body will be taken to Athens, N. Y., today, where it will be interred on Saturday. Mr. Van Schaick was 84 years old. Paralysis of the brain was the cause of death. Isaac Van Schaick was born at Coxsackie, N. Y., in 1817. His public career commenced in 1871, when he was elected to the Common Council from the First Ward, Milwaukee. He was elected to the State Senate in 1876, reelected in 1878, and again in 1880. In 1884 he was elected to Congress from Milwaukee, and was again elected four years later.

JOHN P. LYON, a mail carrier, who claimed to have been the youngest soldier in the union army during the civil war, died at his home in St. Paul, Minn., yesterday, aged 56 years. He was a native of New Jersey, but enlisted in Morrow County, O., five days before his eleventh birthday, in October, 1861, serving through the war as a drummer.

MRS. CHARLES E. BLEYER, formerly of 1017 Lakewood avenue, died at the Edgemere Hotel, Long Island, N. Y., where she had been since May. Ptomaine poisoning is given as the cause of her demise, though she had been in poor health for some time. The funeral services will be at Milwaukee, the former home of Mrs. Bleyer.

CHIEF JUSTICE SIR GEORGE BURTON of the Court of Appeals died yesterday at Toronto, Ont., aged 82 years.

D. R. MORTLY, famous as the writer of the Ohio constitution of 1852, died last night at McConnellsville, O.

FOUND DEAD AT JACKSONVILLE.

Franklin M. Flynn, Who Weighed Over 300 Pounds and Was Once Wealthy, Passes Away.

Jacksonville, Ill., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Franklin M. Flynn was found dead late this afternoon in his room at a hotel. He was 47 years of age and death is supposed to have been caused by heart disease. He was last seen alive at 10 p. m. on Wednesday, when he retired to his room.

He was known as a man of eccentric habits. Late this afternoon his absence was noticed and the body found.

Mr. Flynn weighed over 300 pounds. He was at one time a wealthy stock owner and dealer, but in recent years suffered financial reverses. Family troubles came and for some years he has lived at hotels, seldom conversing with any one.

MAN AND WIFE ASPHYXIATED.

Bodies of Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Ross Discovered in Room in San Francisco with Gas Turned On.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 22.—R. T. Ross, a music teacher, and his wife, 50 years old and penniless, were asphyxiated by gas in their room on Jones street. In the hands of Mrs. Ross was clutched a curtain, and it is thought that she had attempted to reach a window and that Ross had dragged her back.

POSSE HUNTS WOODS FOR MAN.

New York Sheriff and Assistants Surround John Moran, Wanted in Indiana for Pension Frauds.

Watertown, N. Y., Aug. 22.—John Moran, aged 50 years, wanted in Indiana for pension frauds, is surrounded by a Sheriff's posse in the woods of Lewis County, in a wild and desolate section. Moran was born in this section and has spent half of his life in prison.

Potatoes Come High.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 22.—Choice Northern-grown potatoes sold today at 50 cents a peck, the price of two bushels a year ago. A single bushel now costs $1.80 from retail dealers, or about $1.60 when purchased direct from wholesale dealers and jobbers. Home-grown potatoes are small and of poor quality.

Mrs. Susan Field Critically Ill.

Oakland, Cal., Aug. 22.—Mrs. Susan Field, widow of the late Justice Stephen J. Field of the United States Supreme Court, is critically ill. She is a sufferer from heart trouble and other complications. She is over 70 years of age.

$13.50 St. Paul-Minneapolis, and Return.

Chicago and Northwestern railway, Aug. 15 to 21; 4 trains daily, 9 a. m., 6:30 p. m., 10 p. m.; and 10:15 p. m. Service unequaled. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

TAX LISTS CUT; ESTATES DIVIDED.

Board of Review Takes $3,000,000 from Totals of Assessors.

BREWERY MEN PROTEST.

Want New Method Adopted Till They Find It Would Increase Values.

LAKE TOTALS ARE BOOSTED.

When the Board of Review ended its day's session yesterday it had cut down the assessments returned by the assessors on fifty-four corporations, individuals, and estates over $3,700,000. A large proportion of the loss in assessable property was due to the distribution of a number of the large estates which had been assessed. The largest reduction was on the assessment of the American Malting company, which was cut from $1,155,000 to $810,000.

While the Cook County board was chopping away the Lake County board was increasing the assessments of some north shore residents who are in business in Chicago. The largest increase was in the assessment of H. C. Chatfield-Taylor, who had scheduled $48,150. The board made it an even $100,000.

Brewers Fight the Schedules.

The brewers of Chicago crowded the rooms of the local Board of Review yesterday. They contended that the only equitable way in which valuation could be placed on their property would be based on the output in barrels of the different concerns. It developed that by that system they were assessed at $4,800,000 two years ago, while last year they were assessed $2,600,000, and this year $4,000,000 under the present system. The board, after fixing the assessment of the American Malting company, reserved its decision on the other concerns. The reduction in the malting company was made because three plants were not being operated.

Reviewer Upham had a tilt with former Congressman George E. White during the morning, with the result that Mr. White's assessment of $50,000 was confirmed. He admitted that he had drawn over $150,000 out of his business during the last year, although it was shown that he had fought an assessment of $50,000 last year.

Some of the Day's Work.

An investigation will be made into the whereabouts of the property listed as belonging to estates and now distributed. It will be traced and assessed if possible. Among the more important assessments passed on and the changes and confirmations of the figures of the Assessors were the following:

	Assessors'	Board of Review
American Malting company	$1,155,000	$810,000
J. S. Ford, Johnson & Co.	150,000	97,597
Mrs. T. B. Blackstone	100,000	100,000
Estate of T. B. Blackstone	400,000	*50,000
Lycurgus Ladin	120,000	120,000
Walsh, Boyle & Co.	175,000	175,000
Rathbone, Hair & Ridgway company	30,000	30,000
Joseph Bletzel & Co.	175,000	108,000
Alexander Hanna	3,000	15,000
Hannah & Hogg	45,000	45,000
Estate Norman Williams	150,000	*2,725
Estate of Robert H. Law	100,000	Distribu'd
John A. Tolman & Co.	300,000	195,450
Chicago Screw company	200,000	97,625
George E. White & Co.	50,000	50,000
Estate of E. Harbeck	100,000	65,000
A. M. Foster & Co.	50,000	35,000
Butler Bros.	500,000	276,445
Butler Bros.	100,000	60,000
Smith & Barnes Piano company	150,000	126,000
Jacob Frank	150,000	5,200
A. R. Barnes & Co.	60,000	40,000
W. D. Messenger & Co.	65,000	64,000
Troy Laundry Machinery company	175,000	76,000
Junk Brewing company	60,000	40,000
H. P. Stanley & Co.	60,000	60,000
Mordan Frog and Crossing works	60,000	40,000
Clarence Buckingham	150,000	150,000
John H. Wrenn & Co.	200,000	200,000
Calumet Grain and Elevator company	75,000	60,000
Fred Herold & Son	75,000	17,547
George P. Ide & Co.	150,000	45,000
Estate of P. P. Higgins	4,000	Distribu'd
American Strawboard company	50,000	50,000
Joseph Higgins	100,000	40,602
Estate of A. M. Carpenter	10,000	Distribu'd
M. H. Berg	10,000	5,000
M. S. Edwards Manufacturing company	15,000	8,000
Estate of Joseph Turrence	150,000	Distribu'd
Illinois Car and Equipment company	25,000	10,300
Estate of John S. Dennis	50,000	Distribu'd
Estate of L. J. Eastland	56,000	30,000
Watson F. Blair	50,000	50,000
Wells & Gunn company	175,000	150,000
R. J. Richardson	50,000	20,000
Miller, Hall & Son	80,000	55,152
Estate of Henry N. Johnson	100,000	75,000
Walter Shoemaker	75,000	18,000
Murray & Nichols Manufacturing company	60,000	37,951

*Distributed.

GARFIELD PARK MUSIC TONIGHT.

Program Will Be Presented by Clarke's Illinois State Band—"America" at the Close.

Clarke's Illinois State Band will give a concert tonight at Garfield Park. The program is as follows:

March, "For Hunters" ..... Penn
Overture, "Pique Dame" ..... Suppe
Waltz, "Phyllis" ..... Witt
"Plantation Echoes" ..... Coates
Cornet solo, "Tell Me, Will My Dream Come True?" ..... Bramhall
Mr. Steven Crean.
a. "Honeysuckle and the Bee" ..... Penn
b. "Tale of a Bumble Bee" ..... Luders
A Hunting Scene"—descriptive ..... Buckout
a. "Zamona"—an Arabian intermesso ..... Loraine
b. "Mr. Thomas Cat" ..... Hall
American airs ..... Tobani
March, "Coon, Coon, Coon" ..... Friedman
Selection, "Harvest Days" ..... Von Tilzer
"Star Spangled Banner," arranged by ..... Sousa
"America"

MERCHANT ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

Sol A. Lasalle of Toledo, O., Jumps Into River and Fights with Policeman Who Comes to Rescue.

Toledo, O., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—The senior member of Toledo's largest dry goods firm, Sol. A. Lasalle, jumped into the Maumee River early this morning with the apparent purpose of ending his life. Patrolman Green was the first to reach the river after Lasalle had jumped in. The officer stepped into a rowboat and went after Lasalle. He refused to be rescued. As soon as Green was within reaching distance he was grabbed and pulled into the river, the boat being capsized. The patrolman beat a temporary retreat for shore. Lasalle followed him part way in, daring him to come back. Lasalle was finally brought ashore by Officer Tracy and his brother, Dr. J. Lasalle.

FORGED PAPER IN CITY BANK.

Receiver of Financial Institution at Andrews, Ind., Finds Bogus Notes Deposited as Security.

Wabash, Ind., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Receiver Wilson of the Commercial Bank at Andrews, Ind., has uncovered a bunch of forged paper amounting to nearly $3,000, held by the American Trust and Savings Bank, Chicago, as collateral for money advanced to James Key. There are six of these notes, which range in amount from $410 to $616. It develops that on these notes Keys borrowed $1,632.

President E. A. Potter of the American Trust and Savings Bank said yesterday that the amount of forged paper held by his bank with Key's signature would not exceed $1,500. It is a trivial loss, he said.

BUFFALO AND RETURN, $13.00.

Good Fifteen Days.

The Wabash is selling Pan-American excursion tickets as above. Four daily trains, with sleepers and free reclining chair cars. Ticket office, 97 Adams street.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Golf Clubs and Balls.

The opportunity for making selections from our most complete line of golfers' accessories.

Forgan's celebrated Scotch Clubs—Drivers, $2.50; Brassies, $2.50; Irons, $2.00.

The following clubs, being slightly marred from handling, will be closed out at exceptionally low prices:

B. G. I. Irons, 95c.
B. G. I. Drivers or Brassies, $1.40.
B. G. I. Socket Drivers or Brassies, $1.45.
B. G. I. Fork Spliced Drivers or Brassies, $1.45.

Golf Balls.

Eureka, "A1" Black, Sirdar, Woodley Flier, dozen, $2.50.
Ocobo or Scoto, dozen, $3.00.
New B. G. I., dozen, $3.25.
Coventry Agrippa or Forgan's Acleva, dozen, $3.90.

SCHLITZ

All over the world Schlitz beer is known and is the standard. In Vladivostock, Pretoria, Shanghai, Singapore, Bombay, Cairo and Constantinople it is the beer of civilization.

Schlitz beer has won the world's markets by its reputation for purity, maintained for half a century. Wherever white men live Schlitz beer is acknowledged the pure beer. Our pledge to you and our pledge to all nations is that never will a bottle of Schlitz beer go out until we have insured its purity; never a bottle insufficiently aged.

Schlitz beer, wherever you find it, is healthful; it is

WORLD-FAMOUS

and has made Milwaukee famous

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Three times a week from Chicago in Pullman tourist sleepers.
Escorted by experienced excursion conductors.
Second class tickets honored.
Travel comfortably and save money.

Santa Fe

Ticket Office, A. T. & S. F. R'y. 109 Adams-st., Chicago.

CORONADO

STATE PROCEEDS AGAINST ALLEGED WOMAN DOCTOR.

Board of Health Secures Summons for Mrs. Clara Lamber, Said to Be a Chiropodist and Magnetic Healer.

The State Board of Health has brought action against Mrs. Clara Lamber, 451 West Madison street, charging her with practicing medicine without a license. Mrs. Lamber is said to be a chiropodist and magnetic healer. Constable M. M. Jonas, who served the summons, is said to have told Mrs. Lamber that if she called on the attorney of the board she could settle the case for $50. The fine provided by law is $100. The accused refused to settle, and her hearing probably will be before Justice Richardson next Monday.

Moves to Dismiss Libel Suit.

Concord, N. H., Aug. 22.—[Special.]—Counsel for Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the Christian Science leader, has filed in the United States Circuit and District Courts a motion to dismiss the motion pending in the Circuit Court, brought by Josephine C. Woodbury of Boston to recover from Mrs. Eddy for alleged libel. Arguments on the motion will be heard at the August term, to be held at Littleton.

DYSPEPSIA

is not incurable as many people suppose. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters has never failed to cure the worst case. It cleanses the system of all impurities, enriches the blood, makes strong nerves and cures **constipation, indigestion, biliousness, liver** and **kidney troubles.** A dose before meals will prevent belching or sourness of the stomach. Try it and be convinced.

Creates a Hearty Appetite.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

GAS FIXTURES.

Estimates Furnished.

REVELL'S

Wabash and Adams.

FORT MONROE, VA., AUG. 7, 1901. SEALED proposals, in triplicate for sinking here tubular well 2,500 feet deep or less, will be received until 12 M. Aug. 27, 1901. Bids are desired only from drillers of well known ability, reputation and standing. U. S. reserves right to accept or reject any or all proposals or any part thereof. Information furnished on application. Envelops containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for tubular well," addressed, C. F. Townsley, Q. M.

Albums and Portfolios

For Preserving

Tribune Pictures

Albums - - - 50c
Portfolios - - - 25c

These Are Cost Prices.

If sent by express 25c extra.

For Sale at Tribune Office, corner Dearborn and Monroe-sts., or 284 Madison-st.

BLOOD POISON

In its many terrible forms is doubtless the worst of all afflictions. The disease has baffled the skill of the most noted physicians. If you are suffering from Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula or severe skin disease, an old sore or ulcer, or any other trouble resulting from blood poison, do not be discouraged because all your efforts to obtain a cure have failed. A positive and permanent cure, wonderfully quick in its action, has been discovered. It is the discovery of the

COOK REMEDY CO.

612 MASONIC TEMPLE, CHICAGO.

They have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. They will cure you in the privacy of your own home under a positive guarantee. Write them at above address for BOOK OF CURES and their 100-page book—the most instructive book ever published on this subject. The book is sent free. No branch offices.

Revell's Desks

THE LARGEST DISPLAY. THE LOWEST PRICES.

ADAMS AND WABASH

PROPOSALS FOR MILITARY SUPPLIES—Office Chief Quartermaster's Office, Chicago, Ill., August 5, 1901. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, August 26, 1901, for delivery at either the Chicago, Boston, Philadelphia or San Francisco depots of the Quartermaster's Department, of Chambray Shirts, Scrubbing Brushes, and Mosquito Bars, conforming to standard samples and specifications. Government reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Preference given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign products and manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Particulars and blanks for proposals will be furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be endorsed "Proposals for Military Supplies," and addressed to Colonel E. B. Atwood, Chief Quartermaster.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE LORING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

2535 Prairie Avenue, Chicago.

Certificate admits to Vassar, Smith and Wellesley. Bryn Mawr preparation a specialty. A few resident pupils received. Boys admitted to kindergarten and primary departments. School-carriage. 26th year opens Sept. 25th. Stella Dyer Loring, Principal.

GOTTSCHALK LYRIC SCHOOL. MUSICAL and Dramatic—L. G. Gottschalk, vocal; Otto Pfefferkorn, piano; Mr. and Mrs. Milhorn, dramatic, and others. Fall term Monday, Sept. 9th. Catalogue mailed. Kimball Hall, 3d floor.

EDUCATIONAL.

Business Course

Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Arithmetic, Correspondence, Business Law, and Penmanship. Good positions for graduates. Day and evening sessions. Fall term begins Sept. 3. Call or write for catalogue.

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